

DATA SPECIFICATION AND DICTIONARY

Version 1.1 (5 December 2025)



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Notes on the Specifications

NZRIS is built on the underlying infrastructure of the Digital Science Symplectic Elements system, which means its structure and concepts are influenced by that platform's design and requirements. In particular, data must be provided in files split across defined categories, reflecting the way Elements organises information. To improve usability, hyperlinks have been added throughout this document for easier navigation. Additionally, all associated code sets and label schemes referenced in this dictionary will be published and maintained on the NZRIS GitHub site, ensuring they remain accessible and up to date.

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Introduction

This data dictionary and specification document provides a comprehensive reference for data providers contributing to the New Zealand Research Information System (NZRIS). Its primary purpose is to support providers in understanding the structure and requirements of the NZRIS data model, and to guide the accurate preparation and submission of data for ingestion. The document outlines the scope of NZRIS, including the types of records it captures – such as grants, individuals, organisations, funds, and research outputs – and the relationships between them. It details the required structure and format of each data file, the standard code sets and label schemes to be used, and the rules for creating valid ingest documents. In addition to these specifications, the document includes a complete data dictionary that defines each field, its purpose, data type, constraints, and any applicable validation rules. Together, these resources are intended to ensure consistency, interoperability, and high-quality data across all NZRIS submissions.

Data-Contributing Organisation Role Definitions

NZRIS brings together data from a range of contributing organisations, each with distinct roles in New Zealand's research landscape. Organisations that provide data can take on any of three roles. These roles are **not fixed**: they can change from one funded research project to another, and the data supplied reflects the role the organisation performed in each case – for example, a funder will provide more information than a recipient (non-subcontracting) organisation.

Data providers will need to review the research projects they are involved in – whether as a funder, recipient (subcontracting), or recipient (non-subcontracting) organisation – to determine the role they fulfilled for that project. Once the role is identified, the organisation can then supply the data relevant to that role. This flexibility ensures that NZRIS can accommodate diverse organisational needs while maintaining a consistent approach to data sharing and integration.

Funder

Funders are entities that provide money to support research and innovation in New Zealand. This includes government agencies, specialist funders, and universities that distribute their own research funding or lead national initiatives like the Centres of Research Excellence (CoREs) and National Science Challenges. These organisations decide what research to support, run funding rounds, and make sure investments deliver benefits for Aotearoa.

Recipient (Subcontracting) Organisation

Recipient (subcontracting) organisations are entities which receive funding to conduct research. These organisations act as both recipients and intermediaries, as they can subcontract components of funded work to other organisations.

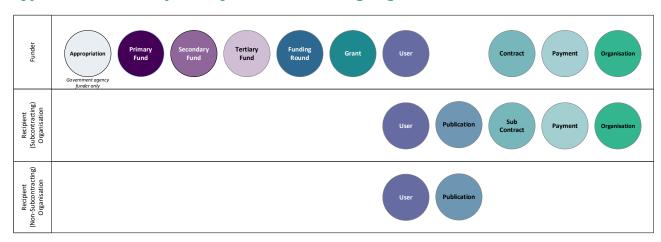
Recipient (Non-Subcontracting) Organisation

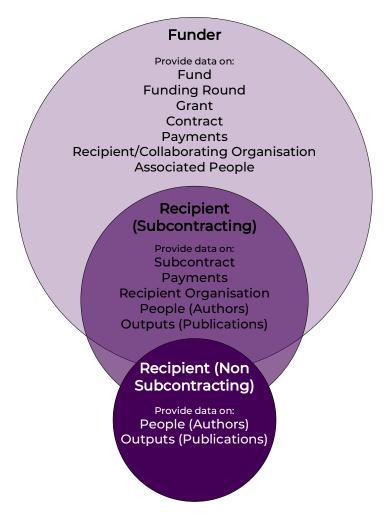
Recipient (non-subcontracting) organisations are entities which receive research funding and complete all research activities internally without outsourcing any part of the work.

As noted above, an organisation can play multiple roles in the research funding process, and within a single dataset the data supplied to NZRIS will depend on the role the organisation holds for each grant or contract. For example, a university might act as a funder, in which case it needs to provide information about the funding round and how grants were allocated. The same university could also receive funding from a

government agency for a specific project and subcontract part of the work to another organisation – meaning it must report subcontract details and project outputs. Finally, that university might be a subcontracted recipient for a completely different project, where its only responsibility is to provide data on the outputs from the work it completed.

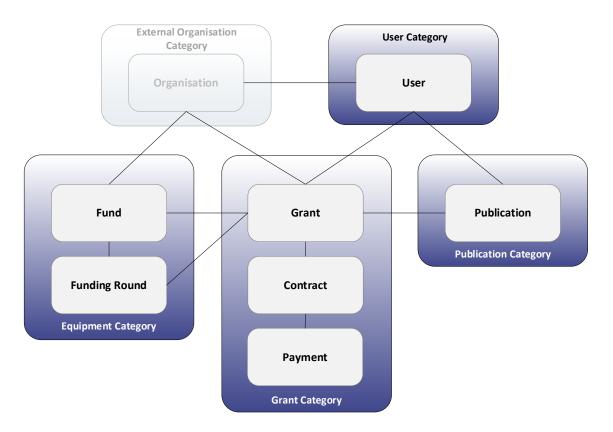
Types of Records Required by Data-Contributing Organisation Role





A single organisation can hold different roles across projects with different data provision requirements for each

Structure Overview



The NZRIS data model is organised into five core categories. These categories are: **Grant**, which captures information about grants, contracts, and payments; **Equipment**, which includes data on research funds and funding rounds; **Publication**, which records research outputs and their links to individuals and funding sources; **User**, which provides information about people involved in research activities (i.e. grant recipients or collaborators); and **External Organisation**, which describe the entities participating in or supporting research, including funders, research providers, and other contributors.

The NZRIS system is underpinned by a Sympletic Elements database which has been configured to meet the requirements of the New Zealand science and innovation sector. This adaption has resulted in the non-standard use of the **Equipment** Category. While the Equipment Category would usually record details about physical research tools, like specialist machines or instruments, NZRIS has adapted this module to hold information about research funds and funding rounds. This means that instead of describing equipment, it describes funding allocations that support science research. This approach was chosen because the module already provides the structure needed to link funding information to grants, organisations, and research outputs. Using an existing module keeps the system consistent and avoids creating extra complexity, while still allowing the flexibility to track funding in a clear and connected way.

Each of the five NZRIS data categories – Grant, Equipment, Publication, User, and External Organisation – are introduced with a summary table that provides an overview of the available record types within that category. These summary tables help data providers understand the structure and scope of the data expected for each category, including the specific types of records that can be submitted. Where applicable, definitions are provided for each record type to ensure clarity and consistency in how data is interpreted and reported. In addition to outlining the record types, each category section includes guidance on how to establish relationships between records – both within the category and across categories – using linking files.

Glossary of Terms

Key Concepts (Data Model and Funding Concepts)

Administering Organisation

Organisation administering a fund but without unilateral authority over funding decisions (e.g. National Science Challenge (NSC) Lead Organisation).

Appropriation

Government budget allocation for research funding. (See Fund / Funding Round / Appropriation Type Records section.)

Category

A high-level grouping of records in NZRIS (e.g. Grant, Equipment, Publication, HR, Organisation).

Code Sets

Standardised lists for controlled values such as currency codes and language codes. (See Code Sets section.)

Collaborating Organisation

An organisation contributing to a project without being the primary recipient of funds. (See Collaborating Organisation detailed field information.)

Constraints

Conditions or limitations applied to a grant, contract, or payment. (See Constraints detailed field information.)

Contract

Formal agreement governing terms of funding.

Directly Associated Individual

A person with a formal, documented role in a grant project, such as being named in the application, receiving funding, or contributing to its execution, management, or reporting. (See User / Person Records section.)

Equipment

A category in the underlying database used by NZRIS to record information about research funds, funding allocations, and funding rounds, rather than physical research tools.

Fund

A dedicated financial resource provided by a funder to support research activities, typically distributed through grants or awards for specific projects, programmes, or objectives. (See Fund / Funding Round / Appropriation Type Records section.)

Funder

An Organisation or entity that provides financial resources to support research activities, typically through grants, awards, or funding programmes, and sets the priorities or criteria for how those funds are allocated. (See External Organisation Records section.)

Funding Round

A scheduled period during which a funder invites and assesses applications for research funding, typically under defined criteria and priorities, leading to the allocation of grants or awards. (See Fund / Funding Round / Appropriation Type Records section.)

Grant

A sum of money awarded by a funder to support a specific research project or activity, usually following an application process and subject to agreed terms, conditions, and reporting requirements. (See Grant / Contract / Payment Type Records section.)

ID

A unique identifier for each record to distinguish it from all others, ensuring accurate referencing and data integrity across systems (i.e. grant or contract number).

Indirectly Associated Individual

A person linked to a grant without a formal or funded role, typically through outputs, affiliation, or informal collaboration (e.g. co-authors, technical support, observers, or institutional contacts). (See User / Person Records section)

Labels

A field used to categorise records by assigning predefined values, such as ANZSRC codes or designated grant themes, enabling consistent grouping, filtering, and classification within the dataset. (See Label Schemes section.)

Link Type / Numeric Link Value

Numeric codes used to define relationships between records. (See Link Values section.)

Metadata

Metadata is the main information that describes a record. It applies to all record types and includes key details that define and explain the record. For example, a grant metadata record contains information such as the grant number, title, description, amount, and value; similarly, metadata can describe fund details or publication information.

Payment

Financial transaction under a grant or contract.

Protected

The "protected" field indicates that a record should not be publicly displayed on the NZRIS website. It is applied to individual records across all record types (e.g. grants, funds, users, and publications) to ensure sensitive or restricted information remains hidden from public view.

Publication

Research output resulting from funded activities (e.g. journal article, dataset, book). (See Publication Type Records section.)

Recipient Organisation

The organisation that receives the funding or support associated with a record. For example, in a grant record, the recipient organisation is the entity awarded the grant and responsible for managing the funded activity. (See External Organisation Records section.)

Record Type

Specific type within a category (e.g. Grant, Payment, Funding Round, Chapter).

Role Types

Roles associated with individuals in research projects (e.g. Principal Investigator, Co-investigator). (See

Role Type Definition section.)

Specific Identifiers

ANZSRC (Australian and New Zealand Standard Research Classification)

A Standardised framework used in Australia and New Zealand to classify research activities by type, field of research, and socio-economic objective, ensuring consistency in reporting and analysis. (See Label Schemes section for details.)

DOI (Digital Object Identifier)

A unique, persistent identifier assigned to digital objects such as journal articles, datasets, and reports, providing a permanent link to their location on the internet for reliable citation and access. (See DOI detailed field information.)

GRID ID (Global Research Identifier Database Identifier)

A global identifier for research organisations which was superseded by the ROR (Research Organisation Registry) ID in 2021 but is still used internally for Digital Science products (e.g. Dimensions). Used for disambiguation. (See GRID ID detailed field information.)

ISBN / ISSN / eISSN

Standard identifiers for published works: ISBN uniquely identifies books and monographs, ISSN identifies print serials such as journals, and eISSN is the electronic equivalent for online serial publications. (See ISSN, ISBN-10, ISBN-13, eISSN detailed field information.)

NZBN (New Zealand Business Number)

A unique, government-issued identifier for businesses and organisations in New Zealand, used to streamline interactions and ensure accurate identification across public and private systems.

ORCID

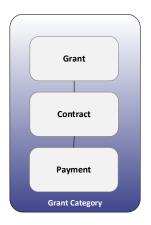
A unique, persistent digital identifier for researchers that links them to their publications, affiliations, and other scholarly outputs, ensuring accurate attribution across systems.

ROR ID (Research Organisation Registry)

A globally unique, persistent identifier for research organisations, maintained by the open, community-driven Research Organisation Registry (ROR). It enables accurate affiliation linking across scholarly systems and replaces the retired GRID IDs. (See ROR ID detailed field information.)

Fields by Type

Grant / Contract / Payment Type Records



Within NZRIS, research funding is represented through three key record types: grants, contracts, and payments. A grant record captures the allocation of funding awarded to support specific research activities, typically through a competitive or negotiated process. A contract record represents a formal agreement that governs the terms and conditions of funding. While contracts are often associated with grants – defining the obligations and deliverables tied to awarded funding – they may also exist independently. For example, contracts can be used to fund infrastructure which support research rather than specifically fund it, or to formalise subcontracting arrangements between organisations, even when these are not directly linked to a specific grant. In addition, some contracts operate under a devolved model, where responsibility for administering and distributing funding is delegated to another organisation (for example, the Marsden fund is devolved to Royal Society Te Apārangi). Payment records document the financial transactions made under a contract, including disbursements to recipient or subcontracted organisations. A devolved record type is intended to capture specific contracts where funding decisions are devolved to another organisation

The table below provides an overview of the available fields for each record type. More specific and detailed information is available in the Field Structure section below.

"[M]" indicates that the field is mandatory for that data type.

Grant / Contract / Payment Record Overview

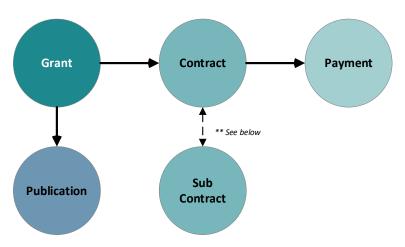
Grant Type	Contract Type	Payment Type	Devolved Type **
Alternative Description (Grant)			
Alternative Title (Grant)			
Application Reference			
	Associated Grant Reference		
Award Date (Grant) [M]		Payment Date [M]	
Collaborating Organisation	Collaborating Organisation		
Constraints	Constraints		Constraints

Grant Type	Contract Type	Payment Type	Devolved Type **
Contract Reference	Contract Reference [M]	Contract Reference [M]	Contract Reference [M]
Description (Grant) [M]	Summary	Details [M]	Summary [M]
Description Language			
End Date (Grant)	End Date (Grant) [M]	End Date (Grant)	End Date (Grant) [M]
Funder Name [M]	Distributing Organisation [M]	Distributing Organisation [M]	Distributing Organisation [M]
Grant Reference [M]			
Intended Outcome	Intended Outcome		
Labels (Grant)	Labels (Grant)		Labels (Grant)
	Parent Contract Reference	Parent Contract Reference	Parent Contract Reference
		Payment Reference [M]	
Protected (Grant) [M]	Protected (Grant) [M]	Protected (Grant) [M]	Protected (Grant) [M]
Recipient Organisation	Recipient Organisation [M]	Recipient Organisation [M]	Recipient Organisation [M]
Start Date (Grant)	Start Date (Grant) [M]	Start Date (Grant)	Start Date (Grant) [M]
Title (Grant) [M]	Name (Grant) [M]		Name (Grant) [M]
Title Language			
Value [M]	Value [M]	Value [M]	Value [M]

^{**} Only used for contracts where funding is devolved to another organisation

Grant Type Links

In NZRIS, relationships between records – both within and across data categories – are established using a predefined set of relationship types. These relationships are essential for accurately representing the connections between entities such as grants and publications, and between types such as grants and contracts. The full list of available relationship types is detailed in the *Links* section of this document, which outlines the valid combinations and numeric values for linking records. In the case of **Grant** category records, the following table outlines the specific relationship links that can be used to associate grants with related record types.

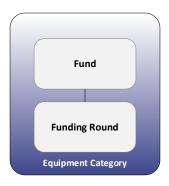


Link Type Usage	Category id-1	Category id-2	Numeric Link Value
Grant to Contract	Grant	Grant 236	
		(Contract)	
Contract to Payment	Grant	Grant	12
	(Contract)	(Payment)	
Contract to Contract	Grant	Grant	237
	(Contract)	(Contract)	
Publication resulting from Grant	Publication	Grant	2

The order of the categories is critical to ensure the relationship is correctly interpreted during ingestion. Refer to the **Link Values** section below.

^{**} The Contract to Contract link (value 237) indicates the relationship between an original contract and a subcontracted agreement when work is outsourced to another organisation. The original contract record containing full metadata is provided by the funding body (e.g. the Royal Society for a Marsden grant) with metadata for the subcontract provided by the subcontracting research organisation (including a Contract-to-Contract link referencing the original grant number). There is no requirement to duplicate the original metadata nor to provide metadata related to received contracts.

Fund / Funding Round / Appropriation Type Records



The Equipment category in NZRIS captures information related to the funding mechanisms that support research infrastructure and equipment. This includes records for **Funds**, **Funding Rounds**, and **Appropriations**, which together describe how financial resources are allocated and managed to enable research capability. Fund records represent the overarching sources of funding and are classified into standard types such as *Contestable*, *Negotiated*, *On-Demand*, *Scholarships*, *Fellowships*, *Internships*, and *Other*, each with specific characteristics and purposes. This section provides definitions for each of these fund types to support consistent reporting. It also includes a summary table outlining the available fields within the Equipment category, along with their formats, data types, and validation requirements. Additionally, guidance is provided on how to establish relationships between Equipment records and other NZRIS categories using predefined links, ensuring that the flow of funding and its connections to research activities are accurately represented.

While the Equipment category is part of the underlying Symplectic Elements database and is typically used to record details about physical research tools, NZRIS has adapted this module for a different purpose: to store information about research funding allocations and funding rounds. This approach was chosen because the module already provides the structure needed to link funding information to grants, organisations, and research outputs. Using an existing module keeps the system consistent and avoids creating extra complexity, while still allowing the flexibility to track funding in a clear and connected way.

Available Record Types and Definitions

Type Contestable Fund	Definition A pool of funding that is open to multiple applicants who compete for limited resources. Funding is awarded based on a competitive assessment of proposals against set criteria, and not all applicants are guaranteed support.
Scholarships Fund	A dedicated fund that provides financial support to individuals (usually students) to assist with education-related expenses. Scholarships are typically awarded based on academic merit, financial need, or specific eligibility criteria.
Internships Fund	A fund established to support internship opportunities, usually by providing stipends, wages, or other financial assistance to interns or to organisations hosting interns. The aim is to facilitate practical work experience for students or early-career professionals.
Fellowships Fund	A fund that supports individuals (fellows) to undertake advanced study, research, or professional development. Fellowships are often

Type Definition

On-Demand Fund

awarded to experienced professionals, researchers, or academics, and may cover living expenses, project costs, or travel.

A flexible funding pool that is available for allocation as needs arise, rather than through scheduled funding rounds. Applicants can request support at any time, and funding decisions are made on a

rolling or as-needed basis.

Negotiated Fund A fund where the terms, amount, and purpose of funding are determined through direct negotiation between the funder and the recipient, rather than through a competitive or open application process. This approach is often used for strategic partnerships or

unique projects.

Other Fund A general fund (or "other fund") is a pool of financial resources

established to support specific objectives, programmes, or activities that do not meet the criteria of contestable, negotiated, grant, scholarship, internship, fellowship, or on-demand funds. The structure, eligibility, and allocation mechanisms for these funds are determined by the funder and may be tailored to unique needs, pilot initiatives, or strategic priorities. These funds are typically governed by bespoke

arrangements and may not follow standard funding processes.

Funding Round A funding round is a scheduled period during which a funder invites and assesses applications for financial support. All eligible proposals

received within this window are evaluated – often competitively – against set criteria, and funding decisions are made at the conclusion of the round. Funding rounds are typically used for contestable funds, scholarships, grants, and similar mechanisms, and are distinct from ondemand or rolling funding, where applications are accepted and

assessed at any time.

The table below provides an overview of the available fields for each record type. More specific and detailed information is available in the Field Structure section below.

"[M]" indicates that the field is mandatory for that data type.

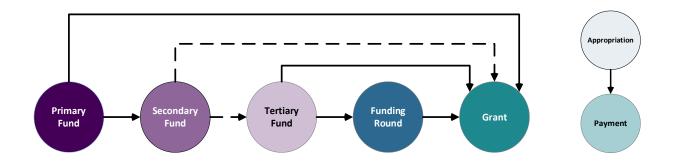
Fund / Funding Round/ Appropropriation Record Overview

Contestable Fund Type	Funding Round Type	Scholarship, Internship, Fellowship, On-Demand, Negotiated, Other Fund Types	Appropriation Type **
Administering Organisation		Administering Organisation	
	Allocation Method		
Alternative Name (Fund)		Alternative Name (Fund)	
Disestablishment Date (Fund)		Disestablishment Date (Fund)	End Year
Establishment Date (Fund)		Establishment Date (Fund)	Start Year
Fund Description	Funding Round Description	Fund Description	Appropriation Description
Name (Fund) [M]	Name (Fund) [M]	Name (Fund) [M]	Name (Fund) [M]
Protected (Fund) [M]	Protected (Fund) [M]	Protected (Fund) [M]	
			Vote

^{**} This record type will generally only be provided by Government agency funders

Fund Type Links

Fund and Funding Round records play a central role in describing how financial resources are structured and allocated within NZRIS. To accurately reflect the connections between these funding mechanisms and other entities NZRIS uses a defined set of relationship types. These links enable data providers to represent how funds are distributed, how funding rounds are associated with specific fund types, and how funding flows through the research system. The following is a list of the valid relationship types that can be used to connect Fund and Funding Round records to each other and to Grant records.



Link Type Usage	Category id-1	Category id-2	Numeric Link Value
Primary Fund to Secondary Fund	Equipment (Primary Fund)	Equipment (Secondary Fund)	231
Secondary Fund to Tertiary Fund	Equipment (Secondary Fund)	Equipment (Tertiary Fund)	232
Fund to Funding Round	Equipment (Funding Round)	Equipment (Fund)	40
Primary Fund to Grant	Grant	Equipment (Primary Fund)	233
Secondary Fund to Grant	Grant	Equipment (Secondary Fund)	234
Tertiary Fund to Grant	Grant	Equipment (Tertiary Fund)	235
Grant to Funding Round	Grant	Equipment (Funding Round)	16
Payment to Appropriation	Grant (Payment)	Equipment (Appropriation)	238

The order of the categories is critical to ensure the relationship is correctly interpreted during ingestion. Refer to the **Link Values** section below.

External Organisation Records



The External Organisation category captures information about the various entities involved in the research ecosystem. NZRIS records organisations that are <u>directly associated</u> with research funding activities in a range of roles, including as **funding organisations** (those that allocate financial resources to support research), **recipient organisations** (those that receive funding to undertake research), and **collaborating organisations** (entities that contribute to research activities without necessarily receiving direct funding). This section follows the same structure as other categories, providing definitions for relevant organisation types, a summary table of available fields and their specifications, and guidance on how to establish valid relationships between organisation records and other NZRIS categories using predefined links.

