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Collector:

Web Link 1 (Web Link)

Page 2: A bit about you and your submission

Q1 Your name

Robyn Williams

Q2 Your email address

Q3 Please briefly tell us why copyright law interests you

As a Board member of New Zealand Society of Genealogists our members research and write up their family histories and use copyright material.

Q4 For the purpose of MBIE publishing the information you provide in this submission, do you wish to remain anonymous?

No

Q5 Do you object to your submission being published (anonymously if you have requested that) in whole or in part by MBIE on its website?Note: if you answer Yes to this question, when you reach the end of this survey, you will be asked to specify which parts of your submission (or all of it) you do not wish MBIE to publish and help us understand your concerns so that we can consider them in the event of a request under the Official Information Act.

No

Page 3: Question navigation

Q6 Which of the following subjects in the Issues Paper do you wish to answer questions on?

Part 4 (Rights) Section 1 - what does copyright protect and who gets the rights?

Part 5, (Exceptions and Limitations) Section 2 - exceptions for libraries and archives

Page 4: Objectives

Q7 Q1 Are the above objectives the right ones for New Zealand's copyright regime? How well do you think the copyright system is achieving these objectives?	Respondent skipped this question
Q8 Q2Are there other objectives that we should be aiming to achieve? For example, do you think adaptability or resilience to future technological change should be included as an objective and, if so, do you think that would be achievable without reducing certainty and clarity?	Respondent skipped this question
Q9 Q3Should sub-objectives or different objectives for any parts of the Act be considered (eg for moral rights or performers' rights)? Please be specific in your answer.	Respondent skipped this question
Q10 Q4What weighting (if any) should be given to each objective?	Respondent skipped this question
Page 5: Rights: What does copyright protect and who	gets the rights?
Q11 Q5What are the problems (or advantages) with the way the Copyright Act categorises works?	Respondent skipped this question
Q12 Q6Is it clear what 'skill, judgement and labour' means as a test as to whether a work is protected by copyright? Does this test make copyright protection apply too widely? If it does, what are the implications, and what changes should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q13 Q7Are there any problems with (or benefits arising from) the treatment of data and compilations in the Copyright Act? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q14 Q8What are the problems (or benefits) with the way the default rules for copyright ownership work? What changes (if any) should we consider?	Respondent skipped this question
Q15 Q9What problems (or benefits) are there with the current rules related to computer-generated works, particularly in light of the development and application of new technologies like artificial intelligence to general works? What changes, if any, should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question

Q16 Q10What are the problems (or benefits) with the Respondent skipped this question rights the Copyright Act gives visual artists (including painting, drawings, prints, sculptures etc.)? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q17 Q11What are the problems creators and authors. Respondent skipped this question who have previously transferred their copyright in a work to another person, experience in seeking to have the copyright in that work reassigned back to them? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q18 Q12What are the problems (or benefits) with how Crown copyright operates? What alternatives (if any) do you think should be considered? The New Zealand Society of Genealogists supports the reduction of New Zealand's Crown copyright from 100 to 50 years to bring it in line with Australia and the UK, countries in which our members have extensive research interests Q19 Q13Are there any problems (or benefits) in Respondent skipped this question providing a copyright term for communication works that is longer than the minimum required by New Zealand's international obligations? Q20 Q14Are there any problems (or benefits) in Respondent skipped this question providing an indefinite copyright term for the type of works referred to in section 117? Q21 Any other comments on Rights: what does copyright Respondent skipped this question protect and who gets the rights? Page 6: Rights: What actions does copyright reserve for copyright owners? Q22 Q15Do you think there are any problems with (or Respondent skipped this question benefits arising from) the exclusive rights or how they are expressed? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q23 Q16Are there any problems (or benefits) with the Respondent skipped this question secondary liability provisions? What changes (if any)

Respondent skipped this question

should be considered?

Q24 Q17What are the problems (or advantages) with the

way authorisation liability currently operates? What changes (if any) do you think should be considered?

Q25 Any other comments on Rights: what actions does copyright reserve for copyright owners?	Respondent skipped this question
Page 7: Rights: Specific issues with the current rights Q26 Q18What are the problems (or advantages) with the way the right of communication to the public operates? What changes, if any, might be needed?	Respondent skipped this question
Q27 Q19What problems (or benefits) are there with communication works as a category of copyright work? What alternatives (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q28 Q20What are the problems (or benefits) with using 'object' in the Copyright Act? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q29 Q21Do you have any concerns about the implications of the Supreme Court's decision in Dixon v R? Please explain.	Respondent skipped this question
Q30 Q22What are the problems (or benefits) with how the Copyright Act applies to user-generated content? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q31 Q23What are the advantages and disadvantages of not being able to renounce copyright? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q32 Q24Do you have any other concerns with the scope of the exclusive rights and how they can be infringed? Please describe.	Respondent skipped this question
Q33 Any other comments on Rights: specific issues with the current rights	Respondent skipped this question
Page 8: Rights: Moral rights, performers' rights and ted	chnological protection measures
Q34 Q25What are the problems (or benefits) with the way the moral rights are formulated under the Copyright Act? What changes to the rights (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question

