

EMPLOYMENT

**Employment Rate** 73.4%  
Total 579,100  
from last year -1.2pp  
from last 5 years +2.9pp

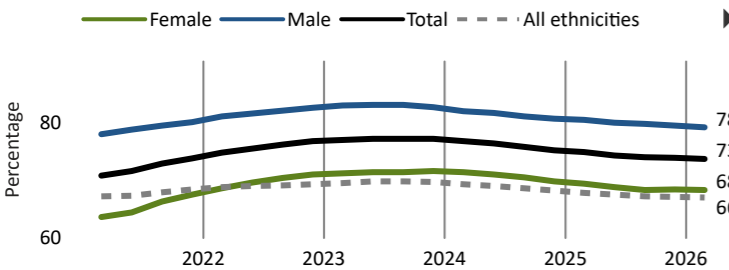
**Total** 579,100  
from last year -5,600  
from last 5 years +138,500

**Male Employment Rate** 78.9%  
Total 306,500  
from last year -5,700  
from last 5 years +63,400

**Aged 25-44 Employment rate** 85.3%  
Total 367,400  
from last year -6,300  
from last 5 years +98,100

**Female Employment Rate** 68.0%  
Total 272,700  
from last year +200  
from last 5 years +75,200

**Aged 45+ Employment rate** 64.8%  
Total 161,000  
from last year +5,600  
from last 5 years +35,500



**Full-time** 485,800  
from last year -6,100  
from last 5 years +121,500

**Part-time** 93,300  
from last year +400  
from last 5 years +15,000

Occupation	Employed	1 year change
Managers	112,700	-900
Professionals	153,700	+1,200
Trades & Technicians	62,200	-4,200
Service workers	56,900	+1,300
Clerical workers	51,500	-2,000
Sales workers	51,000	-100
Machinery Operators and Drivers	35,400	-300
Labourers	51,700	-100

Skill	Employed	1 year change
Highly-skilled	248,800	+100
Skilled	57,700	-500
Semi-skilled	51,600	-1,200
Low-skilled	132,200	-3,300
Unskilled	84,900	+100

Industry	Employed	1 year change	5 year change
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Mining	18,500	+3,300	+4,000
Manufacturing	45,900	-3,900	+8,500
Utilities & Construction	53,000	-2,600	+18,900
Wholesale & Retail	80,900	-1,000	+13,800
Accommodation and food	53,800	-4,600	+4,000
Transport, Warehousing IM & Communications	43,700	+5,000	+13,000
Financial and Insurance Services	25,500	+1,300	+7,100
Other Business Services	86,400	+100	+23,500
Public Administration and Safety	26,900	-400	+8,100
Education and Training	30,800	+1,200	+5,900
Health Care and Social Assistance	75,100	-4,200	+20,400
Other Services	29,900	-600	+7,800