While the Organisation category plays a vital role in linking entities across the NZRIS system, the amount of information required from data providers is intentionally minimal. This is because NZRIS employs an automated disambiguation process to consolidate organisation records and resolve naming inconsistencies across datasets. For example, a single institution may appear under different names – such as "University of Auckland," "The University of Auckland," or "Auckland University" – depending on the source or time period. To ensure accurate reporting and analysis, NZRIS matches these variations to a single, unified organisational record using unique identifiers such as GRID IDs, ROR numbers, or NZBNs. In most cases, this process occurs automatically, reducing the burden on data providers. However, where an organisation is not already present in the NZRIS database, providers can supply a minimal set of required fields to enable the creation of a new organisational record. This approach ensures consistency across the system while maintaining flexibility for new or emerging entities - such as private businesses.

Note: Organisations recorded by the Research Organisation Registry (ROR) - <u>Research Organization</u> Registry (ROR) | Home - are automatically included in the NZRIS database. Because these organisations already exist in NZRIS, data providers <u>do not need</u> to supply additional information for them.

The table below provides an overview of the available fields for each record type. More specific and detailed information is available in the Detailed Field Information section below.

"[M]" indicates that the field is mandatory for that data type.

Organisation Record Overview

External Organisation Type
Acronyms
Additional Aliases
Address [M]
Alternative Name (Organisation)
Disestablishment Date (Organisation)
Establishment Date (Organisation)
GRID ID

NZBN
Organisation Name [M]
Parent Organisation
Predecessor Organisation
Related Organisation
ROR Number
Subsidiary Organisation
Successor Organisation
Type (Organisation)
Website URL

Unlike other NZRIS data categories, the Organisation category does not use separate link records to establish relationships with other entities. Instead, information about organisations – such as funders, recipients, administering organisations, and collaborators – is embedded directly within the metadata of other categories, particularly within the Grant category. This approach reflects the central role organisations play in the research funding landscape and allows for more streamlined data submission. By including organisation identifiers and relevant role information directly in the grant metadata, NZRIS can accurately associate organisations with their respective roles in funding, managing, or participating in research activities, without requiring additional linking files.

Publication Type Records

The Publication category in NZRIS captures metadata related to research outputs, enabling a comprehensive view of the scholarly and creative contributions resulting from funded research. This includes a wide range of output types such as journal articles, books, chapters, conference papers, datasets, media, and more. This section follows the standard NZRIS structure, beginning with definitions of each recognised publication type to support consistent classification and reporting. A summary table outlines the available fields, including their formats, data types, and validation requirements. Additionally, this section provides guidance on how to establish relationships between publication records and other NZRIS categories – such as grants and individuals – using predefined link records. These relationships are essential for tracing the connections between research funding, contributors, and the outputs they produce, supporting a holistic understanding of research activity across the system.



Available Record Types and Definitions

Туре	Definition
Book	A substantial written work, such as an edited volume or monograph, that presents original research, critical analysis, or creative content. Chapters may be authored by different contributors and harmonised by editors to form a cohesive whole. To be considered a research output, the book must be formally published and contribute notable value to its field or discipline.
Chapter	A distinct and authored section within an edited book, monograph, or encyclopaedia that presents original research, analysis, or creative content. Chapters are typically written independently and contribute to the overall coherence and scholarly value of the larger work. To be considered a research output, the chapter must be formally published and add notable value to its field or discipline.
Conference	A scholarly or creative work presented at a conference and formally disseminated through published proceedings or equivalent channels. This includes papers, presentations, or editorial content that represent original contributions to research or practice. To be considered a research output, the work must be publicly accessible and add demonstrable value to the field.
Journal Article	A written work published in a scientific, scholarly, or professional journal that presents original research, critical review, or editorial insight. Journal articles must be formally published and publicly accessible, contributing notable value to their field or discipline. This includes peer-reviewed research papers, review articles, and editorials that demonstrate intellectual or creative merit.

Definition

Artefact

A physical or digital object created as part of research or creative practice. This may include, but is not limited to: sculpture, prototype, choreography, creative writing, compilation, or literary work.

Note: Artefacts may be standalone or embedded within a broader creative or research context.

Composition

An original and creative work expressed through music or sound. This refers to the work itself – such as a composition, recording, or performance – and must be the first instance of its recording or public performance. To be considered a research output, the work must be formally published, performed, or otherwise disseminated.

Dataset

A structured collection of data created or curated as part of research. To be considered a research output, the dataset must be of notable quality and contribute meaningful value to the research. It must be known to exist and made available through some form of publication, repository, or dissemination for reuse or replication.

Design

A creative output resulting from visual, industrial, or architectural design processes. This may include conceptual, functional, or aesthetic work that demonstrates originality and contributes meaningfully to research or practice. To be considered a research output, the design must be formally documented, exhibited, published, or otherwise disseminated in a way that makes its contribution known and accessible.

Exhibition

A curated public presentation of creative or scholarly work, typically displayed in galleries, museums, or other formal venues. Exhibitions showcase original contributions and are designed to engage audiences through visual, spatial, or experiential formats. To be considered a research output, the exhibition must be publicly accessible, documented, and contribute notable value to its field or discipline.

Figure

A standalone visual representation used in scholarly communication to illustrate, clarify, or support research findings. This may include graphs, diagrams, images, maps, or other visual formats that convey data, concepts, or creative insights. To be considered a research output, the figure must be original, formally published or disseminated, and contribute notable value to the understanding or interpretation of the research.

Fileset

A curated collection of related digital files grouped together to support or document research. This may include datasets, code, documentation, multimedia, or other file types that collectively contribute to a research output. To be considered a research output, the fileset must be formally published or deposited in a recognised repository, be accessible for reuse or citation, and add notable value to the research. Unlike a dataset, which typically consists of structured data intended for analysis or replication, a fileset may encompass a broader range of materials that support or contextualise the research.

Definition

Internet Publication A work published online that presents original research, commentary, or creative content through digital platforms. This may include blog posts, web articles, digital magazine entries, or other web-based formats. To be considered a research output, the publication must be publicly accessible, formally disseminated (e.g. hosted on recognised platforms, with editorial oversight), and contribute notable value to its field, audience, or area of practice. Some form of quality control – such as editorial oversight, peer review, or institutional endorsement – is expected to ensure the integrity and credibility of the content.

Media

Audio, video, or multimedia content created by the researcher as part of research or creative practice. This may include interviews, documentaries, podcasts, or other time-based or interactive formats that convey original insights or creative work. To be considered a research output, the media must be formally published or disseminated, demonstrate intellectual or creative merit, and contribute notable value to its field or audience. Media outputs should be standalone works and not simply contributions to external news reports or journalistic coverage.

Other

A category for research or creative outputs that do not fit within standard classifications but still represent original, meaningful contributions. This may include largely non-verbal, oral, written, or media-based works not elsewhere classified; informal or internal contributions such as communication, knowledge transfer, expression, decision-making, or action; and contributions to external outputs that are not captured by conventional categories. To be considered a research output, the work must be documented, accessible, and demonstrate intellectual, creative, or practical value to its intended audience or field.

Patent

A formal intellectual property right granted for an invention, providing exclusive legal protection and recognition of originality. This category may also include related outputs such as trademarks, licences, copyrights, invention disclosures, and plant variety rights. To be considered a research output, the item must be officially registered or documented, publicly accessible or citable, and contribute notable value to innovation, research, or practice.

Performance

A live or recorded artistic presentation that demonstrates original creative practice or research. This may include theatre, dance, music, spoken word, or other performative forms. To be considered a research output, the performance must be formally documented, publicly accessible through presentation or recording, and contribute notable value to its field, audience, or area of inquiry.

Presentation

A spoken or visual communication of research, creative work, or scholarly insight delivered at a conference, seminar, workshop, or public event. This may include slide decks, oral talks, or other formats designed to share original contributions with an audience. To be considered a research output, the presentation must be formally documented, publicly accessible or citable, and contribute notable value to its field, audience, or area of practice.

Note: A presentation differs from a performance in that it primarily conveys information, analysis, or commentary, often in a structured or academic format. While a performance is typically an artistic or creative enactment intended to be

Definition

experienced as a work-in-itself, a presentation is more often explanatory or discursive, serving to communicate or contextualise research rather than embody it.

Poster

A visual summary of research, creative work, or scholarly insight, typically displayed at academic conferences, symposia, or public events. Posters use visual elements – such as text, graphics, and figures – to communicate key findings or concepts in a concise and accessible format. To be considered a research output, the poster must be formally documented, publicly presented or disseminated, and contribute notable value to its field or audience.

Note: A poster differs from a presentation in that it is primarily a static, visual medium designed for display and individual engagement, rather than a spoken or interactive delivery. While presentations often involve real-time explanation or discussion, posters are intended to stand alone and convey their message independently.

Report

A formal written account presenting research findings, analysis, or recommendations, typically produced by academic, government, industry, or organisational bodies. Reports may include technical documentation, policy analysis, evaluation studies, or commissioned research. To be considered a research output, the report must be publicly accessible or formally disseminated, and contribute notable value to its field, audience, or area of practice.

Note: Reports differ from other written outputs such as journal articles or books in that they are often tailored to specific stakeholders, may follow institutional or organisational formats, and are frequently intended to inform decision-making, policy, or practice.

Scholarly Edition

A critically edited and annotated version of an existing text, produced through rigorous scholarly research and editorial practice. Scholarly editions often include commentary, contextual analysis, variant readings, and supporting materials that enhance understanding of the original work. To be considered a research output, the edition must be formally published, demonstrate intellectual or creative merit, and contribute notable value to its field or discipline.

Note: A scholarly edition differs from a book in that its primary focus is on presenting and interpreting an existing text, rather than delivering original content in the form of a monograph or edited volume. The scholarly contribution lies in the editorial process, critical apparatus, and contextual framing that support the source material.

Software / Code

A computer program, script, or software package developed as part of research or creative practice. This output may include executable tools, libraries, algorithms, or source code that enables analysis, modelling, simulation, or interaction. To be considered a research output, the software or code must be formally documented, publicly accessible or disseminated, and contribute notable value to its field, methodology, or application.

Note: Software / Code differs from a **Dataset**, which consists of structured data intended for analysis or replication, and from a **Fileset**, which is a broader collection

Definition

of related files (e.g. data, documentation, media) grouped for reuse or citation. Software / Code represents functional logic or computational processes, often enabling or embodying the research itself. Formal documentation should include version control, licensing information, and hosting in recognised repositories (e.g. GitHub, GitLab, institutional platforms) to support transparency, reuse, and citation.

Thesis Dissertation

/ A substantial, original written work submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for an academic degree, typically at the postgraduate level. Theses and dissertations present independent research, critical analysis, or creative practice, and are subject to formal examination and institutional approval. To be considered a research output, the work must be documented, publicly accessible (where applicable), and contribute notable value to its field or discipline.

Note: A thesis or dissertation differs from a book in that it is primarily produced for academic qualification, often under supervision, and follows specific institutional formatting and submission requirements. While a book is typically intended for broader publication and readership, a thesis/dissertation is a formal academic document that may later be adapted into other outputs.

Preprint

A version of a scholarly paper that is shared publicly prior to formal peer review and publication. Preprints are typically hosted on recognised repositories and allow early dissemination of research findings, methods, or commentary. To be considered a research output, the preprint must be documented, publicly accessible, and contribute notable value to its field or discipline.

Note: A preprint differs from a formally published journal article in that it has not undergone peer review or editorial processes associated with a traditional publication.

As seen above, publication records encompass a diverse range of outputs, each with distinct characteristics and metadata requirements. To support clarity and consistency in how these records are presented, NZRIS groups them according to shared field structures. This approach enables data providers to easily identify and populate relevant attributes for each publication type, while maintaining alignment with the broader schema. The following tables illustrate the grouped field sets used to represent different types of publication record.

The tables below provide an overview of the available fields for each record type. More specific and detailed information is available in the Field Structure section below.

"[M]" indicates that the field is mandatory for that data type.

Publication Record Overview (Book, Chapter, Conference, Journal-Article, Report, Scholarly Edition)

Book	Chapter	Conference	Journal-Article	Report	Scholarly Edition
Access Type	Access Type	Access Type	Access Type		
Alternative Description (Publication)	Alternative Description (Publication)	Alternative Description (Publication)	Alternative Description (Publication)		
Alternative Title (Publication)	Alternative Title (Publication)	Alternative Title (Publication)	Alternative Title (Publication)		
Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]
	Book Title [M]			Report Title	
	Chapter Number		Article Number	Report Number	
		Conference Finish Date			
		Conference Place	Country		
		Conference Start Date			
Description (Publication)	Description (Publication)	Description (Publication)	Description (Publication)	Abstract	Abstract
DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI
Edition	Edition		Edition		
Editors	Editors	Editors	Editors		
Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source
ISBN-10	ISBN-10	ISBN-10		ISBN-10	ISBN-10
ISBN-13	ISBN-13	ISBN-13		ISBN-13	ISBN-13
		ISSN	ISSN	ISSN	
		Issue	Issue		
Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords
Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
		Name of Conference			
Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes
Output Language	Output Language	Output Language	Output Language		
Pagination	Pagination	Pagination	Pagination	Pagination	Pagination
Place of Publication	Place of Publication	Place of Publication		Place of Publication	
Production Date [M]	Production Date [M]	Production Date	Production Date [M]	Publication Date	Publication Date
		Published Proceedings	Journal [M]		
Publisher	Publisher	Publisher	Publisher	Publisher	Publisher

Book	Chapter	Conference	Journal-Article	Report	Scholarly Edition
Series	Series				
Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]
URL	URL	URL	URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL
Volume	Volume	Volume	Volume		

Publication Record Overview (Artefact, Composition, Design, Exhibition, Performance)

Artefact	Composition	Design	Exhibition	Performance
Abstract	Abstract	Abstract	Abstract	Abstract
Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]
			End Date (Publication)	End Date (Publication)
Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source
Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords
Location [M]			Venue [M]	Place of Performance
Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes
Publication Date	Publication Date	Publication Date		
Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL
			Start Date (Publication)	Start Date (Publication)
Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]

Publication Record Overview (Fileset, Figure, Media, Presentation, Poster)

Figure	Fileset	Media	Presentation	Poster
Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]
Description (Publication)	Description (Publication)	Description (Publication)	Description (Publication) [M]	Abstract
DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI	
Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source
Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords
		Medium		
Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes	Notes
				Presented At

			Presentation Date	Presentation Date [M]
			Presentation Location	
Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]

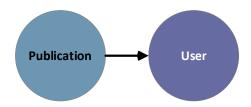
Publication Record Overview (Dataset, Internet Publication, Patent, Preprint, Software / Code, Thesis / Dissertation)

Dataset	Internet Publication	Patent	Preprint	Software / Code	Thesis / Dissertation
		Application Number			
		Associated Authors			
		Awarded Date (Publication)			
Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]	Authors [M]
Description (Publication)	Abstract	Abstract		Abstract	Abstract
DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI	DOI	
	elSSN				
		Expiry Date			
		Filed Date			Date Submitted
Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source	Funding Source
	ISSN				
Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Labels (Publication)	Keywords	Keywords
	Medium	Medium		Medium	
Notes	Notes	Notes		Notes	Notes
		Patent Number			
		Patent Status			
				Place of Publication	
			Preprint Server		
					Presented At
	Publisher			Publisher	
Publication Date	Publication Date	Publication Date	Publication Date	Publication Date	Date Awarded
Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL	Publisher URL

Dataset	Internet Publication	Patent	Preprint	Software / Code	Thesis / Dissertation
					Supervisors
		Territory			
Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]	Title (Publication) [M]

Publication Type Links

As with other link types above, NZRIS defines a set of relationship types that link publications to users. These links apply only to individuals who are <u>directly associated</u> with grants or research funding reported to NZRIS. For people who are indirectly associated – such as co-authors who did not receive funding directly – their relationships to publications are captured separately using the **[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv** file. The following is a list of valid relationship types for connecting publication records within the system.



Link Type	Category id-1	Category id-1	Numeric Link Value
Authored by	Publication	User	8
Edited by	Publication	User	9
Translated by	Publication	User	82
Contributed to	Publication	User	92

User / Person Records

To meet the requirements of the New Zealand Privacy Act 2020, NZRIS deliberately limits the personal information collected about individuals. Only a minimal dataset is requested including name, organisation, ORCiD number, and role. NZRIS also recommends the use of a pseudo-ID – outlined in the Field Structure section – to avoid sharing organisation-specific identifiers for individuals. This approach ensures that privacy is maintained while still enabling meaningful linkage across research records.

Information about people can be provided to NZRIS in two ways. For those individuals that are directly associated to grant or publication records (i.e. project member or publication author funded by grant) relationships are established using a user metadata file and links. For individuals who are only indirectly associated to a grant but whose information is still useful, a separate ingest template is used (e.g. international collaborators, co-authors of a publication). The same role types are available for either approach however it is recommended that if an individual fulfils one of the available roles in the Role Type list then they should be considered a Directly Associated Individual.

Directly Associated Individuals ([Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv)

A directly associated individual is a person who holds a formal, documented role in the grant project. This includes those who are named in the grant application, receive funding, or contribute directly to the execution, management, or reporting of the grant. Almost all people involved in a grant are expected to fall under this definition. While NZRIS provides the option to capture indirectly associated individuals, it is anticipated that this information will rarely be needed or supplied by data providers.

Indirectly Associated Individuals ([Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv)

An indirectly associated individual is a person who is contextually linked to the grant but does not hold a formal or funded role. Their association may arise through related outputs, institutional affiliation, or informal collaboration, without being named in the grant documentation. This may include additional authors on publications arising from the grant. NZRIS provides the option to capture these individuals; however, it is anticipated that this information will rarely be required or supplied.

The table below provides an overview of the available fields. More specific and detailed information is available in the Field Structure section below.

"[M]" indicates that the field is mandatory.

User Record Overview

User Type
Email (data provider email)
First Name
Initials
Last Name [M]
Known As
Job Title
ORCID
Organisation (User)
Organisation Address
Job Title

Protected (User) [M]

Role Type (Indirectly Associated Individuals only)

Username [M]

Role Type Definition

Type	Definition
Administrator	A system or project-level role responsible for managing data, workflows, permissions, and reporting.
Clinical Evaluator	Provides expert assessment of specific aspects of a research study, which may include outcomes, data integrity, methodology, and participant safety. May contribute to determining the scope of research and evaluating the performance, efficacy, or validity of interventions or processes. Supports the research team by offering specialised insight that can influence study design, analysis, and interpretation of results. While critical to ensuring quality and rigor, this role does not hold overall accountability for the project.
Co-Investigator	Supports the Principal Investigator by contributing substantial intellectual input and leadership in specific aspects of the research. May share responsibility for parts of the project's design, analysis, or reporting, but does not hold overall accountability for the project.
Co-Principal Investigator	A Co-Principal Investigator shares responsibility for the research project's design, governance, and compliance alongside the Principal Investigator. They contribute to strategic and scientific leadership and may be named on funding contracts and ethics approvals.
Co-Project Leader	A Co-Project Lead assists in managing the day-to-day delivery of the research project, coordinating activities, timelines, and resources with the Project Lead. They focus on operational tasks and team workflows but do not hold ultimate accountability for compliance or funding obligations.
Collaborator	A researcher or expert contributing to the project, often from another institution or discipline.
Consultant	Provides specialised advice or services (e.g. statistical analysis, technical expertise) but is not part of the core research team.
Key Personnel	Senior or key individuals critical to the project's success, often named in grant applications; includes investigators and other senior researchers.
Key Researcher	A Key Researcher, or Associate Investigator, who provides specialist expertise or performs defined research tasks within the project but does not have formal leadership or administrative authority. Their role is focused on delivering specific components rather than shaping the overall research direction.

Туре	Definition
Personnel	General term for individuals working on a project, including researchers, assistants, and technical staff.
PhD Candidate	A doctoral student who has completed coursework and passed qualifying exams, now engaged in dissertation research.
Postdoctoral Fellow	A researcher with a completed PhD undertaking advanced training and research.
Postgraduate Student	A student enrolled in a master's or other postgraduate programme (not as a doctoral candidate), contributing to research under supervision.
Principal Investigator	The Principal Investigator is the lead researcher with ultimate responsibility for the research project's design, governance, and compliance, including ethics and funder obligations. They provide strategic and scientific leadership, are named on funding contracts and approvals, and are accountable for reporting and dissemination.
Programme Co-Ordinator	Manages the operational aspects of a research programme, including scheduling, communications, and administrative support.
Programme Director	Provides strategic oversight and direction for a research programme, including funding, staffing, and long-term goals.
Project Lead	The project lead manages the day-to-day delivery of the research project, coordinating activities, timelines, and resources to meet agreed milestones. They oversee operational tasks and team workflows but do not hold ultimate accountability for compliance or funding obligations.
Recipient	An individual awarded research funding who is not affiliated with an organisation and assumes full responsibility for delivering the funded work. They manage all aspects of the project, including compliance with funder requirements, reporting, and ethical obligations.
Research Assistant	Assists with research tasks under supervision, such as literature reviews, data entry, or fieldwork.
Researcher	A broad term for someone actively engaged in conducting research within the project.
Supervisor	A senior academic or researcher who provides oversight and mentorship to a student (e.g. PhD or Master's candidate). Supervisors are usually experienced researchers but are not part of the project's investigator team. Their role extends beyond academic guidance to include mentoring on professional development and advising on aspects such as grant management and project administration. While they support and advise on managing the research environment, they do not directly participate in the research activities or contribute to project outputs.

Туре

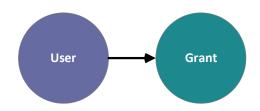
Definition

Technician

Supports the research through technical tasks such as lab work, equipment maintenance, or data collection.

User Type Links

As per the types in the section above, NZRIS captures the roles of individuals associated with research grants and contracts through a defined set of user type links. These links reflect the nature of each person's involvement in the funding arrangement, such as being a Principal Investigator, Co-Investigator, or Project Administrator. The relationships are sourced directly from the grant or contract records submitted to NZRIS, ensuring consistency and traceability across the system. The following section outlines the valid link types used to link Users to Grant records.