Respondent skipped this question
Respondent skipped this question
acilitate particular desirable uses
Respondent skipped this question

Q44 Q34What are the problems (or benefits) with the exception for incidental copying of copyright works? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q45 Q35What are the problems (or benefits) with the exception transient reproduction of works? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q46 Q36What are the problems (or benefits) with the way the copyright exceptions apply to cloud computing? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q47 Q37Are there any other current or emerging technological processes we should be considering for the purposes of the review?	Respondent skipped this question
Q48 Q38What problems (or benefits) are there with copying of works for non-expressive uses like datamining. What changes, if any, should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q49 Q39What do problems (or benefits) arising from the Copyright Act not having an express exception for parody and satire? What about the absence of an exception for caricature and pastiche?	Respondent skipped this question
Q50 Q40What problems (or benefit) are there with the use of quotations or extracts taken from copyright works? What changes, if any, should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q51 Any other comments on Exceptions and Limitations: exceptions that facilitate particular desirable uses	Respondent skipped this question
Page 10: Exceptions and limitations: Exceptions for lib	raries and archives
Q52 Q41 Do you have any specific examples of where the uncertainty about the exceptions for libraries and archives has resulted in undesirable outcomes? Please be specific about the situation, why this caused a problem and who it caused a problem for.	Respondent skipped this question

Q53 Q42 Does the Copyright Act provide enough flexibility for libraries and archives to copy, archive and make available to the public digital content published over the internet? What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) this flexibility or lack of flexibility? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Our library is not a prescribed library and therefore not included in this section and if digitally transmitting in copyright content they are potentially in breach of the act.

Q54 Q43Does the Copyright Act provide enough flexibility for libraries and archives to facilitate mass digitisation projects and make copies of physical works in digital format more widely available to the public? What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) this flexibility or lack of flexibility? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Our society is only able to do this where it holds copyright on a work, or is given permission to have digital copies available through websites

Q55 Q44Does the Copyright Act provide enough flexibility for libraries and archives to make copies of copyright works within their collections for collection management and administration without the copyright holder's permission? What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) this flexibility or lack of flexibility? What changes (if any) should be considered?

This section needs to provide flexibility to make preservation copies (digital and hardcopy) especially when the copyright holder cannot be established or located for permission. It also needs to be extended for works for which the copyright term cannot be established.

Q56 Q45What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) the flexibility given to libraries and archives to copy and make available content published online? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q57 Q46What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) excluding museums and galleries from the libraries and archives exceptions? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Organisations who have research libraries are not afforded the protection of the Act when carrying out very similar practices as libraries and archives. Research libraries generally are community libraries which are operated for the education and public good and should be extended the same protection.

Q58 Any other comments on Exceptions and Limitations: exceptions for libraries and archives

The Copyright Act 1994 Sections 51 to 56 provides exceptions for prescribed libraries and the definition is detailed in S 50. S50(e) appears to provide for not for profit libraries. If applied literally this may appear to include us but we and other organisations in the course of our "ordinary" everyday activity may be called upon to act as "agent" for an individual who is afforded the exception of "personal research". Not having the protection of an exception to the Act makes us feel vulnerable when acting as an agent. As a minimum, provision should be made to allow a not for profit library or research centre ability to act as an 'agent' in making a single copy for the purposes of private research.

If we look to the Regulations - Section 4 (a) details that "libraries that are members of the interloan scheme"

Many research libraries being operated by charities throughout New Zealand are not members of the interloan scheme and it may not be in the interests of such libraries to belong. Members of the public have recourse to public libraries if they wish to take advantage of an interloan scheme.

The New Zealand Society of Genealogists (NZSG) is a registered charity and a voluntary organisation with 5000 members nationwide and commenced in 1967. It operates a research library with some 60,000 items and members are able to borrow some items either in person or by post. Over the years members have created indexes for the benefit of members and the general public. The library is run by volunteers who are knowledgeable in the field of family history and have a strong culture to abide by the provisions of the Privacy Act, the Copyright Act, the Births Deaths and Marriages and Relationships Act and any other Acts which could apply to particular circumstances.

As an organisation we depend on the works of others and we understand and promote the protection of the Copyright Act and so it is not in our interests to diminish those rights. However, those rights should not act as an impediment to an activity which has no impact on the protection afforded a copyright holder or the ability of others to derive a reasonable income. In fact, it is quite possible that a work is promoted, giving the originator exposure from which they could benefit.