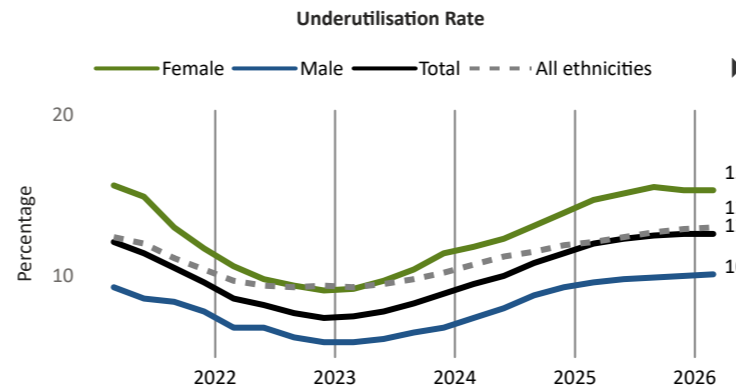
UNDERUTILISATION

**Underutilisation Rate** 12.5%  
Total 78,600  
from last year +0.6pp  
from last 5 years +0.5pp

**Total** 78,600  
from last year +3,100  
from last 5 years +21,000

**Male Underutilisation Rate** 10.0%  
Total 32,900  
from last year +1,100  
from last 5 years +9,100

**Female Underutilisation Rate** 15.2%  
Total 45,700  
from last year +2,000  
from last 5 years +11,800



**Total** 29,300  
from last year +2,600  
from last 5 years +9,800

**UE Rate** 4.9%  
from last year NC  
from last 5 years -0.1pp

**Total** 30,000  
from last year -200  
from last 5 years +7,000

**Total** 19,300  
from last year +700  
from last 5 years +4,200

**Male Total** 11,200  
from last year +1,500  
from last 5 years +3,900

**Male UE Rate** 4.1%  
Total 13,200  
from last year -400  
from last 5 years +2,700

**Aged 25-44 UE Rate** 4.1%  
Total 15,800  
from last year +600  
from last 5 years +4,700

**Male Total** 8,500  
from last year +100  
from last 5 years +2,500

**Female Total** 18,100  
from last year +1,200  
from last 5 years +5,800

**Female UE Rate** 5.8%  
Total 16,800  
from last year +300  
from last 5 years +4,300

**Aged 45+ UE Rate** 3.2%  
Total 5,400  
from last year NC  
from last 5 years +500

**Female Total** 10,800  
from last year +600  
from last 5 years +1,700

Region	Employed				Unemployed			
	Current quarter	Change from last Year	Current quarter	Change from last Year	Current quarter	Change from last Year	Current quarter	Change from last Year
Auckland	350,800	71.3%	-2,300	-1.3pp	19,400	5.2%	+700	+0.2pp
Wellington	50,600	77.2%	-2,300	-1.1pp	1,800	3.5%	-400	-0.6pp
Rest of North island	95,800	77.8%	+1,700	+0.1pp	4,800	4.8%	+400	+0.3pp
South island	82,000	75.6%	-2,600	-2.1pp	4,000	4.6%	-800	-0.7pp
South Auckland	85,900	73.0%	+3,000	-1.8pp	5,000	5.5%	-100	-0.2pp
West Auckland	68,100	74.4%	+2,300	-1.5pp	4,300	5.9%	+400	+0.3pp
Rest of Auckland	196,800	69.5%	-7,600	-1.2pp	10,100	4.9%	+300	+0.3pp

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

**Participation Rate** 77.2%  
Total 609,100  
from last year -1.2pp  
from last 5 years +3.0pp

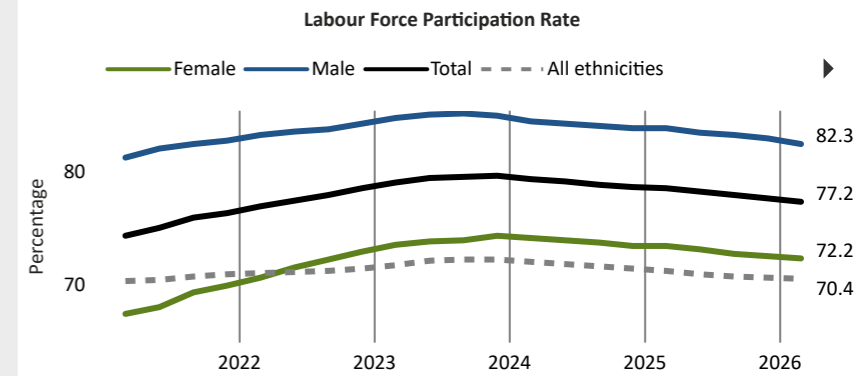
**Total** 609,100  
from last year -5,800  
from last 5 years +145,500

**Male Participation Rate** 82.3%  
Total 319,600  
from last year -6,200  
from last 5 years +66,000

**Aged 25-44 Participation Rate** 88.9%  
Total 383,200  
from last year -5,600  
from last 5 years +102,800

**Female Participation Rate** 72.2%  
Total 289,500  
from last year +500  
from last 5 years +79,500

**Aged 45+ Participation Rate** 67.2%  
Total 166,900  
from last year +5,500  
from last 5 years +36,200



NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING (Aged 15-24 years)

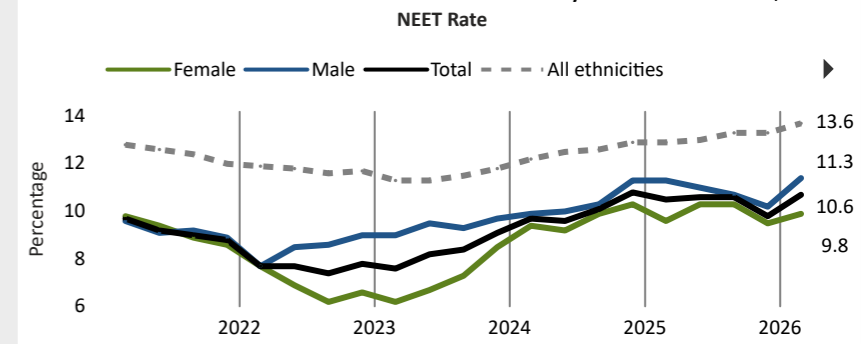
**NEET rate** 10.6%  
Total 11,700  
from last year +100  
from last 5 years +2,200

**Male NEET rate** 11.3%  
Total 6,600  
from last year +100  
from last 5 years +1,500

**Aged 15-19 NEET rate** 7.7%  
Total 4,200  
from last year +300  
from last 5 years +1,200

**Female NEET rate** 9.8%  
Total 5,000  
from last year -200  
from last 5 years +600

**Aged 20-24 NEET rate** 13.4%  
Total 7,500  
from last year -200  
from last 5 years +1,000



**Unemployed, Not in Education** 3,800  
from last year -600

**Not in LF not in education - no caregiving** 6,900  
from last year +400

**Not in LF not in education - caregiving** 5  
from last year 5

## SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

All data provided apart from regional, industry, age group and NEET breakdowns is seasonally adjusted. This process removes the seasonal component present when dealing with quarterly data. Seasonal patterns obscure the underlying behaviour of the series. For the unadjusted series, only annual changes are reported to avoid seasonal effects.