Link Type	Category id-1	Category id-2	Numeric Link Value
Administrator	User	Grant	141
Clinical Evaluator	User	Grant	133
Co-Investigator	User	Grant	122
Co-Project Leader	User	Grant	119
Collaborator	User	Grant	126
Consultant	User	Grant	125
Co-Principal Investigator	User	Grant	121
Key Researcher	User	Grant	44
Key Personnel	User	Grant	97
Personnel	User	Grant	117
PhD Candidate	User	Grant	95
Postdoctoral Fellow	User	Grant	96
Postgraduate Student	User	Grant	43
Principal Investigator	User	Grant	120
Programme Co-Ordinator	User	Grant	136
Programme Director	User	Grant	137
Project Lead	User	Grant	118
Recipient	Grant	User	17
Research Assistant	User	Grant	134
Researcher	User	Grant	138
Supervisor	User	Grant	135
Technician	User	Grant	139

Data Submission Overview

Overview of Ingestion Process

The NZRIS data ingestion process is designed to ensure the accurate and consistent integration of research-related data from providers into the NZRIS system. Data providers are required to prepare and format their data into a series of structured CSV files, each corresponding to a specific data domain. These include files containing information on users, grants and contracts, funds and funding rounds, publications, and relationships between categories. Once prepared, these files are submitted via a secure SFTP connection to the NZRIS system. Upon receipt, an automated validation process checks the data against the structural and content requirements outlined in this document. Data that meets the validation criteria is ingested into the NZRIS system for further processing and integration. If any issues are identified during validation, the affected files are returned to the data provider via the same secure SFTP channel, accompanied by detailed error reports to support correction and resubmission. This process ensures that all data entering NZRIS is accurate, complete, and aligned with the national data standards.

The submission process to ingest data into NZRIS requires the creation of multiple *.csv (comma separated value) files. These are:

- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

NOTE: Not all files are required for every submission to NZRIS. Although multiple *.csv files are available, the required files depend on the role of the organisation and the type of information being submitted.

Ingestion templates for capturing organisations not listed in the Research Organisation Registry (ROR) and Indirectly Associated Individuals are available in NZRIS; however, their use is expected to be infrequent and generally limited to situations where additional detail is required.

- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv
- [Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

To ensure consistency and traceability across datasets, all data files should be prefixed with the **Data Provider ID** followed by the dataset ingest number or ingest date, using the following format: ProviderID_Dataset#(or date)_Grants.csv.

For example, if the provider ID is ROY and the dataset ingest number is 05 or submission date is 31/3/2026, the file names should be: ROY_05_Grants.csv or ROY_20260331_Grants.csv.

Note: Examples in this specification have used the ingestion number format.

This convention helps maintain clarity, supports version control, and simplifies identification of data sources during processing and analysis.

Validation

Detailed validation requirements for each file type and its associated fields are provided in the *Field Structure* section of this document. This section outlines the expected structure, data types, mandatory fields, formatting rules, and any conditional logic that must be followed to ensure successful ingestion into the NZRIS system. Data providers should refer to this section when preparing their CSV files to confirm that all required fields are present and correctly formatted. Adhering to these specifications is essential for passing the automated validation process and avoiding delays in data processing.

As part of the NZRIS ingestion process, each submitted file undergoes a series of automated validation checks to ensure data quality, consistency, and compliance with the defined standards. These checks include verifying that field values conform to the specified data types (e.g. text, date, integer), that values fall within defined size limits, and that date fields are within valid and logical ranges. The process also confirms that all mandatory fields are present and populated, and that any values referencing controlled code sets (e.g. classification codes, roles, or types) match the approved formats and permitted values. Additionally, the system checks for duplicate records, validates relationships between linked records (e.g. ensuring referenced IDs exist in related files), and enforces formatting rules for specific entry fields. These validations are critical to ensuring that the data can be reliably integrated into the NZRIS system and used for analysis and reporting.

Data Preparation / Ingestion into NZRIS

This section provides guidance for data providers on how to prepare and structure their data for ingestion into the NZRIS system. While the ingest template presents a streamlined set of standardised fields, it is important to note that these fields may consolidate data from multiple source systems or record types. In such cases, data providers should map their source data to the appropriate ingest fields based on the context of each record. Specific instructions are provided for fields where multiple source names (e.g. "Venue", "Territory", "Conference Place") correspond to a single ingest field (e.g. "Location"). These instructions are designed to ensure consistency, accuracy, and interoperability across diverse data sources. Providers are encouraged to review the field-level notes carefully and apply the appropriate mappings and transformations as outlined.

Data is supplied across multiple .csv files, each corresponding to a specific data type. The _grants.csv, _equipment.csv, and _publications.csv files contain the core descriptive information for each record – such as grant number, title, funding amount, fund name, and publication details – serving as the primary reference for understanding the record's context. The _links.csv file is used to define relationships between records, enabling connections across entities and datasets. Information about individuals associated with funding is captured in both the _users.csv (intended for Directly Associated Individuals) and _persons.csv (intended for Indirectly Associated Individuals) files.

The following section provides detailed guidance on the required structure for each ingest template. Each template is addressed individually and includes all mandatory columns, the specific details needed within each column, and links to comprehensive field-level information located at the end of this document. This cross-referencing is intended to support accurate field selection and ensure alignment with NZRIS data standards. Data providers should use these mappings to verify that their source data is correctly structured and semantically consistent with the ingest requirements.

To ensure successful ingestion into the NZRIS system, data providers must structure each .csv file using the exact column names and order specified in the following lists. The column headers in your file must match the field names provided – both in spelling and sequence – without modification. This consistency is critical for automated processing and validation. Where applicable, field-level notes and mapping references should be reviewed to confirm correct alignment with source data. This approach supports consistent formatting and ensures compatibility with NZRIS processing requirements.

The ingest template instructions provided in this data dictionary are accurate as at **5 December 2025**. These *.csv files represent the current structure and requirements for data submission to NZRIS. Please note that updates or refinements may occur over time to maintain alignment with evolving standards and practices. The NZRIS GitHub repository is the authoritative source for the latest versions of ingest templates and the associated instructions for creating datasets. Users are encouraged to check the repository to ensure they are working with the most up-to-date resources. (New Zealand Research Information System (NZRIS) · GitHub)

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

The grants.csv file is used to collect and organise key information about grants, contracts, and payments. It captures details such as titles and descriptions, financial values, and important dates including award, start, and end dates. All columns are required.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: A unique identifier assigned to each individual record

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. type Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the type of record within the Category

Allowed Values: "grant", "c-contract", "c-payment", "c-devolved"

Detailed Field Information: Type (Grant)

Column 3. category Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the Category the record belongs to

Allowed Values. "grant"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 4. c-protected Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Indication of exclusion of record from NZRIS website

Detailed Field Information: Protected (Grant)

Column 5. title Mandatory

Applicable Types: Grant, c-contract, c-devolved

Definition: Main title or name Detailed Field Information:

• Grant type: Title (Grant)

c-contract type: Name (Grant)c-devolved type: Name (Grant)

Column 6. start-date Mandatory for c-contract and c-devolved types only

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Date on which the grant-funded activity or contract begins

Detailed Field Information: Start Date (Grant)

Column 7. end-date Mandatory for c-contract and c-devolved types only

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Date on which the grant-funded activity or contract is scheduled to conclude

Detailed Field Information: End Date (Grant)

Column 8. description

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Details of the grant, contract, or payment

Detailed Field Information:

Grant type: Description (Grant)
 Mandatory

• c-contract type: **Summary**

• c-devolved type: **Summary** *Mandatory*

• c-payment type: **Details** *Mandatory*

Column 9. funder Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Name of organisation providing the grant funding or distributing monies

Detailed Field Information:

• Grant type: Funder Name

 c-contract type: Distributing Organisation c-devolved type: Distributing Organisation

c-payment type: Distributing Organisation

Column 10. funder-reference

> *Applicable Types.* Grant Mandatory for Grant type only

Definition: A unique identifier to identify a grant Detailed Field Information: Grant Reference

Column 11. c-associated-grant-reference

Applicable Types. c-contract

Definition: A unique identifier to identify an associated grant record

Detailed Field Information: Associated Grant Reference

Column 12. amount-value Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: The total monetary amount Detailed Field Information: Value

Column 13. amount-currency-code Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: The total monetary amount

Allowed Values: Fixed Code Set - See Currency Codes

Detailed Field Information: Currency Code

Column 14. award-date

Applicable Types.

Grant Mandatory c-payment Mandatory

Definition: The date grant was awarded or payment made

Detailed Field Information:

Grant type: Award Date (Grant) c-payment type: Payment Date

Column 15. c-recipient-organisation

Applicable Types. All Mandatory for c-contract, c-payment, c-devolved types

Definition: Name of organisation that receives and administers grant funding

Detailed Field Information: Recipient Organisation

Column 16. labels

> Applicable Types: Grant, c-contract, and c-devolved Definition: Labels from defined code sets (e.g. ANZSRC)

Detailed Field Information: Labels (Grant)

Column 17. c-contract-reference Mandatory for c-contract, c-payment, c-devolved types

Applicable Types: All

Definition: A unique identifier to identify a contract Detailed Field Information: Contract Reference

Column 18. c-parent-contract-reference

Applicable Types: c-contract, c-devolved, c-payment Definition: A unique identifier to identify a parent contract Detailed Field Information: Parent Contract Reference

Column 19. c-funder-application-reference

Applicable Types. Grant

Definition: A unique identifier to identify an application Detailed Field Information: Application Reference

Column 20. c-title-language

Applicable Types. Grant

Definition: Language title written in, if not English

Detailed Field Information: Title Language

Column 21. c-alternative-title

Applicable Types. Grant

Definition: Alternative title to that provided in title field (usually if title not in English)

Detailed Field Information: Alternative Title (Grant)

Column 22. c-intended-outcome

Applicable Types. Grant, c-contract Definition: Expected results or impacts

Detailed Field Information: Intended Outcome

Column 23. c-description-language

Applicable Types. Grant

Definition: Language description written in, if not English

Detailed Field Information: Description Language

Column 24. c-alternative-description

Applicable Types. Grant

Definition: Alternative title to that provided in description field (usually if Description not in

English)

Detailed Field Information: Alternative Description (Grant)

Column 25. constraints

Applicable Types: Grant, c-contract, c-devolved Definition: Limitations, conditions, or requirements

Detailed Field Information: Constraints

Column 26. c-payment-reference

Mandatory for c-payment type only

Applicable Types. c-payment

Definition: A unique identifier to identify a payment Detailed Field Information: Payment Reference

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

The equipment.csv template is used to gather key information about the funds and funding rounds associated with research investments and grants. <u>All columns are required</u>.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: A unique identifier assigned to each individual record

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. type Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the type of record within the Category

Allowed Values: "c-fund", "c-scholarship", "c-internship", "c-fellowship", "c-on-demand", "c-

negotiated", "c-other", "c-funding-round", "c-appropriation"

Detailed Field Information: Type (Fund)

Column 3. category *Mandatory*

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the Category the record belongs to

Allowed Values. "equipment"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 4. name *Mandatory*

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Main title or name

Detailed Field Information: Name (Fund)

Column 5. c-protected *Mandatory*

Applicable Types: c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other, c-funding-round

Definition: Indication of exclusion of record from NZRIS website

Detailed Field Information: Protected (Fund)

Column 6. description

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Details of the fund, funding round, or appropriation

Detailed Field Information.

- c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other types: Fund Description
- c-funding-round type: Funding Round Description
- c-appropriation type: Appropriation Description

Column 7. c-administering-organisation

Applicable Types: c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other

Definition: The organisation responsible for administering the funding if not the funder

Detailed Field Information: Administering Organisation

Column 8. start-date

Applicable Types: c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other, c-appropriation

Definition: The establishment or start date of the fund or appropriation

Detailed Field Information.

- c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other types: Establishment Date (Fund)
- c-appropriation type: Start Year

Column 9. finish-date

Applicable Types: c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other, c-appropriation

Definition: The disestablishment or end date of the fund or appropriation

Detailed Field Information.

- c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other types: Disestablishment Date (Fund)
- c-appropriation type: End Year

Column 10. c-alternative-name

Applicable Types: c-fund, c-scholarship, c-internship, c-fellowship, c-on-demand, c-negotiated, c-other

Definition: An alternative name that the fund may also be known by

Detailed Field Information: Alternative Name (Fund)

Column 11. c-allocation-method

Applicable Types. c-funding-round

Definition: The approach or process used to distribute funding

Allowed Values: "Contestable", "Negotiated", "On-demand", "Core-funding", "Targeted-Strategic"

Detailed Field Information: Allocation Method

Column 12. c-vote

Applicable Types. c-appropriation

Definition: The name of the grouped appropriations

Detailed Field Information: Vote

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv

The links.csv template is used to record relationships between different categories and record types within the metadata system. <u>All columns are required</u>.

Column 1. id-1 Mandatory

Definition: The unique identifier of the originating record

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. category-1

Mandatory

Definition: The originating record type from which the linked record derives

Allowed Values: "grant", "equipment", "publication", "user"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 3. source-1

Mandatory

Definition: The data provider source identifier

Allowed Values: Three-character identifier (e.g. MBE, ROY)

Note: This value will be the three character identifier for the submitting data provider unless specific link is being made to records supplied by another data provider

Column 4. link-type-id

Mandatory

Definition: The applicable numeric link type value

Allowed Values: See Link Values section

Column 5. id-2 Mandatory

Definition: The unique identifier of the recipient record that is linked to the originating record *Detailed Field Information*: **ID**

Column 6. category-2

Mandatory

Definition: The recipient record type that is linked to the originating record

Allowed Values: "grant", "equipment", "publication", "user"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 7. source-2

Mandatory

Definition: The data provider source identifier

Allowed Values: Three-character identifier (e.g. MBE, ROY)

Note: This value will be the three character identifier for the submitting data provider unless specific link is being made to records supplied by another data provider

Column 8. privacy-level

No data required

Definition: System field (not used by NZRIS)

Allowed Values. Leave blank

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

The users.csv template is used to collect information about individuals who are <u>directly associated</u> with research funding, such as grant recipients, collaborators, and other key contributors. Column headings must conform to the list below. <u>All columns are required</u>.

NOTE - unlike other ingest templates the column headings for Users require square brackets.

Column 1. [Title]

Definition: The honorific or courtesy title associated with an individual

Detailed Field Information: Title (User)

Column 2. [Initials]

Definition: The middle initials of the user Detailed Field Information: Initials

Column 3. [Firstname]

Definition: The first name of the user
Detailed Field Information: First Name

Column 4. [Lastname]

Mandatory

Definition: The family name or surname of the user

Detailed Field Information: Last Name

Column 5. [KnownAs]

Definition: The name the individual prefers to be known as

Detailed Field Information: Known As

Column 6. [Suffix]

Definition: The generational or professional suffix associated with a name

Detailed Field Information: Suffix

Column 7. [Email]

Mandatory

Definition: A generic email address associated with the data provider

Detailed Field Information: Email

Column 8. [AuthenticatingAuthority]

Mandatory

Definition: System field only *Allowed value*: "Internal"

Detailed Field Information: Authenticating Authority

Column 9. [Username]

Mandatory

Definition: System field not used by NZRIS

Allowed value: Should replicate the [Proprietary_ID]

Detailed Field Information: Username

Column 10. [Proprietary_ID]

Mandatory

Definition: A unique identifier assigned to each user record

Detailed Field Information: Proprietary_ID

Column 11. [PrimaryGroupDescriptor]

Mandatory

Definition: The short code of the data provider

Detailed Field Information: Primary Group Descriptor

Column 12. [IsAcademic]

Use only "TRUE" or "FALSE"

Definition: System field (not used by NZRIS) to indicate whether the user is an academic staff member

Allowed values: "TRUE" or "FALSE"

Column 13. Protected[Generic01]

Definition: Whether the record should be excluded from the NZRIS website

Detailed Field Information: Protected (User)

Column 14. ORCID[Generic02]

Definition: The ORCiD ID associated with the user record

Detailed Field Information: ORCiD

Column 15. Organisation[Generic03]

Definition: The organisation the user is associated with

Detailed Field Information: Organisation (User)

Column 16. JobTile[Generic04]

Definition: The job title of the user Detailed Field Information: Job Title

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

The publications.csv template is used to capture information about published research outputs that result from grant funding. All columns are required.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: A unique identifier assigned to each individual record

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. type Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the type of record within the Category

Allowed Values: ""book", "chapter", "conference", "journal-article", "artefact", "composition", "dataset", "design", "exhibition", "figure", "fileset", "internet-publication", "media", "other", "patent", "performance", "presentation", "poster", "report", "scholarly-edition", "software", "thesis-

dissertation", "preprint""

Detailed Field Information: Type (Publication)

Column 3. category *Mandatory*

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the Category the record belongs to

Allowed Values: "publication"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 4. title Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: The title of the research output Detailed Field Information: Title (Publication)

Column 5. publication-date

Applicable Types: artefact, book, composition, dataset, chapter, conference, design, internet publication, journal-article, other, patent, preprint, presentation, poster, report, scholarly edition, software/code, thesis/dissertation

Definition: The date on which the output is formally published or made publicly accessible Detailed Field Information:

• Artefact type: Publication Date

Book type: Production Date
 Mandatory

• Composition type: Publication Date

• Dataset type: Publication Date

Chapter type: Production Date
 Mandatory

Conference Type: Production Date

• Design type: Publication Date

• Internet Publication type: Publication Date

Other type: Publication Date

Patent type: Publication Date

• Preprint type: Publication Date

• Presentation type: Presentation Date

Poster type: Presentation Date
 Mandatory

• Report type: Publication Date

• Scholarly Edition type: Publication Date

Software / Code type: Publication Date

Thesis / Dissertation type: Date Awarded

Column 6. journal

Applicable Types: conference, journal-article, other

Definition: The full title of the journal or conference proceedings

Detailed Field Information:

• Conference type: Published Proceedings

Journal-article type: Journal
 Mandatory

Other type: Journal

Column 7. volume

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, journal-article, other

Definition: The numbered or named grouping of a published work that indicates its place within a

larger series or collection

Detailed Field Information: Volume

Column 8. issue

Applicable Types: conference, journal-article, other

Definition: The specific number, label, or designation of a journal, periodical, or conference

proceedings

Detailed Field Information: Issue

Column 9. number

Applicable Types: book, chapter, article, report

Definition: The applicable identifying number related to the output

Detailed Field Information.

• Book type: Chapter Number

• Chapter type: Chapter Number

• Journal-Article type: Article Number

Report type: Report Number

Column 10. pagination-full

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, journal-article, report, scholarly article, other

Definition: The page range or page count Detailed Field Information: Pagination

Column 11. name-of-conference

Applicable Types: conference, presentation

Definition: The name of the conference or place where presentation given

Detailed Field Information.

• Conference type: Name of Conference

• Presentation type: Presented At

Column 12. location

Applicable Types: conference, artefact, journal-article, exhibition, performance, presentation, other, patent

Definition: The location applicable to the output type

Detailed Field Information.

• Conference type: Conference Place

Artefact type: Location

Mandatory

Journal-Article type: Country

• Exhibition type: **Venue**

Mandatory

Performance type: Place of Performance

• Presentation type: Presentation Location

Other type: LocationPatent type: Territory

Column 13. start-date

Applicable Types: conference, exhibition, performance, other, patent

Definition: The start date applicable to the output type

Detailed Field Information.

• Conference type: Conference Start Date

- Exhibition type: Start Date (Publication)
- Performance type: Start Date (Publication)
- Other type: Start Date (Publication)
- Patent type: Awarded Date (Publication)

Column 14. finish-date

Applicable Types: conference, exhibition, performance, other, patent

Definition: The end date applicable to the output type

Detailed Field Information:

• Conference type: Conference Finish Date

Exhibition type: Finish DatePerformance type: Finish Date

Other type: Finish DatePatent type: Expiry Date

Column 15. parent-title

Applicable Types: chapter, preprint, report Definition: The full title of the output

Detailed Field Information:

Chapter type: Book Title
 Mandatory

Preprint type: Preprint ServerReport type: Report Title

Column 16. publisher

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, journal-article, internet publication, other, report, scholarly edition, software/code

Definition: The individual, organisation, or entity responsible for producing, distributing, or making

a research output publicly available

Detailed Field Information: Publisher

Column 17. edition

Applicable Types: book, chapter, journal-article, other

Definition: The published edition assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: Edition

Column 18. series

Applicable Types: book, chapter, other

Definition: The named collection or sequence of related works published under a common title or

theme

Detailed Field Information: Series

Column 19. place-of-publication

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, report, other, software/code

Definition: The city or location where the publisher or issuing organisation is based

Detailed Field Information: Place of Publication

Column 20. medium

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, journal-article, report, scholarly article, other, artefact, composition, design, exhibition, performance, media, patent, software/code, internet publication *Definition:* The format, material, or delivery method through which a research output is created, presented, or made accessible

Detailed Field Information: Medium

Column 21. filed-date

Applicable Types: patent, thesis/dissertation

Definition: The date the output was filed or submitted

Detailed Field Information:

Patent type: Filed Date

• Thesis/Dissertation type: Date Submitted

Column 22. patent-number

Applicable Types. patent

Definition: The unique identifying number that applies to the patent

Detailed Field Information: Patent Number

Column 23. patent-status

Applicable Types: patent

Definition: The status of the patent application at the time data provided to NZRIS

Detailed Field Information: Patent Status

Column 24. doi

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, journal-article, report, scholarly edition, fileset, figure, other, media, presentation, preprint, dataset, patent, software/code, internet publication

Definition: The unique alphanumeric string assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: DOI

Column 25. publisher-url

Applicable Types: artefact, book, composition, chapter, conference, dataset, design, exhibition, internet publication, journal-article, other, patent, performance, preprint, report, scholarly edition, software/code, thesis/dissertation

Definition: The date on which the output is formally published or made publicly accessible Detailed Field Information:

• Artefact type: Publisher URL

Book type: URL

Composition type: Publisher URL

• Chapter type: URL

• Conference Type: **URL**Error! Reference source not found.

Dataset type: Publisher URL

• Design type: Publisher URL

Exhibition type: Publisher URL

• Internet Publication type: Publisher URL

Journal-article type: URL

• Other type: Publisher URL

• Patent type: Publisher URL

Performance: Publisher URL

Preprint type: Publisher URL

Report type: Publisher URL

Scholarly Edition: Publisher URL

Software / Code type: Publisher URL

Thesis / Dissertation type: Publisher URL

Column 26. abstract

Applicable Types. All

Definition: A description applicable to the output type

Detailed Field Information.