It is desirable for libraries operated by museums, galleries, maritime institutions and genealogists be included in the exceptions. This could be achieved by automatically including these not for profit libraries as Prescribed Libraries if they are a registered charity. Being registered as a charity under the Charities Act is the common denominator for all the above organisations.

Page 11: Exceptions and limitations: Exceptions for education

Q59 Q47Does the Copyright Act provide enough
flexibility to enable teachers, pupils and educational
institutions to benefit from new technologies? What are
the problems with (or benefits arising from) this flexibility
or lack of flexibility? What changes (if any) should be
considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q60 Q48Are the education exceptions too wide? What
are the problems with (or benefits arising from) this?
What changes (if any) should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q61 Q49Are the education exceptions too narrow? What are the problems with (or benefits arising from) this? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q62 Q50Is copyright well understood in the education sector? What problems does this create (if any)?

Respondent skipped this question

Q63 Any other comments on Exceptions and Limitations:

exceptions for education Page 12: Exceptions and limitations: Exceptions relating to the use of particular categories of works Q64 Q51What are the problems (or advantages) with the Respondent skipped this question free public playing exceptions in sections 81, 87 and 87 A of the Copyright Act? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q65 Q52What are the problems (or advantages) with the Respondent skipped this question way the format shifting exception currently operates? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q66 Q53What are the problems (or advantages) with the Respondent skipped this question way the time shifting exception operates? What changes (if any) should be considered? **Q67** Q54What are the problems (or advantages) with the Respondent skipped this question reception and retransmission exception? What alternatives (if any) should be considered? Q68 Q55What are the problems (or advantages) with the Respondent skipped this question other exceptions that relate to communication works? What changes (if any) should be considered? Q69 Q56Are the exceptions relating to computer Respondent skipped this question programmes working effectively in practice? Are any other specific exceptions required to facilitate desirable uses of computer programs? **Q70** Q57Do you think that section 73 should be amended Respondent skipped this question to make it clear that the exception applies to the works underlying the works specified in section 73(1)? And should the exception be limited to copies made for personal and private use, with copies made for commercial gain being excluded? Why? **Q71** Any other comments on Exceptions and limitations: Respondent skipped this question exceptions relating to the use of particular categories of works

Page 13: Exceptions and limitations: Contracting out of the exceptions

Q72 Q58What problems (or benefits) are there in allowing copyright owners to limit or modify a person's ability to use the existing exceptions through contract? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

		limitations:		

Q73 Q59What are problems (or benefits) with the ISP definition? What changes, if any should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q74 Q60Are there any problems (or benefit) with the absence of an explicit exception for linking to copyright material and not having a safe harbour for providers of search tools (eg search engines)? What changes (if any) should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Q75 Q61Do the safe harbour provisions in the Copyright Act affect the commercial relationship between online platforms and copyright owners? Please be specific about who is, and how they are, affected.

Respondent skipped this question

Q76 Q62What other problems (or benefits) are there with the safe harbour regime for internet service providers? What changes, if any, should be considered?

Respondent skipped this question

Page 15: Transactions

Q77 Q63Is there a sufficient number and variety of CMOs in New Zealand? If not, which type copyright works do you think would benefit from the formation of CMOs in New Zealand?

Respondent skipped this question

Q78 Q64If you are a member of a CMO, have you experienced problems with the way they operate in New Zealand? Please give examples of any problems experienced.

Respondent skipped this question

Q79 Q65If you are a user of copyright works, have you experienced problems trying to obtain a licence from a CMO? Please give examples of any problems experienced.

Q80 Q66What are the problems (or advantages) with the way the Copyright Tribunal operates? Why do you think so few applications are being made to the Copyright Tribunal? What changes (if any) to the way the Copyright Tribunal regime should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q81 Q67Which CMOs offer an alternative dispute resolution service? How frequently are they used? What are the benefits (or disadvantages) with these services when compared to the Copyright Tribunal?	Respondent skipped this question
Q82 Q68Has a social media platform or other communication tool that you have used to upload, modify or create content undermined your ability to monetise that content? Please provide details.	Respondent skipped this question
Q83 Q69What are the advantages of social media platforms or other communication tools to disseminate and monetise their works? What are the disadvantages? What changes to the Copyright Act (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q84 Q70Do the transactions provisions of the Copyright Act support the development of new technologies like blockchain technology and other technologies that could provide new ways to disseminate and monetise copyright works? If not, in what way do the provisions hinder the development and use of new technologies?	Respondent skipped this question
Q85 Q71Have you ever been impeded using, preserving or making available copies of old works because you could not identify or contact the copyright? Please provide as much detail as you can about what the problem was and its impact.	Respondent skipped this question
Q86 Q72 How do you or your organisation deal with orphan works (general approaches, specific policies etc.)? And can you describe the time and resources you routinely spend on identifying and contacting the copyright owners of orphan works?	Respondent skipped this question
Q87 Q73Has a copyright owner of an orphan work ever come forward to claim copyright after it had been used without authorisation? If so, what was the outcome?	Respondent skipped this question
Q88 Q74What were the problems or benefits of the system of using an overseas regime for orphan works?	Respondent skipped this question