## DEFINITIONS

**EMPLOYED:** People in the working-age population who, during the reference week, did one of the following:

- worked for one hour or more for pay or profit in the context of an employee/employer relationship or self-employment
- worked without pay for one hour or more in work which contributed directly to the operation of a farm, business, or professional practice owned or operated by a relative
- had a job but were not at work due to own illness or injury, personal or family responsibilities, bad weather or mechanical breakdown, direct involvement in an industrial dispute, or leave or holiday.

**EMPLOYMENT RATE:** The number of employed people expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. The employment rate is closely linked to the working-age population definition.

**FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS:** Full-time workers usually work 30 hours or more per week, even if they did not do so in the survey reference week because of sickness, holidays, or other reasons. Part-time workers usually work fewer than 30 hours per week.

**FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) JOBS:** The total number of full-time jobs plus half the number of part-time jobs. Does not include working proprietors.

**HOURS WORKED:** Average weekly paid hours (FTE) are calculated by dividing total ordinary hours paid by total FTEs.

**HOURLY EARNINGS:** Average hourly earnings are calculated by dividing total gross earnings by total paid hours.

**LABOUR FORCE:** Members of the working-age population, who during the survey reference week, were classified as 'employed' or 'unemployed.'

**LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE:** The total labour force expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. Labour force participation is closely linked to how the working-age population is defined.

**NEET (NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION, OR TRAINING):** Young people aged 15–24 years who are unemployed (part of the labour force) and not engaged in education or training, and those not in the labour force and not engaged in education or training for many reasons.

**NEET RATE:** The total number of youth (aged 15–24 years) who are not in education, employment, or training (NEET), as a proportion of the total youth working-age population.

**NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE:** Any neither employed nor unemployed. For example, this residual category includes people who:

- are retired
- have personal or family responsibilities such as unpaid housework and childcare
- attend educational institutions
- are permanently unable to work due to physical or mental disabilities,
- were temporarily unavailable for work in the survey reference week
- are not actively seeking work.

**POTENTIAL LABOUR FORCE:** The potential labour force consists of people who are not in the labour force but can be considered to be 'just outside it'. They meet two of the three criteria needed to be considered unemployed. Two main groups of individuals are in the potential labour force:

- **UNAVAILABLE JOBSEEKERS** – People who were actively seeking work, were not available to have started work in the reference week, but would become available within a short subsequent period
- **AVAILABLE POTENTIAL JOBSEEKERS** – People who are not actively seeking work but were available in the reference week and want a job.

**UNDEREMPLOYMENT:** People who are in part-time employment who would like to, and are available to, work more hours.

**UNDERUTILISATION:** The sum of those unemployed, underemployed, who are not actively seeking but are available and wanting a job and people who are actively seeking but not currently available, but will be available to work in the next four weeks.

**UNEMPLOYED:** All people in the working-age population who, during the reference week, were without a paid job, available for work, and had either actively sought work in the past four weeks ending with the reference week, or had a new job to start within the next four weeks.

**UNEMPLOYMENT RATE:** The number of unemployed people expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

**WORKING-AGE POPULATION:** The usually resident, non-institutionalised population of New Zealand aged 15 years and over.

### Disclaimer

This document is a guide only. It should not be used as a substitute for legislation or legal advice. The Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment is not responsible for the results of any actions taken on the basis of information in this document, or for any errors or omissions.

### Data Source

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### Coverage difference

Average weekly paid hours and average hourly earnings are calculated from the Quarterly Employment Survey (QES), which has different coverage than the Household Labour Force Survey (HLFS). The QES is a survey of employers that excludes self-employed people, the Agriculture industry, unpaid family workers and New Zealand Defence Force, while the HLFS is a survey of households that only includes usually resident New Zealanders, so can exclude some temporary seasonal labourers. If you have any feedback, questions or suggestions please contact us at:

[LabourMarketInsights@mbie.govt.nz](mailto:LabourMarketInsights@mbie.govt.nz)

### Data Terminology

NC - "No change"

S - "Suppressed"