Artefact type: Abstract

• Book type: Description (Publication)

• Composition type: Abstract

Dataset type: Description (Publication)

Chapter type: Description (Publication)

• Conference Type: **Description (Publication)**

Design type: Abstract

Exhibition type: Abstract

• Figure type: Description (Publication)

Fileset type: Description (Publication)

• Internet Publication type: Abstract

• Journal-article type: Description (Publication)

• Media type: Description (Publication)

Other type: AbstractPatent type: Abstract

• Performance type: Abstract

• Presentation type: **Description (Publication)**

Mandatory

Poster type: Abstract
 Report type: Abstract
 Scholarly Edition: Abstract
 Software type: Abstract

• Thesis / Dissertation type: **Abstract**

Column 27. keywords

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Keywords associated with the output to facilitate grouping

Detailed Field Information: Keywords

Column 28. notes

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Additional contextual, explanatory, or clarifying information about a research output

not covered by other structured fields. *Detailed Field Information:* **Notes**

Column 29. language

Applicable Types: chapter, conference, journal-article, preprint, other *Definition:* The language in which the publication or output is written

Detailed Field Information: Output Language

Column 30. isbn-10

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, report, scholarly edition, other

Definition: The unique ISBN-10 string assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: ISBN-10

Column 31. isbn-13

Applicable Types: book, chapter, conference, report, scholarly edition, other

Definition: The unique ISBN-13 string assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: ISBN-13

Column 32. issn

Applicable Types: conference, journal-article, internet publication, report, other

Definition: The unique ISSN string assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: ISSN

Column 33. eissn

Applicable Types: conference, journal-article, internet publication, other, report

Definition: The unique eISSN string assigned to a research output

Detailed Field Information: eISSN

Column 34. open-access-status

Applicable Types: chapter, conference, journal-article

Definition: Classification of a research output based on its availability to users

Detailed Field Information: Access Type

Column 35. c-alternative-title

Applicable Types: chapter, conference, journal-article Definition: Alternative title if title is not in English

Detailed Field Information: Alternative Title (Publication)

Column 36. c-alternative-description

Applicable Types: chapter, conference, journal-article

Definition: Alternative description if description is not in English Detailed Field Information: Alternative Description (Publication)

Column 37. c-protected

Applicable Types: All

Definition: Indication of exclusion of record from NZRIS website

Detailed Field Information: Protected (Publication)

Column 38. c-funding-source-reference

Applicable Types. All

Definition: The source of funding for the research output

Detailed Field Information: Funding Source

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

The collaborating-organisations.csv template is used to capture information about collaborating organisations that are directly involved in funded research activities. <u>All columns are required</u>.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Definition: The unique identifier assigned to the record for associating with the Category above (i.e. grant number)

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. category

Mandatory

Definition: The category to which the Indirectly Associated Individual or Collaborating

Organisation is associated with *Allowed Values.* "grant"

Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 3. field-name

Mandatory

Definition: The role of the individual

Allowed Values: "c-collaborating-organisation"

Column 4. organisation

Mandatory

Definition: The full name of the organisation Detailed Field Information: Organisation (User)

Column 5. sub-organisation

No data required

Definition: Not used

Column 6. street-address

Definition: The street address for the organisation Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 7. city

Definition: The city where the organisation is based Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 8. state

Definition: The state or region where the organisation is based

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 9. zip-code

Definition: The zip code or postal code for the organisation

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 10. country

Definition: The country where the organisation is based

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 11. grid-id

Definition: The Organisation's unique Global Research Identifier Database ID

Detailed Field Information: GRID ID

Column 12. ror-id

Definition: The Organisation's unique Research Organisation Registry Database ID

Detailed Field Information: ROR

Column 13. nzbn-id

Definition: The New Zealand Business Number allocated to the organisation

Detailed Field Information: NZBN

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

The persons.csv template is used to capture information about individuals who are <u>indirectly associated</u> with research funding, such as editors and co-authors. <u>All columns are required</u>.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Definition: The unique identifier assigned to the record for associating with the Category above (i.e. grant number)

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. category

Mandatory

Definition: The category to which the Indirectly Associated Individual or Collaborating

Organisation is associated with

Allowed Values. "grant" or "publication" Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 3. field-name

Mandatory

Definition: The role of the individual

Allowed Values:

- Grant type "researchers"
- publication type "authors", "editors", "associated-author"

Column 4. surname

Mandatory

Definition: If the indirect association is an individual provide the family name or surname of an individual

Detailed Field Information: Surname

Column 5. first-name

Definition: The first name of the user Detailed Field Information: First Name

Column 6. order-number

No data required

Definition: Used to specify author order

Column 7. orcid

Definition: The ORCiD ID associated with the user record

Detailed Field Information: ORCiD

Column 8. organisation

Definition: The full name of the organisation Detailed Field Information: Organisation (User)

Column 9. street-address

Definition: The street address for the organisation Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 10. city

Definition: The city where the organisation is based *Detailed Field Information*: **Address (Persons)**

Column 11. state

Definition: The state or region where the organisation is based

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 12. country

Definition: The country where the organisation is based

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

Column 13. zip-code

Definition: The zip code or postal code for the organisation

Detailed Field Information: Address (Persons)

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Organisations recorded by the Research Organisation Registry (ROR) - Research Organization Registry (ROR) | Home - are automatically included in the NZRIS database. For other organisations use this template. All columns are required.

Column 1. id Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: A unique identifier assigned to each individual record

Detailed Field Information: ID

Column 2. type Mandatory

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the type of record within the Category

Allowed Values. "c-organisation"

Detailed Field Information: Type (Organisation)

Column 3. category *Mandatory*

Applicable Types. All

Definition: Classification field that identifies the Category the record belongs to

Allowed Values: "external-organisation" Detailed Field Information: Category

Column 4. name *Mandatory*

Definition: The Organisation's name

Detailed Field Information: Organisation Name

Column 5. addresses *Mandatory*

Definition: Physical address of the organisation Detailed Field Information: Address (Organisation)

Column 6. c-alternative-name

Definition: Other officially recognised name

Detailed Field Information: Alternative Name (Organisation)

Column 7. aliases

Definition: Other names or informal references Detailed Field Information: Additional Aliases

Column 8. acronyms

Definition: Abbreviated names or commonly known short-form names

Detailed Field Information: Acronyms

Column 9. url

Definition: The name of any subsidiary organisation/s

Detailed Field Information: Website URL

Column 10. types

Definition: The name of any subsidiary organisation/s
Allowed values. See New Zealand Organisation Types below

Detailed Field Information: Type (Organisation)

Column 11. identifiers

Definition: The unique identifiers for the organisation.

Detailed Field Information: Identifiers

Column 12. established

Definition: Organisation foundation date

Detailed Field Information: Establishment Date (Organisation)

Column 13. c-disestablishment-date

Definition: Organisation foundation date

Detailed Field Information: Disestablishment Date (Organisation)

Column 14. parent-organisation-identifiers

Definition: The name of the parent organisation Detailed Field Information: Parent Organisation

Column 15. child-organisation-identifiers

Definition: The name of any subsidiary organisation/s Detailed Field Information: Subsidiary Organisation

Column 16. preceded-by-organisation-identifiers

Definition: The name of any predecessor organisation/s Detailed Field Information: **Predecessor Organisation**

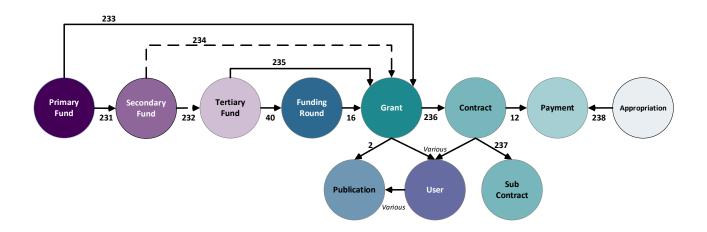
Column 17. succeeded-by-organisation-identifiers

Definition: The name of any successor organisation/s Detailed Field Information: Successor Organisation

Column 18. related-organisation-identifiers

Definition: The name of any related organisation/s Detailed Field Information: Related Organisation

Link Values



Relationships between records (both within a category and across categories) are created using a numbered "link". The order of the categories in the table is important when completing the ingestion template. For each link value, Category id-1 and Category id-2 indicate the expected position of the related categories. Data providers must provide the corresponding identifiers in the correct order. For example, if a relationship between a *funding round* and a *fund* is specified using link value 40, the *funding round* identifier must be entered in position 1 and the *fund* identifier in position 2. This ensures the relationship is correctly interpreted during ingestion.

The following is a list of available relationships:

Numeric Link Value	Link Type Usage	Category id-1	Category id-2
2	Publication resulting from Grant	Publication	Grant
8	Publication Author	Publication	User
9	Publication Editor	Publication	User
12	Contract to Payment	Grant (Contract)	Grant (Payment)
16	Grant to Funding Round	Grant	Equipment (Funding Round)
17	Grant Recipient	Grant	User
40	Funding Round to Fund	Equipment (Funding Round)	Equipment (Fund)
43	Postgraduate Student on Grant	User	Grant
44	Key Researcher on Grant	User	Grant
82	Publication Translator	Publication	User
92	Publication Contributor	Publication	User
95	PhD Candidate on Grant	User	Grant
96	Postdoctoral Fellow on Grant	User	Grant
97	Key Personnel on Grant	User	Grant
117	Personnel on Grant	User	Grant

118	Project Lead on Grant	User	Grant
119	Co-project Leader on Grant	User	Grant
120	Principal Investigator on Grant	User	Grant
121	Co-principal Investigator on Grant	User	Grant
122	Co-investigator on Grant	User	Grant
125	Consultant on Grant	User	Grant
126	Collaborator on Grant	User	Grant
133	Clinical Evaluator on Grant	User	Grant
134	Research Assistant on Grant	User	Grant
135	Supervisor on Grant	User	Grant
136	Programme Co-ordinator on Grant	User	Grant
137	Programme Director on Grant	User	Grant
138	Researcher on Grant	User	Grant
139	Technician on Grant	User	Grant
141	Administrator on Grant	User	Grant
231	Primary Fund to Secondary Fund	Equipment (Primary Fund)	Equipment (Secondary Fund)
232	Secondary Fund to Tertiary Fund	Equipment (Secondary Fund)	Equipment (Tertiary Fund)
233	Grant to Primary Fund	Grant	Equipment (Primary Fund)
234	Grant to Secondary Fund	Grant	Equipment (Secondary Fund)
235	Grant to Tertiary Fund	Grant	Equipment (Tertiary Fund)
236	Grant to Contract	Grant	Grant (Contract)
237	Contract to Contract	Grant (Contract)	Grant (Contract)
238	Payment to Appropriation	Grant (Payment)	Equipment (Appropriation)

Code Sets

Currency Codes

The following is a list of currency codes available for NZRIS.

Currency	Code	Currency	Code
Australian Dollars	AUD	Brazilian Real	BRL
Canadian Dollars	CAD	Swiss Franc	CHF
Renminbi	CNY	Euro	EUR
Pound Sterling	GBP	Hong Kong Dollar	HKD
Indian Rupee	INR	Japanese Yen	JPY
South Korean Won	KRW	Mexican Peso	MXN
Norwegian Krone	NOK	New Zealand Dollar	NZD
Singapore Dollar	SGD	Swedish Krona	SEK
Turkish Lira	TRY	United States Dollar	USD
South African Rand	ZAR		

Language Codes

Language Codes (ISO 639-2) are internationally recognised three-letter codes used to identify languages in a standardised way. These codes support consistent language tagging across systems, enabling accurate data entry, multilingual support, and interoperability. For this documentation, an example list of 50 ISO 639-2 language codes has been selected to reflect some of the commonly used languages in New Zealand, including Pacific, Asian, and major European languages, as well as te reo Māori. Additional languages with NZRIS acceptable codes are available from the Library of Congress (ISO 639-2 Language Code List - Codes for the representation of names of languages (Library of Congress)).

Example List of Commonly Used Codes

Language	Code	Language	Code
Afrikaans	afr	Indonesian	ind
Amharic	amh	Italian	ita
Arabic	ara	Japanese	jpn
Armenian	arm	Korean	kor
Assamese	asm	Lao	lao
Azerbaijani	aze	Malagasy	mlg
Basque	baq	Malay	may
Bengali	ben	Māori	mao
Bulgarian	bul	Nepali	nep
Burmese	bur	Niuean	niu
Chechen	che	Persian	per
Chinese	chi	Polish	pol

Croatian	hrv	Portuguese	por
Czech	cze	Russian	rus
Danish	dan	Samoan	smo
Dutch	dut	Serbian	srp
Estonian	est	Somali	som
Fijian	fij	Swahili	swa
Finnish	fin	Tagalog	tgl
French	fre	Tamil	tam
Georgian	geo	Thai	tha
German	ger	Tongan	ton
Hebrew	heb	Turkish	tur
Hindi	hin	Vietnamese	vie

New Zealand Organisation Types

Туре
Company
Contract Research Organisation (CRO)
Crown Research Institute (CRI)
Education
Government
Health Research Organisation
Independent Research Organisation (IRO)
Māori Research Organisation
Non Profit
Public Research Organisation (PRO)
Regional Research Institute
State Owned Enterprise
University
Wānanga

Label Schemes

Label Scheme tables are current as of 5 December 2025. For the latest Label Scheme information, please refer to the NZRIS GitHub repository. (New Zealand Research Information System (NZRIS) · GitHub)

There are several label schemes available in NZRIS allowing for categorisation of data. All labels are captured in a single field on the grants-metadata record. The format of the field is as follows:

- Label Value (e.g. 220302 Electronic information storage and retrieval services)
- pipe delimiter
- Label Scheme Identifier (e.g. for-2020)
- pipe delimiter
- Percentage (e.g. 25)
- semicolon delimiter = end of record.

Example: 310803 Plant cell and molecular biology|for-2020|25;310804 Plant developmental and reproductive biology|for-2020|50;310806 Plant physiology|for-2020|25;260205 Softwood plantations|seo-2020|30;260506 Kiwifruit|seo-2020|70

In the example above there are three Fields of Research 2020 codes:

310803 Plant cell and molecular biology (25%) 310804 Plant developmental and reproductive biology (50%) 310806 Plant physiology (25%)

and two Socio-Economic Objectives 2020 codes:

260205 Softwood plantations (30%) 260506 Kiwifruit (70%)

ANZSRC

ANZSRC code Label Values are constructed by combining the ANZSRC code and description. For example, as demonstrated below, the 2020 Fields of Research Code 440104 has a description of "Environmental anthropology". The Label Value required for NZRIS is therefore: 440104 Environmental anthropology.



This value is combined in the format above with delimiters "|" and the Label Scheme Identifier "for-2020". A full list of ANZSRC codes can be found at: <u>ANZSRC | Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employment</u>

Label Scheme Identifier	Label Scheme Name
for-2020	ANZSRC Fields of Research 2020
for	ANZSRC Fields of Research 2008
seo-2020	ANZSRC Socio-Economic Objectives 2020
c-socio-economic-objectives-2008	ANZSRC Socio-Economic Objectives 2008
toa-2020	ANZSRC Types of Activity 2020

Strategic Programme

(Label Scheme Identifier: c-strategic-programme)

Label Value	Description
CoRE Te Pūnaha Matatini	CoRE: Te Pūnaha Matatini - Complex Changes
CoRE Bio Protection Research Centre	CoRE: Bio Protection Research Centre
CoRE Brain Research New Zealand	CoRE: Brain Research New Zealand
CoRE: The Dodd Walls Centre	CoRE: The Dodd Walls Centre for Photonic and Quantum Technologies
CoRE The MacDiarmid Institute	CoRE: The MacDiarmid Institute for Advanced Materials and Nanotechnology
CoRE Maurice Wilkins Centre	CoRE: Maurice Wilkins Centre for Molecular Biodiscovery
CoRE Medical Technologies Centre of Research Excellence	CoRE: Medical Technologies Centre of Research Excellence
CoRE Ngā Pae o te Māramatanga	CoRE: Ngā Pae o te Māramatanga
CoRE QuakeCoRE	CoRE: QuakeCoRE
CoRE Riddet Institute	CoRE: Riddet Institute
NSC Better Start	A Better Start – E Tipu e Rea
NSC Aging Well	Ageing Well – Kia eke kairangi ki te taikaumātuatanga
NSC Building Better	Building Better Homes, Towns and Cities – Ko ngā wā kāinga hei whakamāhorahora
NSC Healthier Lives	Healthier Lives – He Oranga Hauora
NSC High-Value Nutrition	High-Value Nutrition – Ko Ngā Kai Whai Painga
NSC Biological Heritage	New Zealand's Biological Heritage – Ngā Koiora Tuku Iho
NSC Land and Water	Our Land and Water – Toitū te Whenua, Toiora te Wai
NSC Resilience	Resilience to Nature's Challenges – Kia manawaroa – Ngā Ākina o Te Ao Tūroa
NSC Technological Innovation	Science for Technological Innovation – Kia kotahi mai – Te Ao Pūtaiao me Te Ao Hangarau
NSC Sustainable Seas	Sustainable Seas – Ko ngā moana whakauka
NSC Deep South	The Deep South – Te Kōmata o Te Tonga

UN Sustainable Development Goals (Label Scheme Identifier: sdg)

Label Value	Code	Description
1 No Poverty	1	SDG 1 - No Poverty
2 Zero Hunger	2	SDG 2 - Zero Hunger
3 Good Health and Well Being	3	SDG 3 - Good Health and Well Being
4 Quality Education	4	SDG 4 - Quality Education
5 Gender Equality	5	SDG 5 - Gender Equality
6 Clean Water and Sanitation	6	SDG 6 - Clean Water and Sanitation
7 Affordable and Clean Energy	7	SDG 7 - Affordable and Clean Energy
8 Decent Work and Economic Growth	8	SDG 8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth
9 Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9	SDG 9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
10 Reduced Inequalities	10	SDG 10 - Reduced Inequalities
11 Sustainable Cities and Communities	11	SDG 11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities
12 Responsible Consumption and Production	12	SDG 12 - Responsible Consumption and Production
13 Climate Action	13	SDG 13 - Climate Action
14 Life Below Water	14	SDG 14 - Life Below Water
15 Life on Land	15	SDG 15 - Life on Land
16 Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	16	SDG 16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions
17 Partnerships for the Goals	17	SDG 17 - Partnerships for the Goals

Vision Mātauranga

(Label Scheme Identifier: c-vision-matauranga)

Label Value	Description
Hauora / Oranga	Improving Health and Social Wellbeing
Indigenous Innovation	Contributing to Economic Growth through Distinctive R&D
Mātauranga	Exploring indigenous knowledge and RS&T
Taiao	Achieving environmental sustainability through Iwi and Hāpu relationships with land and sea

Technology Readiness Level

(Label Scheme Identifier: c-technology-readiness-level)

Label Value	Code	Description
Basic principles observed and reported	TRL1	Scientific principles underlying the technology are identified and reported. No practical application yet; research is at the conceptual stage.
Technology concept and/or application formulated	TRL 2	The technology concept and potential application are formulated. Performance requirements are broadly defined but consistent with the concept.
Experimental proof of concept	TRL3	Analytical and experimental critical function and/or characteristic proof-of-concept demonstrated in a laboratory environment.
Technology validated in laboratory	TRL 4	Component and/or breadboard validation in a laboratory environment. Demonstrates that the technology works under controlled conditions.
Technology validated in relevant environment	TRL 5	Component and/or breadboard critical function verification in a relevant environment (simulated operational conditions).
Technology demonstrated in relevant environment	TRL 6	Model or prototype demonstration of critical functions in a relevant environment.
System prototype demonstrated in operational environment	TRL7	Model or prototype demonstration of the element performance in an operational environment.
System completed and qualified	TRL 8	System completed and "flight qualified" through test and demonstration in its operational environment.
Actual system proven in operational environment	TRL 9	System proven through successful mission operations.

Detailed Field Information

This section provides a structured overview of each field included in the data specification, supporting consistent data capture, ingestion, and interpretation. Each entry includes the field name, the category and ingest template it belongs to, and the specific types it applies to. A brief definition explains the field's purpose, while usage guidance offers context or instructions to ensure correct application.

Technical details are included to support implementation, such as the database column name, data type and length, formatting requirements (e.g. date formats), and any validation rules or code sets that apply. Fields are marked as mandatory or optional, and example values are provided to illustrate expected inputs. Where relevant, alternative field names used across different types are noted to help identify equivalent fields and maintain consistency.

This information is intended to help analysts, developers, and data stewards understand how each field should be used, validated, and interpreted across systems and datasets.

Field Name Abstract

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Artefact type

Composition type Design type Exhibition type

Internet Publication type

Other type
Patent type
Performance type
Poster type
Report type
Scholarly Edition
Software / Code type

Definition A brief summary or abstract that provides context and key

details about the output.

Thesis / Dissertation type

Guide for Use This field should record the abstract of a publication or be a

concise summary that describes the nature, purpose, and content of the output. It may include information about the topic, methodology, scope, or significance of the work. For creative outputs, describe the form, medium, and conceptual focus. The description should be written in plain language and be suitable for a general audience. Avoid technical jargon unless necessary. This information supports discoverability, classification, and understanding of the output across systems.

Column Name abstract
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Other Names Description (Publication) (Book type)

Description (Publication) (Chapter type)
Description (Publication) (Conference type)
Description (Publication) (Journal-article type)
Description (Publication) (Dataset type)
Description (Publication) (Figure type)
Description (Publication) (Fileset type)
Description (Publication) (Media type)

Description (Publication) (Presentation type)

Field Name Access Type

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Chapter

Conference Journal-Article

Definition The classification of a research output based on its availability to

users, indicating whether it is openly accessible, restricted, or

available through subscription or institutional access.

Guide for Use This field should record the access status of the output at the

time of data entry using standard terms such as "Open Access," "Embargoed," "Subscription," "Restricted," or "Internal Use Only." Use the terminology provided by the publisher, repository, or institution where applicable. If the access type is unclear or not specified, leave the field blank. This information is important for understanding how and by whom the research output can be accessed, and supports compliance with open-access policies,

funding requirements, and institutional reporting.

Column Name open-access-status

Data Type choice

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Open Access, Internal Use Only

Field Name Acronyms

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition Any abbreviated names, initials, or commonly used short forms

by which an organisation is known.

Guide for Use This field should capture official acronyms, initialisms, or aliases

that may be used in documentation, communications, or public references. Include all relevant abbreviations that help identify the organisation across systems and datasets. Use accurate and current acronyms, and separate multiple entries with a semicolon or other standard delimiter. This information is essential for improving searchability, supporting data matching,

and ensuring consistency in organisational references.