Q89 Q75What problems do you or your organisation face when using open data released under an attribution only Creative Commons Licences? What changes to the Copyright Act should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q90 Any other comments on Transactions	Respondent skipped this question
Page 16: Enforcement of Copyright Q91 Q76How difficult is it for copyright owners to establish before the courts that copyright exists in a work and they are the copyright owners? What changes (if any) should be considered to help copyright owners take legal action to enforce their copyright?	Respondent skipped this question
Q92 Q77What are the problems (or advantages) with reserving legal action to copyright owners and their exclusive licensees? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q93 Q78Should CMOs be able to take legal action to enforce copyright? If so, under what circumstances?	Respondent skipped this question
Q94 Q79Does the cost of enforcement have an impact on copyright owners' enforcement decisions? Please be specific about how decisions are affected and the impact of those decisions. What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q95 Q80Are groundless threats of legal action for infringing copyright being made in New Zealand by copyright owners? If so, how wide spread do you think the practice is and what impact is the practice having on recipients of such threats?	Respondent skipped this question
Q96 Q81Is the requirement to pay the \$5,000 bond to Customs deterring right holders from using the border protection measures to prevent the importation of infringing works? Are there any issues with the border protection measures that should be addressed? Please describe these issues and their impact.	Respondent skipped this question
Q97 Q82Are peer-to-peer filing sharing technologies being used to infringe copyright? What is the scale, breadth and impact of this infringement?	Respondent skipped this question

Q98 Q83Why do you think the infringing filing sharing regime is not being used to address copyright infringements that occur over peer-to peer file sharing technologies?	Respondent skipped this question
Q99 Q84What are the problems (or advantages) with the infringing file sharing regime? What changes or alternatives to the infringing filing share regime (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q100 Q85What are the problems (or advantages) with the existing measures copyright owners have to address online infringements? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q101 Q86Should ISPs be required to assist copyright owners enforce their rights? Why / why not?	Respondent skipped this question
Q102 Q87Who should be required to pay ISPs' costs if they assist copyright owners to take action to prevent online infringements?	Respondent skipped this question
Q103 Q88Are there any problems with the types of criminal offences or the size of the penalties available under the Copyright Act? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q104 Any other comments on Enforcement of copyright	Respondent skipped this question
Page 17: Other Issues: Relationship between copyrigh	t and registered design protection
Q105 Q89Do you think there are any problems with (or benefits from) having an overlap between copyright and industrial design protection? What changes (if any) should be considered?	Respondent skipped this question
Q106 Q90Have you experienced any problems when seeking protection for an industrial design, especially overseas?	Respondent skipped this question
Q107 Q91We are interested in further information on the use of digital 3-D printer files to distribute industrial designs. For those that produce such files, how do you protect your designs? Have you faced any issues with the current provisions of the Copyright Act?	Respondent skipped this question

Q108 Q92Do you think there are any problems with (or Respondent skipped this question benefits from) New Zealand not being a member of the Hague Agreement? Q109 Any other comments on Other Issues: Relationship Respondent skipped this question between copyright and registered design protection Page 18: Other issues: Copyright and the Wai 262 inquiry Q110 Q93Have we accurately characterised the Respondent skipped this question Waitangi Tribunal's analysis of the problems with the current protections provided for taonga works and mātauranga Māori? If not, please explain the inaccuracies. Q111 Q94Do you agree with the Waitangi Tribunal's use Respondent skipped this question of the concepts 'taonga works' and 'taonga-derived works'? If not, why not? Q112 Q95The Waitangi Tribunal did not recommend any Respondent skipped this question changes to the copyright regime, and instead recommended a new legal regime for taonga works and mātauranga Māori. Are there ways in which the copyright regime might conflict with any new protection of taonga works and mātauranga Māori? Q113 Q96Do you agree with our proposed process to Respondent skipped this question launch a new work stream on taonga works alongside the Copyright Act review? Are there any other Treaty of Waitangi considerations we should be aware of in the Copyright Act review? Q114 Q97How should MBIE engage with Treaty partners Respondent skipped this question and the broader community on the proposed work stream on taonga works? Q115 Any other comments on Other Issues: copyright Respondent skipped this question and the Wai 262 inquiry Page 20: Information you've provided that should not be publicly available

Q116 Please specify (by question number) which of your answers you object to being published by MBIE

Q117 Please specify (by question number) which of your answers contain information that MBIE should consider withholding if requested under the Official Information Act. For each question number, please tell us which information in your answer you believe would need to be withheld and why (preferably by referring to the relevant ground in the Official Information Act).