Column Name acronyms

Data Type list

Format & Length Layout Semi colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional
Example Values NIWA; NZOI

Field Name Additional Aliases

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition Any other names, labels, or informal references by which an

organisation may be known, aside from its official name or

acronym.

Guide for Use This field should capture alternative names that may appear in

public discourse, legacy systems, historical records, or community usage. These could include former names, translations, nicknames, or descriptive titles that are not formal acronyms. Use clear and recognisable terms that help identify the organisation in different contexts. This information is useful for improving data linkage, supporting historical analysis, and ensuring comprehensive identification of organisations across

datasets.

Column Name aliases
Data Type list

Format & Length Layout Semi colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Waipapa Taumata Rau; The University of Auckland; University

of Auckland; Auckland University; Te Whare Wānanga o

Tāmaki Makaurau

Field Name Address (Organisation)

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The physical location associated with the organisation.

Guide for Use The address field records the complete physical location of an

organisation. An address includes the following components but not all of these are mandatory. Separate components with

a comma.

Street Address: Include building number and street name. Add apartment, suite, or unit numbers only if relevant. Do not

include landmarks or directions.

City: Enter the full city name without abbreviations. Use correct

spelling and capitalisation.

State or Region: Provide the official state, province, or region name, or use standard abbreviations (e.g. CA for California).

Leave blank if not applicable.

Country: Always include the full country name in English. This is essential because many cities share the same name across different countries (e.g. "Wellington" exists in New Zealand, Canada, and South Africa). Including the country ensures

accurate identification, geolocation, and reporting.

Zip or Postal Code: Use the official postal code format for the country. Do not add spaces or punctuation unless required by

the format.

Column Name addresses

Data Type Address-list

Data Type Address-list

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values 24 Princes Street, Auckland, New Zealand, 2010

Field Name Address (Persons)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

Applicable Types Gran

Definition The physical location associated with a collaborating

organisation.

Guide for Use The address fields record the complete physical location of an

organisation. They include the following components, each of

which must be entered accurately:

Street Address: Include building number and street name. Add apartment, suite, or unit numbers only if relevant. Do not

include landmarks or directions.

City: Enter the full city name without abbreviations. Use correct

spelling and capitalisation.

State or Region: Provide the official state, province, or region name, or use standard abbreviations (e.g. CA for California).

Leave blank if not applicable.

Country: Always include the full country name in English. This is essential because many cities share the same name across different countries (e.g. "Wellington" exists in New Zealand, Canada, and South Africa). Including the country ensures

accurate identification, geolocation, and reporting.

Zip or Postal Code: Use the official postal code format for the country. Do not add spaces or punctuation unless required by

be former

the format.

Do not enter placeholder text such as "N/A" or "Unknown".

Fields can be left blank if no data exists.

Column Name c-collaborating-organisation

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Street Address: 24 Princes Street

City: Auckland

State or Region: Auckland Country: New Zealand Zip or Postal Code: 2010 Field Name Administering Organisation

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-fund

c-scholarship c-internship c-fellowship c-on-demand c-negotiated c-other

Definition The organisation responsible for managing and delivering the

fund or funding round.

Guide for Use This field should contain the name of the agency, department,

or entity that oversees the administration of the fund, including tasks such as application processing, fund disbursement, monitoring, and reporting. Use the full name of the organisation and ensure it aligns with official records. This information is essential for accountability and for directing inquiries or

correspondence related to the fund.

Column Name c-administering-organisation

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Ministry for Business, Employment and Innovation

Field Name Allocation Method

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-funding-round

Definition The approach or process used to distribute funding to

recipients.

Guide for Use This field should specify how funding is allocated – whether

through direct grants, competitive processes, formula-based distribution, or other mechanisms. It may also include criteria or decision-making processes used to determine allocations. Clear documentation of the allocation method supports transparency and consistency in funding decisions and enables effective

evaluation and audit.

Column Name c-allocation-method

Data Type Fixed entry

Allowed Values Contestable

Negotiated

On-demand

Core-funding

Targeted-Strategic

Mandatory/Optional Optional
Example Values Contestable

Field Name Alternative Description (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

description field - typically for use when the main description is

not in English.

description when the original description is not in English. This

supports accessibility and clarity for diverse audiences.

Column Name c-alternative-description

Data Type Text

Format & Length 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Alternative Description (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Chapter

Conference Journal-Article

description field – typically for use when the main description is

not in English.

description when the original description is not in English. This

supports accessibility and clarity for diverse audiences.

Column Name c-alternative-description

Data Type Text

Format & Length 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-fund

c-scholarship c-fellowship c-internship c-on-demand c-negotiated c-other

Definition Any other name(s) by which the fund or funding round is known,

including acronyms, previous names, or informal titles.

Guide for Use This field supports identification of the fund under different

naming conventions. All relevant aliases should be included to support searchability and cross-referencing. If there are multiple alternative names, they should be separated clearly

(e.g. using semicolons) to ensure readability.

Column Name c-alternative-name

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values c-fund: Endeavour

c-funding-round: 2024 Smart Ideas

Field Name (Organisation)

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition An officially recognised name for the organisation that differs

from its primary name, including names in other languages

such as Te Reo Māori.

Guide for Use This field should capture formal alternative names that are

acknowledged by the organisation or its governing bodies. These may include names in Indigenous languages, bilingual naming conventions, or legally recognised translations. Use the full and correct spelling of the alternative name, and ensure it reflects current usage in official records, branding, or

communications.

Column Name c-alternative-name

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Hīkina Whakatutuki, Te Herenga Waka

Field Name Alternative Title (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

field – typically for use when the main title is not in English.

Guide for Use Use this field to provide a translated or alternative version of the

main title, when the original title is not in English. This supports

accessibility and clarity for diverse audiences.

Column Name c-alternative-title

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Alternative Title (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Chapter

Conference Journal-Article

field – typically for use when the main title is not in English.

Guide for Use Use this field to provide a translated or alternative version of the

main title, when the original title is not in English. This supports

accessibility and clarity for diverse audiences.

Column Name c-alternative-title

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Application Number

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Patent

Definition A unique identifier assigned to a patent application by the

relevant intellectual property office. Used to track and reference the application throughout the examination and publication

process.

Guide for Use This field should record the full application number exactly as it

appears in the official documentation. Include any country or regional code, formatting, or prefixes provided by the issuing authority. Do not abbreviate or alter the number. This information is essential for identifying, citing, and verifying the

legal and procedural status of a patent output.

Column Name number

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values US 16/123,456, PCT/AU2025/000123

Other Names Chapter Number (Book type)

Chapter Number (Chapter type)
Report Number (Report type)

Article Number (Journal-Article type)

Field Name Application Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

Definition Grant application number/reference.

Guide for Use Enter the unique application or identification number assigned

during the grant submission process. This helps track and link

the grant to its original application record.

Column Name c-funder-application-reference

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters – multiple entries semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Appropriation Description

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-appropriation

Definition A description of the appropriation from which the fund or

funding round draws its financial resources.

Guide for Use This field should explain the origin and nature of the

appropriation, including the relevant legislation, budget line, or government initiative. It may also include the intended use of the funds as specified in the appropriation. The description should be informative enough to support financial tracking and accountability and should be written in a way that is understandable to both financial and non-financial users.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values This appropriation is intended to support long-term research

capability in areas of strategic importance to New Zealand. It funds research institutions and programmes that deliver public good science, build national capability, and contribute to economic, environmental, and social outcomes. The Strategic Science Investment Fund (SSIF) provides stable funding to support infrastructure, platforms, and research teams that are

not easily funded through contestable mechanisms.

Other Names Funding Round Description (c-funding-round)

Fund Description (c-fund)

Fund Description (c-scholarship)
Fund Description (c-internship)
Fund Description (c-fellowship)
Fund Description (c-on-demand)
Fund Description (c-negotiated)
Fund Description (c-other)

Field Name Article Number

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Journal-Article

Definition A unique identifier assigned to an individual article within a

journal or conference proceedings, often used in place of traditional page ranges, particularly in digital or open-access

publications.

Guide for Use This field should record the article number exactly as it appears

in the publication. Use the publisher's wording without modification. If the publication uses page numbers instead of an article number, use the **Pagination** field. This information is important for accurate citation, indexing, and retrieval of articles, especially in formats where pagination is not used.

Column Name number

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Article 10245, e01567

Other Names Chapter Number (Book type)

Chapter Number (Chapter type) Report Number (Report type) Application Number (Patent type) Field Name Associated Authors

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Applicable Types Patent type

Definition An individual who contributed to the intellectual development

or technical content of a patent but is not formally listed as an inventor. Associated Authors may include collaborators, researchers, or technical experts whose work supported the creation of the patented invention, such as through background research, experimentation, or documentation.

Guide for Use The surname and first-name fields should record the full names

of individuals who played a substantive but non-inventive role in the development of the patent. These individuals are not legally recognised as inventors but may be acknowledged in related publications, reports, or internal records. Including Associated Authors helps provide a fuller picture of the research

and development context surrounding the patent.

Column Name associated-authors

Data Type Person-list Mandatory/Optional Optional Field Name Associated Grant Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types c-contract

Definition A unique identifier or reference number for the grant associated

with the contract record.

Guide for Use The Associated Grant Reference field must be populated on a

contract record when the contract is associated with, or related to, a specific grant or grants. This identifier ensures traceability between the contract and its funding source. The value entered should correspond to the unique grant reference number recorded in the grant record type. If the contract is not funded by a grant, this field should remain blank. Do not enter descriptive text or alternative identifiers; only the official grant reference number from the grant record should be used. This field is used for reporting, compliance, and audit purposes.

Column Name c-associated-grant-reference

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters – multiple entries can be semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values UOOX2198;UOOX2199;UOOX2185

Field Name Authenticating Authority

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition System-required value that identifies the authority responsible

for authenticating the record. For all records, this is set to "Internal" to indicate that authentication is performed within

the organisation's systems.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the authority responsible for

authenticating the record. For all records, the value must be set to "Internal" to indicate that authentication is performed within the organisation's systems. Data providers must ensure this value is consistently applied to support auditability and

maintain data integrity.

Column Name authenticating authority

Data Type Fixed entry
Allowed Values Internal
Mandatory/Optional Mandatory
Example Values Internal

Field Name Authors

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition To record individuals directly associated with the intellectual or

creative content of the output (e.g. co-author) but only indirectly

associated with a grant.

Guide for Use The surname and first-name fields should record the full names

of all authors in the order in which they appear on the output. Authors may include researchers, writers, creators, or contributors who played a substantive role in the development of the work but who are not direct recipients of a grant. Include all listed authors to ensure accurate attribution and enable

proper citation and indexing across systems.

Column Name authors

Data Type Person-list

Additional Notes For Directly Associated Individuals (e.g. for publications

associated with a grant recipient) instead use the [Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv and [Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv

files. See User section for more detail.

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Award Date (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

Definition The date the grant was officially awarded or confirmed.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official date the grant was awarded

or confirmed. This date is important for tracking timelines,

reporting, and compliance purposes.

Column Name award-date

Data Type date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd) Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Payment Date (c-payment type)

Field Name Awarded Date (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Patent

Definition The date on which the patent is officially granted by the relevant

intellectual property authority. This marks the point at which the invention or process receives formal legal protection under

patent law.

granted. This is typically the date listed in the patent office's official documentation and may follow the filing and publication dates. Tracking the awarded date is important for managing intellectual property rights, determining the start of the enforceable protection period, and supporting reporting and

commercialisation activities.

Column Name start-date
Data Type date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Start Date (Publication) (Exhibition type)

Start Date (Publication) (Performance type)

Field Name Book Title

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Chapter

Definition The full title of the book in which a chapter or contribution is

published, used to identify the parent work that contains the

research output.

Guide for Use This field should record the complete title of the book exactly as

it appears in the publication. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. This information is essential for accurate citation, indexing, and understanding the relationship between the chapter and

its broader published context.

Column Name parent-title

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Handbook of Climate Change Adaptation, Advances in Artificial

Intelligence

Other Values Preprint Server (Preprint type)

Report Title (Report type)

Field Name Category

Category & Ingest Template All Categories

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv [Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv [Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Definition A classification field that identifies the type of data entity being

recorded, such as a fund, grant, publication, or user.

Guide for Use This is a fixed entry field that determines how the data is

characterised within the system and ensures that records are correctly sorted and displayed. The category should be selected from the predefined list below to maintain consistency and

support reliable filtering, reporting, and data accuracy.

Column Name category
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout Fixed entry

Allowed Values / Code Set Grant

Reference/Verification Rules Equipment

External-Organisation

Publication

User

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Grant / Equipment / External-Organisation / Publication

Field Name Chapter Number

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter

Definition The numerical or sequential designation of a chapter within a

book, used to identify its position in the overall structure of the

publication.

Guide for Use This field should record the chapter number exactly as stated in

the publication (e.g. "Chapter 5," "Ch. 10"). Use the publisher's wording without modification. If the chapter is unnumbered or the book does not use numbered chapters, leave the field blank. This information is useful for citation, indexing, and understanding the organisation of the book in which the

chapter appears.

Column Name number
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional
Example Values Chapter 5

Other Names Article Number (Journal-Article type)

Report Number (Report type)
Application Number (Patent type)

Field Name Collaborating Organisation

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

Applicable Type Grant

c-contract

Definition An organisation that contributes to the delivery, management,

or outcomes of a grant-funded project, but is not the primary recipient of the grant. This may include partners involved in

research, service delivery, or other project activities.

formally involved in the grant-funded project but is not the primary grant recipient. These organisations may contribute

resources, expertise, or delivery support.

Column Name c-collaborating-organisation

Data Type Person-list Mandatory/Optional Optional Field Name Conference Finish Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Conference

Definition The date on which the conference presentation or contribution

is considered complete. This typically refers to the final day of the conference or the date the presentation was delivered, marking the conclusion of the activity associated with the

output.

conference presentation was delivered or the conference concluded. This helps track the timing of dissemination activities, align reporting with event schedules, and support evaluation of engagement and impact. For multi-day conferences, use the final day unless the presentation date is

more relevant.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Finish Date (Other type)

End Date (Publication) (Exhibition type)
End Date (Publication) (Performance type)

Expiry Date (Patent type)

Field Name Conference Place

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Conference

Definition The city or location where the conference was held, providing

geographical context for the event at which the research output

was presented or published.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the city or location

where the conference took place. Include additional geographic identifiers such as state or country if needed for clarity (e.g. "Cambridge, UK" vs. "Cambridge, MA"). Do not abbreviate or modify the place name. If the conference was held online or virtually, record as "Online" or "Virtual" as appropriate. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context and reach of the conference output.

Column Name location

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Berlin, DE, Wellington, NZ, San Francisco, USA

Other Names Location (Artefact type)

Location (Other type)

Country (Journal-Article type)

Venue (Exhibition type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)
Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Territory (Patent type)

Field Name Conference Start Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Conference

Definition The date on which the conference officially begins. This marks

the commencement of the event and the start of activities such as presentations, workshops, panels, and networking sessions.

typically the date listed in the official event programme or promotional materials. For multi-day conferences, this should reflect the opening day of the event. This field is useful for tracking participation timelines, aligning outputs with event schedules, and supporting reporting on research dissemination

and engagement.

Ensure the date corresponds to the actual start of the event, not

the date of registration or travel.

Column Name start-date
Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Start Date (Publication) (Exhibition type)

Start Date (Publication) (Performance type)

Start Date (Publication) (Other type)
Awarded Date (Publication) (Patent type)

Field Name Constraints

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

c-contract c-devolved

Definition Limitations, conditions, or requirements that affect how a grant

can be used, managed, or delivered. Constraints may include funding restrictions, timeframes, regulatory obligations, or resource limitations that influence project scope or execution.

requirements that affect how the grant can be used or delivered. This may include restrictions on funding, timelines,

eligible activities, or compliance obligations.

Column Name c-constraints

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional Validation Rules none

Field Name Contract Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type All types

Definition A unique identifier or reference number assigned to the formal

contract associated generally with the grant. This reference links the grant to its legally binding agreement outlining terms,

conditions, and obligations.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official contract number or reference

code issued by the funding body or administering organisation. This helps ensure traceability and supports compliance with

contractual requirements.

Column Name c-contract-reference

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters – multiple entries semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory for c-contract type

Mandatory for c-payment type Mandatory for c-devolved type

Optional for Grant type

Validation Rules For c-contract type records value must match the ID

Field Name Country

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Journal-Article

Definition The country associated with the publisher or editorial office of

the journal in which the article is published, providing

geographic context for the source of publication.

Guide for Use This field should record the name of the country where the

journal's publisher or editorial office is based, as stated in the publication or official documentation. Use the full country name or the ISO 3166 country code. This field applies to journal article outputs and may support reporting, analysis, or classification based on geographic origin. If the country is not specified or cannot be determined, leave the field blank. This information helps contextualise the publication and may be relevant for institutional reporting, funding compliance, or bibliometric

analysis.

Column Name location
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values United Kingdom, GB, United States, US, South Korea, KR

Other Names Location (Artefact type)

Location (Other type)

Conference Place (Conference type)

Venue (Exhibition type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)
Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Territory (Patent type)

Field Name Currency Code

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Definition The currency that the grant, contract, or payment is being paid

in.

Guide for Use The Currency Code field represents the currency associated

with a financial record. Enter a valid ISO 4217 currency code from the approved code set list, such as NZD for New Zealand Dollar, AUD for Australian Dollar, or USD for United States Dollar.

Currency symbols (e.g., \$, \pm), full currency names (e.g., "New Zealand Dollar"), or non-standard codes and abbreviations are not allowed. Only codes from the provided list are accepted, and the system will reject any value that does not comply with these

requirements.

Data Type Fixed entry
Format & Length Layout Fixed list

Code Set Reference See Currency Codes

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules From approved list Example Values NZD, AUD, GBP Field Name Date Awarded

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Thesis/Dissertation

Definition The date on which the thesis or dissertation was formally

accepted and the degree conferred by the awarding institution. This marks the official recognition of the candidate's academic

achievement.

thesis or dissertation was officially awarded. This is typically the conferral date listed on the academic transcript or graduation documentation. It may differ from the submission or examination date and is used to track completion milestones,

support reporting, and verify qualification timelines.

Column Name publication-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory for Poster type

Optional for Presentation type

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Production Date (Book type)

Production Date (Chapter type)
Production Date (Conference type)
Production Date (Journal-Article type)

Publication Date (Artefact type)
Publication Date (Composition type)
Publication Date (Design type)
Publication Date (Preprint type)
Publication Date (Dataset type)
Publication Date (Patent type)

Publication Date (Software / Code type)
Publication Date (Internet Publication type)

Publication Date (Report type)

Publication Date (Scholarly Edition type)

Publication Date (Other type)

Presentation Date (Presentation type)
Presentation Date (Poster type)

Field Name Date Submitted

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Thesis/Dissertation

Definition The date on which the thesis or dissertation is formally

submitted to the awarding institution for examination or review. This marks the completion of the candidate's research and the

transition to the assessment phase.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official date the thesis or dissertation

was submitted. This is typically the date acknowledged by the institution or graduate school and is used to track academic progress, align with graduation timelines, and support reporting on research outputs. Ensure the date reflects formal submission rather than internal drafts or supervisor reviews.

Column Name filed-date
Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Filed Date (Patent type)

Field Name **Description (Grant)**

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type All types – names may differ depending on type

Definition A brief summary, abstract, or public statement outlining the

purpose, scope, or key details of the grant or grant contract. It provides context for understanding the nature and intent of the

funded activity.

Guide for Use Use this field to provide a clear and concise overview of the grant

or contract, including its objectives, focus areas, or intended outcomes. Avoid duplicating information from other fields

unless necessary for clarity.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Other Names Description (Grant) (Grant type)

Summary (c-contract type)
Details (c-payment type)
Summary (c-devolved type)

Field Name **Description (Publication)**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book type

Chapter type
Conference type
Journal-article type
Dataset type
Figure type
Fileset type
Media type

Presentation type

Definition A brief summary or abstract that provides context and key

details about the output.

Guide for Use This field should record the abstract of a publication or be a

concise summary that describes the nature, purpose, and content of the output. It may include information about the topic, methodology, scope, or significance of the work. For creative outputs, describe the form, medium, and conceptual focus. The description should be written in plain language and be suitable for a general audience. Avoid technical jargon unless necessary. This information supports discoverability, classification, and understanding of the output across systems.

Column Name abstract
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Other Names Abstract (Artefact type)

Abstract (Composition type) Abstract (Design type) Abstract (Exhibition type)

Abstract (Internet Publication type)

Abstract (Other type)
Abstract (Patent type)
Abstract (Performance type)
Abstract (Poster type)
Abstract (Report type)
Abstract (Scholarly Edition)
Abstract (Software type)

Abstract (Thesis / Dissertation type)

Field Name **Description Language**

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

Definition The language in which the grant or contract description is

written if not English.

Guide for Use Use this field to indicate the language of the description text

using ISO 639-2 codes. This supports accessibility, translation,

and multilingual reporting.

Column Name c-description-language

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 3 characters

Code Set Reference See **Language Codes**

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values mao, cri

Field Name **Details**

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type c-payment type

Definition A brief summary outlining the purpose, scope, or key details of

the payment.

payment. Avoid duplicating information from other fields unless

necessary for clarity.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Other Names Description (Grant) (Grant type)

Summary (c-contract type) Summary (c-devolved type)

Example Values 2023 payment for contract xx12345

Field Name Disestablishment Date (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-fund

c-scholarship c-internship c-fellowship c-on-demand c-negotiated c-other

Definition The date on which the fund or funding round was formally

closed, discontinued, or became inactive.

Guide for Use This field indicates the date the fund or funding round was

formally closed, discontinued, or became inactive. If the fund is still active, this field should be left blank. Including this information helps distinguish between active and inactive

funds for reporting and analysis purposes.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names End Year (c-appropriation)

Field Name Disestablishment Date (Organisation)

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The date on which the organisation formally ceased operations

or was legally dissolved.

Guide for Use This field should record the official date the organisation was

disbanded, merged, restructured, or otherwise ceased to exist in its original form. This information is important for historical tracking and data integrity. If the exact date is unknown, use the

most accurate approximation available.

Column Name c-disestablished-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with yyyy-mm-dd format.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Field Name **Distributing Organisation**

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type c-contract

c-payment c-devolved

Definition The name of the organisation or entity providing the grant

funding or responsible for the distribution of monies.

distributing organisation. This supports reporting, analysis, and identification of funding sources across grant records. The

identifier for the organisation should also be included.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by pipe, colon, and semi-colon (|:;) characters. The components must appear in the

following order:

Organisation Name | scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier;

scheme: identifier

Organisation Name: Include the full name of the organisation.

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id"

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

A single organisation identifier is sufficient however multiple

identifiers can be provided using a semi-colon delimiter.

Column Name funder
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout Organisation Name | scheme : identifier ;

Use pipe and colon delimiters ("|":" ";")

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values University of Otago|ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-

id: xyzgrid ID

Other Names Funder Name (Grant type)

Field Name DOI

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Book Other

Chapter Media
Conference Presentation
Journal-Article Preprint
Report Dataset
Scholarly Edition Patent

Fileset Software/Code
Figure Internet Publication

Definition A Digital Object Identifier (DOI) is a unique alphanumeric string

assigned to a research output – such as a journal article, dataset, or report – that provides a persistent and reliable link to its

location on the internet.

output. This helps ensure accurate identification, citation, and long-term access. The DOI should be entered in a standard format as a DOI string. Avoid including spaces, punctuation, or

non-DOI links.

Column Name doi Data Type doi

Format & Length Layout Must be a valid DOI e.g. 10.1000/182

Mandatory/Optional Optional
Validation Rules none

Example Values 10.1000/182

Field Name Edition

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Journal-Article

Other

Definition The version or iteration of a published work, indicating updates,

revisions, or re-releases.

Guide for Use This field should record the edition number or description as

stated in the publication (e.g. "2nd edition," "Revised edition"). Use the exact wording provided by the publisher. If no edition is specified, leave the field blank. This information is important for distinguishing between different versions of the same work,

particularly when citing or referencing publications.

Column Name edition
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Editors

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Conference Journal-Article

Other

Definition The individuals responsible for compiling, curating, or

overseeing the content of the output, particularly in edited volumes or collections but only indirectly associated with a

grant.

Guide for Use This field should record the full names of all editors as they

appear in the source material. Editors are typically responsible for selecting, organising, and reviewing content, and may also contribute introductory or contextual material. Use the format "First-Name Last-Name" and separate multiple editors with a semicolon. This field is especially relevant for edited books,

special journal issues, or curated exhibitions.

Column Name editors

Data Type Person-list

Format & Length Layout For Directly Associated Individuals (e.g. for publications

associated with a grant recipient) instead use the [Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv and [Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv

files. See User section for more detail.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Other Names Supervisors (Thesis / Dissertation type)

Field Name **eISSN**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Internet Publication

Definition An elSSN (Electronic International Standard Serial Number) is

an 8-digit identifier assigned to the digital version of a serial publication, such as an online journal or magazine. It uniquely identifies the electronic format of the title and is used for

cataloguing, citation, and digital access.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the eISSN associated with the electronic

version of the serial publication in which the research output appears. The eISSN should be entered as an 8-digit number, typically formatted with a hyphen separating the two four-digit segments (e.g. 2049-3630). Ensure the number is accurate and corresponds specifically to the digital version of the title. Do not include prefixes such as "eISSN" or any additional text. If both print and electronic ISSNs exist, record each in their respective

fields.

Column Name eissn
Data Type eissn

Format & Length Layout Eight digits separated with a hyphen - ####-###

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name **Email**

Category & Ingest Template User category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition A generic email address associated with the data provider.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the email address linked to the user. To

support consistency and reduce maintenance overhead, data providers are strongly encouraged to supply a **generic or role-based email address** (e.g. grantsadmin@agency.govt.nz) rather than a personal or individual email. This ensures continuity in

communication and access even if personnel change.

Column Name email
Data Type email

Format & Length Layout Email addresses must follow the standard format local-

part@domain, containing exactly one @ symbol and a valid domain with at least one period (e.g. govt.nz.org). The field should not include spaces or invalid characters and must be limited to 254 characters. All entries should be in lowercase.

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values generic-email@nzris.govt.nz

Field Name End Date (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type All

Definition The date on which the grant-funded activity or contract is

scheduled to conclude.

grant. This is used to track project duration, determine eligibility

periods, and manage reporting timelines.

Column Name end-date
Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory c-contract type

Mandatory c-devolved type Optional Grant type

Optional c-payment type

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Field Name End Date (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Exhibition

Performance

Definition The date on which the exhibition or performance activity

concludes. For exhibitions, this refers to the final day the work is publicly displayed; for performances, it refers to the last

scheduled presentation or showing of the work.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the actual or scheduled end date of the

exhibition or performance. This supports tracking of public engagement periods, alignment with reporting timelines, and evaluation of reach and impact. For **exhibitions**, use the closing date of the display period. If the exhibition is touring or shown at multiple venues, use the final date of the last showing unless otherwise specified. For **performances**, use the date of the final presentation. If there are multiple showings, select the last scheduled performance unless a specific date is more relevant

for reporting purposes.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Finish Date (Other type)

Conference Finish Date (Conference type)

Expiry Date (Patent type)

Field Name End Year

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-appropriation

Definition The calendar year in which the appropriation concludes or

ceases to provide funding.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the year (in "yyyy" format) when the

appropriation ends. This helps define the duration of the funding arrangement and supports lifecycle management, financial accountability, and reporting. If the appropriation is

ongoing or indefinite, leave blank.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date
Format & Length Layout (yyyy)
Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy.

Example Values 2025

Other Names Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-fund)

Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-scholarship) Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-internship) Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-fellowship) Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-on-demand) Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-negotiated) Disestablishment Date (Fund) (c-other) Field Name Establishment Date (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-fund c-on-demand

c-scholarship c-negotiated c-internship c-fellowship c-other

Definition The date on which the fund or funding round was formally

established or launched.

Guide for Use This field records the date the fund or funding round was

formally established or launched. If the exact date is not known, the best available approximation may be used, with any uncertainty noted where relevant. This field is useful for tracking

the fund's lifecycle and historical context.

Column Name start-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Start Year (c-appropriation)

Field Name Establishment Date (Organisation)

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The date on which the organisation was formally founded or

established for organisations established after 2015.

Guide for Use This field should record the official date the organisation began

operations or was legally constituted if this occurred after 2015. This information is important for historical context particularly following organisational restructure or reform (e.g. the creation of the Public Research Organisations in 2025). If the exact date

is unknown, use the most precise approximation.

Column Name established

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with yyyy-mm-dd format.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Field Name Expiry Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Patent

Definition The date on which the legal protection granted by the patent

ends. After this date, the patented invention or process is no longer protected under patent law and may be freely used by

others without infringement.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official expiry date of the patent, as

determined by the relevant intellectual property authority. This is typically calculated based on the filing date and the jurisdiction's standard patent term (e.g. 20 years from filing). Tracking expiry dates is important for managing intellectual property portfolios, assessing commercialisation timelines, and identifying opportunities for renewal or public domain use.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Finish Date (Other type)

Conference Finish Date (Conference type) End Date (Publication) (Exhibition type) End Date (Publication) (Performance type) Field Name Filed Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Patent

Definition The date on which the patent application was officially

submitted to the relevant intellectual property authority. This marks the beginning of the patent process and establishes the

priority date for the invention.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the date the patent application was filed.

This is a critical milestone in the lifecycle of a patent, used to determine the duration of protection, assess novelty, and establish precedence in case of competing claims. Ensure the date matches the official records from the patent office or

intellectual property database.

Column Name filed-date
Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)
Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Date Submitted (Thesis/Dissertation type)

Field Name Finish Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Other

Definition The date on which the creation or development of the

publication output is considered complete. This marks the point at which the output is finalised, submitted, published, or otherwise made publicly accessible, depending on the nature of

the output.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the actual or planned completion date of

the publication output. This may refer to the date the item was uploaded, released, or shared with stakeholders. This date helps track output timelines, assess delivery against milestones, and

support reporting and evaluation processes.

Column Name finish-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Conference Finish Date (Conference type)

End Date (Publication) (Exhibition type)
End Date (Publication) (Performance type)

Expiry Date (Patent type)

Field Name First Name

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition The given name of the user. This is typically the name the

individual is commonly known by and may include multiple

names if culturally appropriate.

Guide for Use Enter the user's first (given) name exactly as it is provided by the

individual. This may include multiple given names if applicable (e.g. "Mary Jane"). Do not include titles such as Mr, Ms, or Dr, nor suffixes like Jr or Sr. Middle names should be excluded unless they are part of the individual's given name. Ensure the name is properly capitalised (e.g. "John" rather than "john" or "JOHN"). Avoid using nicknames. If the first name is unknown, leave the field blank or if the person has an alternative name they prefer

to be known by, use the Known As field.

Column Name firstname

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Angela, Chris

Field Name Fund Description

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-fund c-on-demand

c-scholarship c-negotiated c-internship c-other

c-fellowship

Definition A brief summary outlining the purpose, scope, and key

characteristics of the fund which is visible on the NZRIS website.

Guide for Use This field provides a concise summary of the fund's purpose and

scope. It should describe the fund's investment focus, target sectors, geographic coverage, and funding mechanisms. The description should be brief and written in plain language to

ensure it is easily understood by a broad audience.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values The Marsden Fund encourages New Zealand's leading

researchers to explore new ideas that may not be funded through other funding streams and fosters creativity and innovation within the science, innovation and technology system. Exploring new ideas results in greater potential to develop new technologies and products, boost economic growth, and enhance New Zealand's quality of life. The Marsden Fund invests in excellent, investigator-led research aimed at generating new knowledge, with the potential for long-term economic, environmental or health benefit to New Zealand. It supports excellent research projects that advance and expand the knowledge base and contributes to the development of

people with advanced skills in New Zealand.

Other Names Funding Round Description (c-funding-round)

Appropriation Description (c-appropriation)

Field Name Funder Name

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

Definition The name of the organisation or entity providing the grant

funding or responsible for the distribution of monies.

distributing organisation. This supports reporting, analysis, and

identification of funding sources across grant records.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by pipe, colon, and semi-colon (1:;) characters. The components must appear in the

following order:

Organisation Name | scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier;

scheme: identifier

Organisation Name: Include the full name of the organisation.

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id"

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

A single organisation identifier is sufficient however multiple

identifiers can be provided using a semi-colon delimiter.

Column Name funder
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout Organisation Name | scheme : identifier ;

Use pipe and colon delimiters ("|":" ";")

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values University of Otago|ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-

id:xyzgridID

Other Names Distributing Organisation (c-contract, c-payment, c-devolved

types)

Field Name Funding Round Description

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-funding-round

Definition A summary that outlines the purpose, scope, and key features

of a specific funding round.

Guide for Use This field should describe the intent and structure of the

funding round, including its objectives, target recipients, funding limits, and any thematic or strategic focus. The description should be clear and concise and written in plain language to ensure accessibility. It helps users understand the context and purpose of the round without needing to refer to external documentation and will be published to the NZRIS

website.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values The objectives of the Marsden Fund are to: A) enhance the

quality of research in New Zealand by creating increased opportunity to undertake excellent investigator-led research. B) contribute in the long-term to economic, environmental or health impacts for New Zealand. C) support the advancement of knowledge and technology in New Zealand and contribute to the global knowledge base. D) contribute to the development of advanced skills in New Zealand, including support for continuing training of post-doctoral level researchers and support for the establishment of early careers of new and emerging researchers. E) support research where there is a clear rationale for the research to be undertaken in New Zealand.

Other Names Appropriation Description (c-appropriation)

Fund Description (c-fund)

Fund Description (c-scholarship)
Fund Description (c-internship)
Fund Description (c-fellowship)
Fund Description (c-on-demand)
Fund Description (c-negotiated)
Fund Description (c-other)

Field Name Funding Source

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Definition The source of financial support that contributed to the

production of a research output. This includes the grant or funding identifier and the organisation responsible for

providing or administering the funds.

Guide for Use This field should record the specific grant number followed by

the organisation or grant name (e.g. CO#X1654: Endeavour Fund - Smart Ideas). If there are multiple contributing sources delimit each with a semi colon. Providing accurate and consistent details ensures transparency and proper attribution, and helps users identify the origin of funding without referring

to external documentation.

Column Name c-funding-source-reference

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values C0#X1654 : Endeavour Fund - Smart Ideas

Field Name Grant Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

Definition A unique identifier or reference number assigned to the grant.

Guide for Use The Grant Reference field must contain the official reference

number or identifier assigned to the grant by the funding body or issuing authority. The supplied value should be the same as the record ID for the grant record, but it is stored separately to make sure the identifier remains consistent even if the system

changes the record ID in the future.

The grant reference should be entered exactly as provided by the funding source, without alteration, abbreviations, or additional characters. This field is mandatory for all grant records and is used for compliance, audit, and integration with

external systems.

Column Name funder-field

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules For Grant type records the ID field must match the Grant

Reference.

Example Values UOOX2198

Field Name GRID ID

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

Definition This field captures the organisation's GRID ID (Global Research

Identifier Database), a globally unique identifier used to distinguish research institutions and organisations. It supports consistent referencing of entities across datasets and systems, helping to link organisations to research activities, outputs, and

funding.

Guide for Use Enter the organisation's full GRID ID in the standard format (e.g.

grid.1234.5). Ensure the GRID ID is valid and corresponds to the correct organisation as listed in the GRID database. Do not enter placeholder values, internal identifiers, or personal IDs. If the organisation does not have a GRID ID, leave the field blank.

Column Name c-grid-id

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values grid.1234.5

Field Name

Category & Ingest Template All Categories

All ingest templates

Applicable Types All

Definition A unique identifier assigned to each individual record, used to

distinguish grants and other funding entities from one another.

Guide for Use This is a mandatory field and must contain a value that is unique

across all records. The ID serves as the primary reference point for each grant or funding entry, enabling accurate tracking, linking, and retrieval of data. It is essential for ensuring data integrity and preventing duplication. The ID may be systemgenerated or manually assigned, but it must remain stable over time and not be reused. Correct use of this field supports reliable internal processing and ensures that records are correctly referenced in outputs, including those published to the website.

Column Name [category]id

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules No leading spaces

Other Names Proprietary_ID

Field Name Identifiers

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to one or

more parent entities that oversee, own, or govern it.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) associated with the entity. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple identifiers exist, record each one clearly and consistently using

the identifier-list format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (:;) characters. The components must appear in the following order:

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id"

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Initials

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures any initials included as part of an individual's

full name, typically representing middle names or additional given names. It is used to help distinguish between individuals with similar first and last names and should reflect the initials as

provided by the individual.

Guide for Use Record only the initial(s) that appear as part of the individual's

full name, such as middle name initials. Do not include the first letter of the first name or last name unless they are explicitly provided as initials. Use uppercase letters without punctuation or spaces. Do not infer or generate initials if they are not

explicitly provided.

Column Name initials
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values JD, MDC, T

Field Name Intended Outcome

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

c-contract

Definition The expected results or impacts of the grant-funded activity.

achieve. This may include deliverables, benefits, or changes resulting from the funded work, and supports evaluation and

impact reporting.

Capturing the intended outcome of science research funding is essential for understanding the purpose and expected impact of funded projects. Outcomes provide a clear link between investment and anticipated benefits, enabling better tracking of progress and alignment with strategic objectives. They can encompass deliverables (such as reports, datasets, or prototypes), milestones (key achievements or stages in the research process), and broader intended impacts (such as advancing knowledge, informing policy, or enabling innovation). Documenting these elements ensures transparency, supports performance monitoring, and facilitates evaluation of whether funded research achieves its goals.

Column Name c-intended-outcome

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional Validation Rules None

Field Name ISBN-10

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Book

Chapter Conference Report

Scholarly Edition

Other

Definition An ISBN-10 (International Standard Book Number) is a 10-digit

identifier assigned to books and other monographic publications prior to 2007. It uniquely identifies a specific edition of a publication and is used internationally for cataloguing,

ordering, and inventory purposes.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the ISBN-10 associated with the research

output, if available. The ISBN-10 should be entered as a 10-digit number, which does not include hyphens (e.g. 0306406152). Ensure the number is accurate and corresponds to the correct edition of the publication. If the output has only an ISBN-13, record that in the separate ISBN-13 field. Do not include prefixes

such as "ISBN" or any additional text.

Column Name isbn-10
Data Type isbn-10

Format & Length Layout 10 digits only - no hyphens allowed.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must be a valid ISBN-10.

Example Values 0439023483

Field Name ISBN-13

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Book

Chapter Conference Report

Scholarly Edition

Other

Definition An ISBN-13 (International Standard Book Number) is a 13-digit

identifier assigned to books and other monographic publications since 2007. It uniquely identifies a specific edition of a publication and is used globally for cataloguing,

distribution, and inventory management.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the ISBN-13 associated with the research

output. The ISBN-13 should be entered as a 13-digit number, which does not include hyphens (e.g. 9783161484100). Ensure the number is accurate and corresponds to the correct edition of the publication. Do not include prefixes such as "ISBN" or any additional text. If the output has only an ISBN-10, record that in

the separate ISBN-10 field.

Column Name isbn-13
Data Type isbn-13

Format & Length Layout 13 digits only - no hyphens allowed.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must be valid ISBN-13.

Example Values 9789048551538

Field Name Issue

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Conference

Journal-Article

Other

Definition The specific number, label, or designation of a journal,

periodical, or conference proceedings within a particular volume or series, used to identify the publication's release

sequence or grouping.

Guide for Use This field should record the issue number, label, or descriptor as

stated in the publication. Use the exact wording provided by the publisher or conference organiser. If no issue is specified, leave the field blank. This information is important for accurately citing journal articles and conference outputs, and for distinguishing between multiple releases or sessions within the

same volume or event.

Column Name issue
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Issue 3, No. 2, Spring Issue, Part B, Proceedings of Day 2

Field Name ISSN

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Conference

Journal-Article

Report Other

Definition An ISSN (International Standard Serial Number) is an 8-digit

identifier assigned to serial publications such as journals, magazines, and periodicals. It uniquely identifies the title of a serial and is used internationally for cataloguing, subscription

management, and citation.

publication in which the research output appears. The ISSN should be entered as an 8-digit number, typically formatted with a hyphen separating the two four-digit segments (e.g. 1234-5678). Ensure the number is accurate and corresponds to the correct title. Do not include prefixes such as "ISSN" or any additional text. If both print and electronic ISSNs exist, record

each in their respective fields.

Column Name issn
Data Type issn

Format & Length Layout Must be eight digits separated by a hyphen after four digits.

Mandatory/Optional Optional Validation Rules none

Example Values 0022-3697

Field Name Job Title

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures the individual's current job title or position

within their organisation.

Guide for Use Enter the user's official job title as provided by their organisation.

This title is not necessarily related to the role of the individual provided as part of a grant record. Use the full title rather than abbreviations or internal codes. Capitalise job titles appropriately and avoid including department names or

additional information not part of the title.

Column Name generic04

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Senior Lecturer, Research Fellow, Data Analyst

Field Name **Journal**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Journal

Other

Definition The full title of the journal or conference proceedings in which a

research output is published, used to identify the source of the

publication within the scholarly record.

Guide for Use This field should record the complete name of the journal or

conference proceedings exactly as it appears in the publication. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. If the output is not part of a journal or proceedings, leave the field blank. This information is essential for accurate citation, indexing, and retrieval of

research outputs.

Column Name journal
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory (Journal type)

Optional (Other type)

Example Values Journal of Environmental Psychology, Proceedings of the

International Conference on Machine Learning

Other Names Published Proceedings (Conference type)

Field Name **Keywords**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book Performance

Chapter Fileset
Conference Figure
Journal-Article Media
Report Presentation
Scholarly Edition Poster

Other Thesis/Dissertation

Artefact Dataset Composition Patent

Design Software/Code Exhibition Internet Publication

Definition Keywords are descriptive terms or phrases that represent the

main topics, themes, or concepts of a research output. They are typically provided by the author as part of the output's metadata (e.g. in the publication record). Keywords are descriptive terms or phrases that represent the main topics, themes, or concepts of a research output. They are used to improve discoverability, facilitate indexing, and enable accurate retrieval of research outputs in databases and search systems. Keywords should reflect the core subject matter and methodologies of the work rather than generic or overly broad

terms

Guide for Use Use this field to record keywords provided by the author that

accurately describe the main topics, themes, or concepts of the research output. Keywords should be specific, relevant, and reflect the subject matter, methodology, theoretical framework, or key findings of the work. Avoid overly broad or ambiguous terms, and where possible, use Standardised or discipline-specific vocabulary. Separate keywords with semicolons and include both technical and contextual terms if appropriate (e.g. "machine learning," "climate adaptation," "Indigenous knowledge systems"). Only use keywords that are provided by the author. Do not derive them from the title, abstract, or main content and do not include punctuation other than separators.

Column Name keywords

Data Type Keyword list

Format & Length Layout Semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Climate Change; Coastal Adaptation; Sea-level Rise

Other Names Labels (Publication) (Preprint type)

Field Name Known As

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures the name that an individual prefers to be

known as, which may differ from their legal name. It is used for informal or preferred identification in communications and user interfaces. The "Known As" name should reflect the individual's chosen spelling and format, and may include shortened forms,

nicknames, or alternative given names.

Guide for Use Enter the name exactly as provided by the individual for their

preferred form of address. This may include a nickname (e.g. "Liz" for "Elizabeth") or an alternative given name. Do not include titles (e.g. Mr, Ms, Dr) or generational suffixes (e.g. Jr, Sr). Ensure the name is properly capitalised (e.g. "Alex" rather than "alex" or "ALEX") and matches the individual's stated preference. If no

preferred name is provided, leave this field blank.

Column Name knownas

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values Caroline

Field Name Labels (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

c-contract c-devolved

Definition Specific labels from preset schemes used to categorise records.

schemes that support filtering, searching, or thematic grouping

of grants.

Column Name labels

Data Type Keyword list – see Label Schemes.

Format & Length Layout All label entries irrespective of the amount or scheme are

stored in this field delimited with pipes and semi-colons. The

format is "code value" | "label scheme" | "percentage";

for example, ANZSRC Code:

310908 Animal physiology - biophysics|for|50;

Sustainable Development Goals: 15 Life on Land|sdg|10

Code Set Reference See **Label Schemes** section for full list.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Format of field

Valid label scheme name

Percentage amounts not exceeding 100%

Example Values 450802 Te Whāriki - te mātauranga kōhungahunga Māori

(Māori early childhood education)|for-2020|50;160205 Policies

and development|seo-2020|85

Field Name Labels (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Preprint

Definition Keywords or labels for a preprint are descriptive terms or

phrases that represent the main topics, themes, or concepts of the manuscript prior to formal peer review. These are typically provided by the author when submitting the preprint to a repository (e.g. arXiv, bioRxiv) and may also be supplemented by terms derived from the title or abstract if author-supplied keywords are unavailable. Keywords improve discoverability

within preprint repositories and indexing systems.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the keywords or labels associated with

the preprint as provided by the author in the repository metadata. Keywords should be specific and relevant to the research content, including disciplinary terms, methodologies, and contextual elements such as geographic or cultural focus. Avoid overly broad or generic terms, and separate keywords with semicolons. Do not include punctuation other than separators, and ensure the terms reflect the language of the

manuscript.

Column Name keywords
Data Type Keyword list

Format & Length Layout Semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Climate Change; Coastal Adaptation Seal-level Rise

Other Names Keywords (Book type) Keywords (Fileset type) Keywords (Chapter type) Keywords (Figure type)

Keywords (Conference type)
Keywords (Journal-Article
Keywords (Presentation type)

type) Keywords (Poster type)

Keywords (Report type)

Keywords (Scholarly Edition

type)

Keywords (Other type) **Keywords** (Artefact type)

Keywords (Composition type)

Keywords (Design type)
Keywords (Exhibition type)
Keywords (Performance type)

type)
Keywords (Dataset type)

Keywords (Thesis/Dissertation

Keywords (Patent type) **Keywords** (Software / Code

type)

Keywords (Internet Publication type)

Field Name Last Name

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures the family name or surname of the user. It is

used to formally identify individuals and may reflect cultural naming conventions, including compound or hyphenated surnames. The last name should be recorded using correct

spelling and capitalisation.

Guide for Use Enter the user's last name (surname or family name) exactly as

it is provided by the individual. This may include compound or hyphenated names (e.g. "Smith-Jones") and should reflect the individual's preferred spelling and format. Do not include titles (e.g. Mr, Ms, Dr) or generational suffixes (e.g. Jr, Sr) unless they are an official part of the surname. Ensure the name is properly capitalised (e.g. "Nguyen" rather than "nguyen" or "NGUYEN").

Column Name lastname

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Nguyen, Smith-Jones

Other Names Surname

Field Name Location

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Artefact

Other

Definition The city or location where an artefact or other research output

was presented, exhibited, performed, or otherwise associated

with a conference or formal event.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the city or location

where the conference took place. Include additional geographic identifiers such as state or country if needed for clarity (e.g. "Cambridge, UK" vs. "Cambridge, MA"). Do not abbreviate or modify the place name. If the conference was held online or virtually, record as "Online" or "Virtual" as appropriate. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context and reach of the conference output.

Column Name location

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Berlin, DE, Wellington, NZ, San Francisco, USA

Other Names Conference Place (Conference type)

Country (Journal-Article type)

Venue (Exhibition type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)
Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Territory (Patent type)

Field Name Medium

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book Composition

Chapter Design
Conference Exhibition
Journal-Article Performance
Report Media
Scholarly Edition Patent

Other Software/Code
Artefact Internet Publication

Definition The format, material, or delivery method through which a

research output is created, presented, or made accessible,

reflecting its physical, digital, or conceptual nature.

Guide for Use This field should describe the medium of the output using the

terminology provided by the creator, publisher, or venue. Use the exact wording where available; otherwise, provide a clear and concise description. If the medium is not specified or not applicable, leave the field blank. This information is important for understanding how the output is experienced, accessed, or preserved, and supports accurate classification and discovery

across diverse research types.

Column Name medium

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Oil on canvas, Digital audio, Web-based software, Live

performance, Online journal, Printed book, Video recording,

Interactive installation

Field Name (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types c-contract

c-devolved

Definition The main title of the contract or grant-funded project.

Guide for Use Enter a clear and descriptive title that reflects the purpose or

focus of the contract. Avoid abbreviations unless they are widely

recognised or necessary for clarity.

Column Name title
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Other Names Title (Grant) (Grant type)

Field Name (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The official name of the fund or funding round.

Guide for Use Enter a clear and descriptive name that reflects the full legal or

commonly recognised title, avoiding abbreviations unless they are part of the official name. Consistency in naming across systems and documentation is important to ensure clarity and

accurate referencing.

Column Name name
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values c-fund: Endeavour Fund

c-funding-round: 2021 Endeavour Fund – Smart Ideas c-appropriation: Science and Innovation: Strategic Science

Investment Fund (M84)

Field Name of Conference

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Conference

Definition The official title of the academic or professional conference at

which a research output was presented or published, used to

identify the event associated with the work.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the conference exactly

as stated in the publication or event materials. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. If the output is not associated with a conference, leave the field blank. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context in which

the research was disseminated.

Column Name name-of-conference

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values International Conference on Urban Sustainability, IEEE

Symposium on Robotics and Automation

Other Names Presented At (Poster type)

Presented At (Thesis/Dissertation type)

Field Name Notes

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types All except Preprint

Definition A free-text field used to capture additional contextual,

explanatory, or clarifying information about a research output

that is not covered by other structured fields.

Guide for Use This field may be used to record relevant details such as

acknowledgements, funding information, publication nuances, special circumstances, or relationships to other outputs. Use clear and concise language and avoid duplicating information already captured in other fields. This information supports richer understanding, accurate interpretation, and improved

discoverability of the research output.

Column Name notes

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values This chapter is an expanded version of a conference paper

presented in 2023, Funded by the XYZ Research Council,

published as part of a curated exhibition.

Field Name NZBN

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The New Zealand Business Number (NZBN) is a globally unique

13-digit identifier assigned to New Zealand businesses and

government agencies.

Guide for Use This field should record the organisation's NZBN as issued by the

NZBN Register, administered by the Companies Office. The NZBN links to core business information such as trading name, entity type, address, and contact details. Use the full 13-digit number and ensure it matches the official NZBN Register.

Column Name c-nzbn
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 24 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values 9429041905239

Field Name ORCID

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv [Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Definition This field captures the user's ORCiD (Open Researcher and

Contributor ID), a globally unique identifier used to distinguish individual researchers and connect them with their research

outputs and affiliations.

Guide for Use Enter the user's full 16-digit ORCiD in the standard format,

including hyphens (e.g. 0000-0002-1825-0097). Ensure the ORCiD is valid and has been provided by the individual. Do not enter placeholder values or internal identifiers. If the user does

not have an ORCiD, leave the field blank.

Column Name generic02

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout Sixteen digits separated with a hyphen after the fourth, eighth,

and twelve digit.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values 0000-0002-1825-0097

Field Name Organisation (User)

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Definition This field captures the name of the organisation with which the

individual is currently affiliated, or the name of the collaborating

organisation.

Guide for Use Enter the full, official name of the organisation. Avoid

abbreviations, acronyms, or internal codes unless they are part of the official name. Ensure correct spelling and capitalisation. If the user is affiliated with multiple organisations, use a semi

colon to delimit the entries.

Column Name generic03

name

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values University of Otago; Cawthron Institute

Field Name Organisation Name

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The official name of an organisation as recognised in legal,

administrative, or public records.

Guide for Use This field should record the full, formal name of the organisation,

including any legally registered suffixes (e.g. Ltd, Inc, Trust, Ministry). Use the name exactly as it appears in authoritative sources such as the NZBN Register, Companies Office, government directories, or the organisation's own documentation. Avoid abbreviations, acronyms, or informal references in this field. If the organisation has changed its name over time, record the current official name in this field and use separate fields (e.g. Alternative Name or Additional Aliases) to

capture historical or informal variations.

Column Name name
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, Te Herenga

Waka – Victoria University of Wellington

Field Name Output Language

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Chapter

Conference Journal-Article Preprint Other

Definition The language in which the publication or output is written if not

English.

639-2 codes. This supports accessibility, translation, and

multilingual reporting.

Column Name language

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 3 characters

Code Set Reference See **Language Codes** section

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values mao, cri

Field Name Pagination

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Conference Journal-Article Report

Scholarly Edition

Other

Definition The page range or page count that indicates the physical or

digital extent of a research output within its published format, used to identify its location in a larger work or to describe its

length.

Guide for Use This field should record the page numbers exactly as they

appear in the publication. Use the publisher's formatting, including any prefixes or suffixes (such as "e" for electronic pages). For standalone outputs such as reports, theses, or creative works, this field may reflect total page count (e.g. "120 pages"). If no pagination is provided, leave the field blank. This information is important for accurate citation, indexing, and understanding the scope and placement of the research output

within its published context.

Column Name pagination-full

Data Type Pagination

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values pp. 45-62, e102-e110, 1-12

Field Name Parent Contract Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types c-contract

c-payment c-devolved

Definition The reference number of a parent or overarching contract

related to the grant.

agreement. This supports hierarchical tracking and helps

establish relationships between related records.

Column Name c-parent-contract-reference

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters – multiple entries semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values UOOX2199

Field Name Parent Organisation

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to one or

more parent entities that oversee, own, or govern it.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) for any parent organisations associated with the entity. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple parent organisations exist, record each one clearly and consistently using the identifier-list

format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (:;) characters. The components must appear in the following order:

Tollowing order.

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id"

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name parent-organisation-identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Patent Number

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Patent

Definition A unique identifier assigned to a granted patent by the relevant

intellectual property office, used to officially recognise and reference the patent in legal, academic, and commercial

contexts.

Guide for Use This field should record the full patent number exactly as it

appears in the official documentation. Include any country or regional code, formatting, or suffixes provided by the issuing authority. Do not abbreviate or alter the number. If the patent has not yet been granted, leave this field blank and use the **Application Number** field instead. This information is essential for accurate citation, legal referencing, and verification of the

patent's granted status.

Column Name Patent-number

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values US 10,123,456 B2, EP 3456789 A1, AU 2025101234

Field Name Patent Status

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Patent

Definition The current stage or condition of a patent application or granted

patent at the time the data is recorded, indicating its progress within the intellectual property lifecycle (e.g. filed, under

examination, granted, expired).

Guide for Use This field should record the patent status as it appears in the

official documentation or patent database at the time the data is provided to NZRIS. Use the exact terminology provided by the relevant patent office. This field must be accompanied by the **Filed Date** to provide context for the status. This information is essential for understanding the legal and procedural standing of the patent output and for tracking its progression over time.

Column Name patent-status

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Filed, Under Examination, Granted, Withdrawn, Expired

Field Name Payment Date

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type Grant

Definition The calendar <u>year</u> in which the payment was made.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the total amount paid for a calendar year

against a science research grant. This provides a high-level view of funding flow without tracking expenditure at a forensic level. This approach supports transparency and enables monitoring of how funds are distributed over time, while avoiding misleading assumptions about project activity within the year. By recording only annual totals, inaccurate inferences are prevented for projects that may pause or experience variable activity during the contract term. This aggregated view is useful for ensuring that overall investment aligns with strategic

priorities.

Column Name award-date

Data Type Date
Format & Length Layout (yyyy)
Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy.

Example Values 2025

Other Names Award Date (Grant) (Grant type)

Field Name Payment Reference

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types c-payment

Definition A reference number associated with financial transactions or

payments made under the grant.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the payment identifier used by financial

systems to track disbursements. This supports reconciliation,

audit processes, and financial reporting.

Column Name c-payment-reference

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters – multiple entries semi-colon delimited

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules Must match the data provided in ID field for c-payment type.

Field Name Place of Performance

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Performance

Definition The city or location where the performance-based research

output was presented or enacted. This refers to the physical or virtual site where the creative work – such as a theatrical production, musical recital, dance performance, or other live or recorded performance – was delivered to an audience as part of

a formal event, festival, or curated programme.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the city or location

where the performance took place. Include additional geographic identifiers such as state or country if needed for clarity (e.g. "Sydney, Australia" vs. "Sydney, Nova Scotia"). Do not abbreviate or modify the place name. If the performance was held online or virtually, record as "Online" or "Virtual" as appropriate. If the performance was part of a tour or occurred at multiple venues, record the primary or first location where the research output was performed. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context and reach

of the performance output.

Column Name location

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Berlin, DE, Wellington, NZ, San Francisco, USA

Other Names Conference Place (Conference type)

Country (Journal-Article type) Location (Artefact type) Location (Other type)

Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Territory (Patent type) **Venue** (Exhibition type)

Field Name Place of Publication

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Conference Report Other

Software/Code

Definition The city or location where the publisher or issuing organisation

is based, or where the research output was formally published

or made publicly available.

Guide for Use This field should record the place of publication exactly as stated

in the output or official documentation. Use the full name of the city or location without abbreviation, and do not include country names unless necessary for clarity (e.g. "Cambridge, UK" vs. "Cambridge, MA"). This field applies to outputs such as software/code, books, book chapters, conference proceedings, reports, and other formally published works. This information supports accurate citation, provenance tracking, and contextual

understanding of the publication's origin.

Column Name place-of-publication

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values London, New York, Canberra

Field Name Predecessor Organisation

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to any

entities that previously fulfilled its role, functions, or mandate.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) for organisations that have been merged, restructured, renamed, or otherwise replaced by the current entity. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple predecessor organisations exist, record each one clearly and consistently using the identifier-list format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (:;) characters. The components must appear in the following order:

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id".

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name preceded-by-organisation-identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list

Format & Length Layout scheme:identifier

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Preprint Server

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Preprint

Definition The online platform or repository where a research output is

made publicly available prior to formal peer review or publication, typically to facilitate early dissemination and

feedback.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the preprint server

exactly as listed on the publication. Do not abbreviate or modify the name. If the output is not associated with a preprint server, leave the field blank. This information is important for identifying the source of early-stage research, supporting transparency, and enabling proper citation and discovery of

preprint materials.

Column Name parent-title

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values arXiv, bioRxiv, SSRN, medRxiv

Other Values Book Title (Book type)

Report Title (Report type)

Field Name Presentation Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Presentation

Poster

Definition The date on which the presentation or poster was formally

delivered or displayed to an audience, typically at a conference, seminar, workshop, or similar event. This marks the point of public dissemination and engagement with the research or

creative work.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the actual date the presentation or

poster was presented. This is usually the date of the scheduled session or event where the output was shared. For **presentations**, use the date the speaker delivered the talk or lecture. For **posters**, use the date the poster was displayed and

available for viewing during the event.

This field supports tracking of dissemination activities, aligning with event timelines, and reporting on research engagement. If the presentation or poster was part of a multi-day event, use the specific date of delivery or display rather than the full event

duration.

Column Name publication-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory for Poster type

Optional for Presentation type

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Date Awarded (Thesis/Dissertation type)

Production Date (Book type)
Production Date (Chapter type)
Production Date (Conference type)
Production Date (Journal-Article type)
Publication Date (Artefact type)
Publication Date (Composition type)
Publication Date (Design type)
Publication Date (Preprint type)
Publication Date (Dataset type)
Publication Date (Patent type)

Publication Date (Software / Code type)
Publication Date (Internet Publication type)

Publication Date (Report type)

Publication Date (Scholarly Edition type)

Publication Date (Other type)

Field Name Presentation Location

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Presentation

Definition The city or location where the presentation of the research

output was delivered. This refers to the physical or virtual site where the researcher formally presented their work – such as at a seminar, symposium, workshop, public lecture, or other

academic or professional event.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the city or location

where the presentation took place. Include additional geographic identifiers such as state or country if needed for clarity (e.g. "Auckland, New Zealand" vs. "Auckland, Washington"). Do not abbreviate or modify the place name. If the presentation was delivered online or virtually, record as "Online" or "Virtual" as appropriate. If the presentation was part of a multi-location event or tour, record the primary or first location where the research output was presented. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context and reach of the presentation

output.

Column Name location

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Berlin, DE, Wellington, New Zealand, San Francisco, USA

Other Names Conference Place (Conference type)

Country (Journal-Article type) Location (Artefact type) Location (Other type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)

Territory (Patent type) **Venue** (Exhibition type)

Field Name Presented At

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Poster

Thesis/Dissertation

Definition The official title of the academic or professional conference at

which a research output was presented or published, used to

identify the event associated with the work.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the conference exactly

as stated in the publication or event materials. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. If the output is not associated with a conference, leave the field blank. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context in which

the research was disseminated.

Column Name name-of-conference

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values International Conference on Urban Sustainability, IEEE

Symposium on Robotics and Automation

Other Names Name of Conference (Conference type)

Field Name Primary Group Descriptor

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures the three-character code that identifies the

data provider associated with the user. It is used to group users

by their primary organisation or affiliation.

Guide for Use Enter the three-character data provider code that corresponds

to the data provider's organisation. The data provider code will be provided to the organisation by the NZRIS team during the onboarding process. A list of codes will also be available on the NZRIS Github site. This field is mandatory and must not be left

blank.

Column Name primarygroupdescriptor

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 3 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values MBE, ROY

Field Name Production Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Book

Chapter Conference Journal-Article

Definition The date on which the output is formally published or made

publicly accessible. Despite the term "Production Date," this field is used to capture the **Publication Date** – the point at which the work becomes available to its intended audience through a

publisher, platform, or event.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official publication or release date of

the output. For **books and chapters**, use the date provided by the publisher indicating when the work was released. For **journal articles**, use the date the article was published online or in print by the journal. For **conference outputs**, use the date the presentation or proceedings were made publicly available,

either at the event or through publication.

This field supports tracking of dissemination timelines, reporting cycles, and citation eligibility. Ensure the date reflects formal public availability rather than internal production

milestones.

Column Name publication-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory for Book type

Mandatory for Chapter type Mandatory for Journal-Article type Optional for Conference type

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Presentation Date (Presentation type)

Presentation Date (Poster type)

Awarded Date (Publication) (Thesis/Dissertation type)

Publication Date (Artefact type)
Publication Date (Composition type)
Publication Date (Design type)
Publication Date (Preprint type)
Publication Date (Dataset type)
Publication Date (Patent type)

Publication Date (Software / Code type)
Publication Date (Internet Publication type)

Publication Date (Report type)

Publication Date (Scholarly Edition type)

Publication Date (Other type)

Field Name **Proprietary_ID**

Category & Ingest Template **User Category**

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures a unique identifier for each user to support

accurate record matching and updates over time. It must not be the unique identifier from the data provider's internal systems, in accordance with the New Zealand Privacy Act. NZRIS recommends the use of a pseudo-identifier format.

Guide for Use Provide a unique identifier for each user that remains consistent

across data submissions. Do not use internal system IDs.

Data providers may generate their own unique identifiers for individuals or adopt the recommended NZRIS methodology below. Locally generated identifiers can follow simple conventions such as firstname.lastname or use more secure approaches like a hashed identifier combined with a key to protect privacy.

NZRIS suggests creating a pseudo-identifier using the format: ORCiD::Initial-LastName (e.g. 0902-0234-3547-5868::Initial-Lastname). If the individual does not have an ORCiD, use a placeholder in the format: xxxx-xxxx-xxxx::Initial-LastName. Ensure there are no spaces in the name portion.

This field is mandatory and must be unique for each user. Whichever method is chosen, the identifier should remain stable over time to ensure accurate linkage of records over time. The maximum field length is 32 characters.

Column Name proprietary_id

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 32 characters Mandatory/Optional Mandatory Validation Rules No spaces

Example Values 0902-0234-3547-5868::Initial-Lastname Field Name Protected (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Type c-fund

c-funding-round c-scholarship c-internship c-fellowship c-negotiated c-on-demand c-other

Definition Indicates whether the equipment record contains sensitive or

restricted information and should be restricted from the NZRIS

website.

special handling due to confidentiality, privacy, or data protection requirements. If the flag is set to "1" the record will be

excluded from the NZRIS website.

Column Name c-protected

Data Type Boolean

Allowed Values true or false

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Protected (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type All

Definition Indicates whether the grant record contains sensitive or

restricted information and should be restricted from the NZRIS

website.

special handling due to confidentiality, privacy, or data protection requirements. If the flag is set to "1" the record will be

excluded from the NZRIS website.

Column Name c-protected

Data Type Boolean

Allowed Values true or false

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Protected (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publication.csv

Applicable Type All

Definition Indicates whether the publication record contains sensitive or

restricted information and should be restricted from the NZRIS

website.

special handling due to confidentiality, privacy, or data protection requirements. If the flag is set to "1" the record will be

excluded from the NZRIS website.

Column Name c-protected

Data Type Boolean

Allowed Values true or false

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Protected (User)

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition Indicates whether the user record should be restricted from the

NZRIS website.

access or special handling due to confidentiality, privacy, or data protection requirements. If the flag is set to "1" the record will be

excluded from the NZRIS website.

Column Name generic01
Data Type Boolean
Allowed Values true or false
Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Publication Date

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Artefact

Composition Design Preprint Dataset Patent

Software/Code Internet Publication

Report

Scholarly Edition

Other

Definition The date on which the output is formally published, released, or

made publicly accessible. This marks the point at which the work becomes available to its intended audience, whether through a publisher, platform, repository, or public release.

publicly available. This may be the date listed by a publisher, repository, or hosting platform, and is used to track dissemination, support reporting, and assess impact. Artefact, Composition, Design: Use the date the work was exhibited, performed, launched, or otherwise released to the public. Preprint: Use the date the preprint was uploaded to a public repository or platform. Dataset: Use the date the dataset was published or deposited in a public data repository. Patent: Use the date the patent was officially published by the intellectual property authority (distinct from filing or grant dates). Software/Code: Use the date the software or code was released or made publicly accessible (e.g. via GitHub, institutional repository). Internet Publication: Use the date the content was published online (e.g. blog post, web article). Report: Use the date the report was formally published or distributed. Scholarly Edition: Use the date the edition was published or released by the publisher or institution.

Column Name publication-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Production Date (Book type)

Production Date (Chapter type)
Production Date (Conference type)
Production Date (Journal-Article type)
Presentation Date (Presentation type)

Presentation Date (Poster type)

Date Awarded (Thesis/Dissertation type)

Field Name Published Proceedings

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Conference

Definition The full title of the journal or conference proceedings in which a

research output is published, used to identify the source of the

publication within the scholarly record.

Guide for Use This field should record the complete name of the journal or

conference proceedings exactly as it appears in the publication. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. If the output is not part of a journal or proceedings, leave the field blank. This information is essential for accurate citation, indexing, and retrieval of

research outputs.

Column Name journal
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Journal of Environmental Psychology, Proceedings of the

International Conference on Machine Learning

Other Names Journal (Journal type)

Journal (Other type)

Field Name Publisher

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Conference Journal-Article Report

Scholarly Edition

Other

Software/Code Internet Publication

Definition The individual, organisation, or entity responsible for producing,

distributing, or making a research output publicly available,

whether in print, digital, or other formats.

Guide for Use This field should record the name of the publisher exactly as it

appears in the publication or official documentation. Do not abbreviate or modify the name. If no publisher is specified, leave the field blank. This information is important for citation, provenance, and understanding the source and dissemination

pathway of the research output.

Column Name publisher

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Springer Nature, Oxford University Press, Australian Bureau of

Statistics, Zenodo

Field Name Publisher URL

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Report Performance

Scholarly Edition Thesis/Dissertation

Other Preprint
Artefact Dataset
Composition Patent
Design Software/Code

Exhibition Internet Publication

Definition The web address that links directly to the published version or

official landing page of a research output, as hosted by the

publisher, journal, conference organiser, or platform.

Guide for Use This field should record the full and direct URL to the research

output as provided by the publisher or hosting organisation. Use the exact link without modification or shortening. For books, chapters, conference papers, and journal articles, use the **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)** field. This information is essential for enabling access, verification, and citation of the

research output, especially in digital environments.

Column Name publisher-url

Data Type url

Format & Length Layout URLs should be recorded in their full and direct format,

beginning with http:// or https://, exactly as provided by the publisher, platform, or hosting organisation. Avoid using shortened or redirected links (e.g. Bitly), and do not embed hyperlinks within other text – record the URL as plain text only. Ensure the URL is not followed by punctuation such as a full stop or comma unless required by external citation formatting. Always verify that the link leads directly to the intended research output or landing page and is publicly accessible

where possible.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values https://springer.com/book/9783030123456

Other Names URL (Book type)

URL (Chapter type)
URL (Conference type)
URL (Journal-Article type)

Field Name Recipient Organisation

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types A

Definition The organisation that receives and administers the grant

funding.

organisation. This supports reporting, analysis, and identification of funding sources across grant records. The identification for the appropriation of sould also be included.

identifier for the organisation should also be included.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by pipe, colon, and semi-colon (|:;) characters. The components must appear in the following order:

Organisation Name | scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Organisation Name: Include the full name of the organisation.

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id", "grid-id", "nzbn-id"

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

A single organisation identifier is sufficient however multiple identifiers can be provided using a semi-colon.

If a grant has multiple recipient organisations, a separate grant record should be submitted for each organisation, with the total

grant value proportionally split across those records.

Column Name c-recipient-organisation

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout Organisation Name | scheme : identifier ;

Use pipe and colon delimiters ("|":" ";")

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory c-contract type

Mandatory c-payment type Mandatory c-devolved type

Optional Grant type

Example Values University of Otago|ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-

id:xyzgridID

Field Name Related Organisation

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to other

entities with which it has a formal or functional relationship.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) for organisations that are connected through partnerships, collaborations, shared governance, joint ventures, or other recognised relationships. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple related organisations exist, record each one clearly and

consistently using the identifier-list format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (: ;) characters. The components must appear in the

following order:

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id".

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name related-organisation-identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list

Format & Length Layout scheme:identifier

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Report Number

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Report

Definition A unique identifier assigned to a report by the issuing

organisation, used to distinguish it from other reports and to

support accurate referencing and retrieval.

Guide for Use This field should record the report number exactly as it appears

on the publication. Use the organisation's wording and formatting without modification. This information is important for citation, cataloguing, and ensuring the correct version of a

report is referenced.

Column Name number
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Report No. 2025/04, TR-17-003, Document ID: ENV-202

Other Names Chapter Number (Book type)

Chapter Number (Chapter type)
Article Number (Journal-Article type)
Application Number (Patent type)

Field Name Report Title

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Report

Definition The full title of a formal research report, technical report, or

institutional publication that presents findings, analysis, or recommendations, typically commissioned or authored by an

organisation, agency, or research group.

Guide for Use This field should record the complete title of the report exactly

as it appears on the publication. Do not abbreviate or modify the title. This information is essential for accurate citation, indexing, and identifying the nature and scope of the research presented.

Column Name parent-title

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Annual Report on Water Quality Monitoring, Technical Report

on AI Ethics in Public Services

Other Values Preprint Server (Preprint type)

Book Title (Book type)

Field Name ROR ID

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_collaborating-organisations.csv

Definition This field captures the organisation's ROR ID (Research

Organisation Registry), a globally unique identifier used to represent research organisations in a standardised and interoperable way. It supports consistent referencing of institutions across systems and datasets, enabling improved linkage of organisations to research outputs, funding, and

collaborations.

Guide for Use Enter the organisation's full ROR ID in the standard format (e.g.

https://ror.org/03yrm5c26). Ensure the ROR ID is valid and corresponds to the correct organisation as listed in the ROR registry. Do not enter placeholder values, internal identifiers, or personal IDs. If the organisation does not have a ROR ID, leave

the field blank.

Column Name c-ror
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values https://ror.org/03yrm5c26

Field Name Series

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Other

Definition The named collection or sequence of related works published

under a common title or theme, often by the same publisher, which groups books or chapters that share a subject area,

format, or editorial framework.

publication. Use the publisher's wording without modification. If the work is not part of a series, leave the field blank. This information helps identify the broader context or scholarly grouping of the work, and is useful for cataloguing, citation, and understanding the thematic or disciplinary alignment of the

output.

Column Name series
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Studies in Language and

Linguistics

Field Name Start Date (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The date on which the grant-funded activity or contract begins.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the official start date of the grant. This is

used for scheduling, milestone tracking, and financial planning.

Column Name start-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory c-contract type Mandatory c-devolved type

Optional Grant type
Optional c-payment type

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Field Name Start Date (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Type Exhibition

Performance

Other

Definition The date on which the creation, development, or public

presentation of the output begins. This marks the initiation of substantive work or the commencement of public

engagement, depending on the nature of the output.

output. This helps track timelines, monitor progress, and support reporting and evaluation processes. For **Exhibitions**, use the opening date – the first day the exhibition is accessible to the public. For **Performances**, use the date of the first scheduled presentation or showing of the work. For **Other outputs**, this may refer to the date work began on a dataset, software,

creative work, or similar non-standard output.

Ensure the date reflects the beginning of substantive activity or public engagement, not preliminary planning or internal

preparation.

Column Name start-date

Data Type Date

Format & Length Layout (yyyy-mm-dd)

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy-mm-dd.

Example Values 2025-04-25

Other Names Conference Start Date (Conference type)

Awarded Date (Publication) (Patent type)

Field Name Start Year

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-appropriation

Definition The calendar year in which the appropriation begins and

funding becomes available.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the year (in YYYY format) when the

appropriation takes effect, typically aligning with the start of the government's financial year. This supports accurate financial tracking, reporting, and alignment with budget cycles. For example, an appropriation starting in July 2025 would be

recorded as 2025.

Column Name start-date

Data Type Date
Format & Length Layout (yyyy)
Mandatory/Optional Optional

Validation Rules Must comply with the format yyyy.

Example Values 2025

Other Names Establishment Date (Fund) (c-fund)

Establishment Date (Fund) (c-scholarship) Establishment Date (Fund) (c-internship) Establishment Date (Fund) (c-fellowship) Establishment Date (Fund) (c-on-demand) Establishment Date (Fund) (c-negotiated) Establishment Date (Fund) (c-other) Field Name Subsidiary Organisation

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to

entities that operate under its ownership, control, or

governance.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) for organisations that are formally recognised as subsidiaries of the current entity. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple parent organisations exist, record each one clearly and

consistently using the identifier-list format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (: ;) characters. The components must appear in the

following order:

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id".

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name child-organisation-identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list

Format & Length Layout scheme:identifier

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Successor Organisation

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition A structured list of identifiers that link the organisation to any

entities that have formally taken over its role, functions, or

mandate.

Guide for Use This field should record persistent identifiers (e.g. NZBN, ROR,

GRID) for organisations that have succeeded the current entity due to restructuring, renaming, merging, or other formal transitions. Each entry should include the chosen scheme and identifier for the organisation. Use accurate and current identifiers that reflect formal relationships such as ministerial oversight, institutional affiliation, or corporate ownership. This information is essential for understanding organisational hierarchy, enabling data integration, and supporting reporting and governance structures. If multiple parent organisations exist, record each one clearly and consistently using the

identifier-list format.

This field should contain the name and identifiers of an entity as a single string, with components separated by colon and semicolon (: ;) characters. The components must appear in the

following order:

scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier; scheme: identifier

Scheme: Provide the identifier type. This is fixed entry "ror-id",

"grid-id", "nzbn-id".

Identifier: Use the official research organisation or business

identifier, to uniquely identify the entity.

Column Name succeeded-by-organisation-identifiers

Data Type Identifier-list

Format & Length Layout scheme:identifier

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values ror-id:https://ror.org/01jmxt844;grid-id:xyzgridID

Field Name Suffix

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This field captures the generational or professional suffix

associated with an individual's name. It is used to formally distinguish individuals who share the same name or to reflect an official designation. Common suffixes include generational

indicators and professional or academic designations.

Guide for Use Enter the suffix exactly as provided by the individual. This may

include generational suffixes (e.g. "Jr", "Sr", "III") or professional/academic designations (e.g. "Esq", "PhD"). Do not include titles (e.g. Mr, Ms, Dr) or nicknames. Ensure proper capitalisation and punctuation where applicable (e.g. "Jr" rather than "jr" or "JR"). If no suffix is provided, leave this field blank.

Column Name suffix
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values Jr, Sr, III

Field Name Summary

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Type c-contract type

c-devolved type

Definition A brief summary, description, or public statement outlining the

purpose, scope, or key details of the grant contract. It provides context for understanding the nature and intent of the funded

activity.

contract, including its objectives, focus areas, or intended outcomes. Avoid duplicating information from other fields

unless necessary for clarity.

This field is optional for c-contract type records.

Column Name description

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional for c-contract type

Mandatory for c-devolved type

Other Names Description (Grant) (Grant type)

Details (c-payment type)

Field Name Supervisors

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv

Applicable Types Thesis / Dissertation type

Definition The individuals who provided academic oversight, guidance,

and support to the student during the development of a thesis or dissertation. Supervisors are typically affiliated with the awarding institution and play a formal role in the research

process.

Guide for Use This field should record the full names of all supervisors as they

appear in the source material. Supervisors may include primary, secondary, or co-supervisors. Use the format "First-Name Last-Name" and separate multiple supervisors with a semicolon. Do not use titles (e.g. Dr, Prof). This field is relevant for thesis and dissertation records and helps identify key academic

contributors.

Column Name editors

Data Type Person-list

Format & Length Layout For Directly Associated Individuals use [Provider ID_Dataset

#]_users.csv and [Provider ID_Dataset #]_links.csv.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Other Names Editors (Book type)

Editors (Chapter type)
Editors (Conference type)
Editors (Journal-Article type)

Editors (Other type)

Field Name Surname

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_persons.csv

Definition This field captures the family name or surname of the user. It is

used to formally identify individuals and may reflect cultural naming conventions, including compound or hyphenated surnames. The last name should be recorded using correct

spelling and capitalisation.

Guide for Use Enter the user's last name (surname or family name) exactly as

it is provided by the individual. This may include compound or hyphenated names (e.g. "Smith-Jones") and should reflect the individual's preferred spelling and format. Do not include titles (e.g. Mr, Ms, Dr) or generational suffixes (e.g. Jr, Sr) unless they are an official part of the surname. Ensure the name is properly capitalised (e.g. "Nguyen" rather than "nguyen" or "NGUYEN").

Column Name surname

Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Nguyen, Smith-Jones

Other Names Last Name

Field Name **Territory**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Patent

Definition The jurisdiction or geographic region in which the patent has

been filed, granted, or is legally enforceable. This refers to the country, region, or international patent authority that governs the intellectual property rights associated with the patent

output.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the country, region, or

patent authority where the patent was registered or granted (e.g. "United States", "European Patent Office", "Australia"). Use the official name of the jurisdiction and avoid abbreviations (e.g. use "United Kingdom" instead of "UK"). If the patent is filed under an international treaty or agreement (e.g. Patent Cooperation Treaty), specify the relevant authority or treaty name. This information is important for understanding the legal scope, enforceability, and geographic reach of the patent

output.

Column Name location
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values United States, European Patent Office, Australia

Other Names Conference Place (Conference type)

Country (Journal-Article type) Location (Artefact type) Location (Other type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)
Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Venue (Exhibition type)

Field Name Title (Grant)

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

Definition The main title of the grant or grant-funded project.

Guide for Use Enter a clear and descriptive title that reflects the purpose or

focus of the grant. Avoid abbreviations unless they are widely

recognised or necessary for clarity.

Column Name title
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Other Names Name (Grant) (c-contract)

Name (Grant) (c-devolved)

Field Name Title (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The full name or heading of a research output, as designated by

its creator or publisher, used to identify and describe the work.

Guide for Use This field should record the full title of the output as it appears

in the official or published source. Outputs may include journal articles, books, reports, creative works (such as artefacts, compositions, designs, exhibitions, figures, or performances), and other scholarly or professional publications. The title should be entered exactly as presented, preserving original punctuation, spelling, and capitalisation, including any subtitles, which should be separated from the main title with a colon. Do not abbreviate or modify titles unless required by a specific standard. If the title is in a language other than English, record the language in the **Output Language** field. This information is essential for accurate identification, citation, and linking of

outputs across systems and datasets.

Column Name title
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 10,240 characters

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Example Values Designing for Sustainability in Urban Spaces, Dataset on

Coastal Erosion Patterns, Symphony No. 3 in C Minor

Field Name Title (User)

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition The honorific or courtesy title associated with an individual,

typically used as a prefix to their name (e.g. Mr, Mrs, Ms, Dr, Prof).

Guide for Use Use this field to capture the individual's honorific or courtesy

title, which is typically displayed as a prefix to their name (e.g. Mr, Mrs, Ms, Miss, Dr, Prof). It should not include job titles or positions. Common values include Mr, Mrs, Ms, Miss, Dr, Prof, and may also include less common titles such as Mx, Rev, Sir, or Lady, depending on business requirements. The field is optional and may be left blank if no title is provided. Ensure consistent capitalisation (e.g. "Mr" not "mr") and do not use punctuation

(e.g. ".").

Column Name [title]
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Field Name Title Language

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types Grant

Definition The language in which the grant title is written if not English.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the language of the title using ISO 639-2

codes (e.g. eng for English, mao for Māori). This supports multilingual data management and ensures accurate

interpretation and display.

Column Name c-title-language

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 3 characters

Code Set Reference See **Language Codes** section

Mandatory/Optional Optional Example Values mao, cri

Field Name Type (Fund)

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The classification that indicates the nature or subtype of the

fund or funding round record. This field helps the system understand how to process, categorise, and display fund data

appropriately.

Guide for Use This is a mandatory field and must be completed for every fund

record. Use this field to specify the type of fund by selecting from the predefined list of allowed values below. Accurate use of this field ensures consistent categorisation across datasets and enables correct filtering, reporting, and presentation on the

website.

Data Type Fixed entry

Format & Length Layout Fixed

Allowed Values c-fund c-on-demand c-funding-round c-negotiated

c-scholarship c-negotia

c-internship c-appropriation

c-fellowship

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Type (Organisation)

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The classification of the organisation based on a predefined set

of categories that describe its role or structure within the

research funding system.

Guide for Use This field should record the organisation's type from the type

code set. These values represent standardised categories such as government department, university, research institute, philanthropic funder, or commercial entity. Select the most appropriate type that reflects the organisation's primary function or legal status in relation to research funding. This information is essential for consistent categorisation, filtering, and analysis across datasets. Only use values from the designated code set to ensure alignment with controlled vocabulary and interoperability with other systems. If an organisation fits multiple types, use a semi colon to delimit the

entries.

Column Name c-label

Data Type Keyword list

Code Set Reference See **New Zealand Organisation Types** code set for full list

Allowed values Company

Contract Research Organisation (CRO)

Crown Research Institute (CRI)

Education Government

Health Research Organisation

Independent Research Organisation (IRO)

Māori Research Organisation

Non Profit

Public Research Organisation (PRO)

Regional Research Institute State Owned Enterprise

University Wānanga

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Government, Company, University

Field Name **Type (Grant)**

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The classification that indicates the nature of the grant record.

This field helps the system understand how to process and

display the data appropriately.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the type of record using the predefined

allowed values below. This ensures consistent categorisation across datasets and enables accurate filtering, reporting, and

system behaviour.

Data Type Fixed entry

Format & Length Layout Fixed
Allowed Values grant

c-contract c-payment c-devolved

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name Type (Publication)

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Al

Definition The classification that indicates the nature of the publication

record. This field helps the system understand how to process

and display the data appropriately.

Guide for Use Use this field to specify the type of record using the predefined

allowed values below. This ensures consistent categorisation across datasets and enables accurate filtering, reporting, and

system behaviour.

Data Type Fixed entry

Format & Length Layout Fixed
Allowed Values book

bookmediachapterotherconferencepatentjournal-articleperformanceartefactpresentationcompositionposter

dataset report scholarly-edition

exhibition software

figure thesis-dissertation

fileset preprint

internet-publication

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Field Name **URL**

Category & Ingest Template **Publication Category**

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

> Chapter Conference Journal-Article

Definition The web address that links directly to the published version or

official landing page of a book, book chapter, conference paper,

or journal article, as hosted by the publisher or platform.

Guide for Use This field should record the full and direct URL to the research

> output exactly as provided by the publisher or hosting organisation. Include the complete link starting with http:// or https://, and do not abbreviate, shorten, or embed the URL in other text. For other output types use the Publisher URL field. This information is essential for enabling access, citation, and verification of the research output in digital environments.

Column Name publisher-url

url Data Type

Avoid using shortened or redirected links (e.g. Bitly), and do not Format & Length Layout

embed hyperlinks within other text - record the URL as plain text only. Ensure the URL is not followed by punctuation such as a full stop or comma unless required by external citation formatting. Always verify that the link leads directly to the intended research output or landing page and is publicly

accessible where possible.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

https://springer.com/book/9783030123456 **Example Values**

Other Names Publisher URL(Report type)

Publisher URL (Scholarly

Edition type)

Publisher URL (Other type) Publisher URL (Artefact type) Publisher URL (Composition

Publisher URL (Design type) Publisher URL (Exhibition

type)

Publisher URL (Performance

type)

Publisher URL

(Thesis/Dissertation type) Publisher URL (Preprint type) Publisher URL (Dataset type) Publisher URL (Patent type) Publisher URL (Software /

Code type)

Publisher URL (Internet

Publication type)

Field Name Username

Category & Ingest Template User Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_users.csv

Definition This is a mandatory system field used to identify users within the

system. It must be a unique value for each user and is used for

internal reference purposes only.

Guide for Use Populate this field using the same value as the **Proprietary_ID**

field. This ensures consistency and supports accurate user

identification across systems.

Column Name username

Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 32 characters Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules Must match the **Proprietary_ID**

Example Values 0902-0234-3547-5868::Initial-Lastname

Field Name Value

Category & Ingest Template Grant Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_grants.csv

Applicable Types All

Definition The total monetary amount awarded for the grant.

Guide for Use Use this field to record the full value of the grant in the relevant

currency. This supports financial tracking, budgeting, and

reporting.

Column Name amount
Data Type Money

Format & Length Layout Integer values only to two decimal places

Mandatory/Optional Mandatory

Validation Rules No special characters allowed (e.g. "\$")

Example Values 100000.00

Field Name **Venue**

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Exhibition

Definition The city or location where the exhibition took place. This refers

to the physical or virtual site where the artefact, artwork, installation, or other exhibition-based research was publicly presented or displayed as part of a formal event, gallery

showing, or curated programme.

Guide for Use This field should record the full name of the city or location

where the exhibition took place. Include additional geographic identifiers such as state or country if needed for clarity. Do not abbreviate or modify the place name. If the exhibition was held online or virtually, record as "Online" or "Virtual" as appropriate. If the exhibition was part of a touring or multi-site event, record the primary or first venue where the research output was exhibited. This information is important for citation, indexing, and understanding the context and reach of the exhibition

output.

Column Name location
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Berlin, Wellington, NZ, San Francisco

Other Names Conference Place (Conference type)

Country (Journal-Article type) Location (Artefact type) Location (Other type)

Place of Performance (Performance type)
Presentation Location (Presentation type)

Territory (Patent type)

Field Name Volume

Category & Ingest Template Publication Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_publications.csv

Applicable Types Book

Chapter Conference Journal-Article

Other

Definition The numbered or named grouping of a published work that

indicates its place within a larger series or collection, such as a

journal, book set, or conference proceedings.

Guide for Use This field should record the volume number or title exactly as

stated in the publication. Use the publisher's or conference organiser's wording without modification. If no volume is specified, leave the field blank. This information is important for identifying and citing the correct part of a multi-volume work or serial publication, and for distinguishing between outputs

published in different volumes of the same series.

Column Name volume
Data Type Text

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Vol. 12, Volume II, 2025 Proceedings Volume A

Field Name Vote

Category & Ingest Template Equipment Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_equipment.csv

Applicable Types c-appropriation

Definition The name of the government appropriation or budget grouping

from which the fund receives its financial resources. (e.g. Vote

Health, Vote Education).

government budget documents to ensure consistency and traceability. Accurate use of this field links the fund to its source of public funding, supports financial accountability, and enables correct categorisation and display of funding information on the website. It also helps users understand which part of

government is responsible for the financial provision.

Column Name c-vote
Data Type Text

Format & Length Layout 255 characters

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values Vote Business, Science and Innovation

Field Name Website URL

Category & Ingest Template External Organisation Category

[Provider ID_Dataset #]_organisations.csv

Applicable Types c-organisation

Definition The web address of the organisation's official website.

Guide for Use This field should record the full and direct URL (Uniform

Resource Locator) that links to the organisation's primary online presence. Use the complete address including the protocol (e.g. https://) and ensure it points to the homepage or main landing page. Avoid shortened links or internal subpages unless specifically required. Ensure the URL is current, publicly accessible, and aligns with official records or communications.

Column Name url Data Type url

Format & Length Layout The URL field should contain a valid web address beginning

with http:// or https://, follow standard URL syntax, avoid spaces

or invalid characters, and be publicly accessible. The recommended maximum length is 255 characters, with a

minimum of around 12 characters.

Mandatory/Optional Optional

Example Values https://www.mbie.govt.nz/

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