

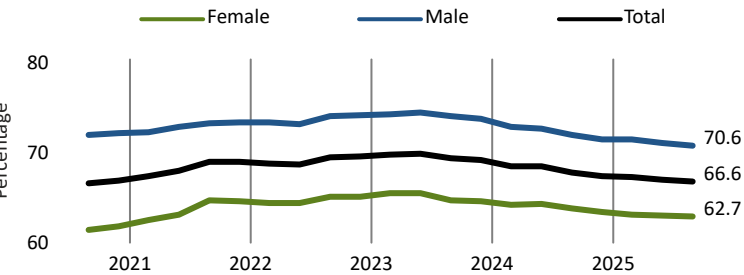
EMPLOYMENT

Employment Rate **66.6%** **Total** **2,873,000**
from last quarter **-0.2pp** from last quarter **no change**
from last year **-1.0pp** from last year **-18,000**

Male Employment Rate **70.6%** **Aged 25-49 Employment rate** **84.3%**
Total **1,504,000** **Total** **1,529,600**
from last quarter **-1,000** from last year **-12,500**
from last year **-13,000**

Female Employment Rate **62.7%** **Aged 50+ Employment rate** **53.8%**
Total **1,369,000** **Total** **975,200**
from last quarter **+1,000** from last year **+7,500**
from last year **-5,000**

Employment Rate



Full-time **2,294,000** **Part-time** **579,000**
from last quarter **+5,000** from last quarter **-3,000**
from last year **-18,000** from last year **no change**

HOURS AND WAGES

Avg. Wkly Paid Hours (FTE) **38.20** **Avg. Hourly Earning** **43.60**
from last quarter **+0.11** from last quarter **+0.21**
from last year **+0.11** from last year **+1.62**

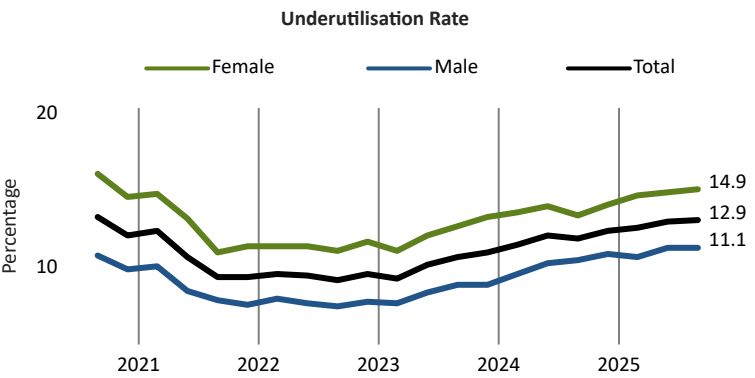
Industry	Employed	1 year change	5 yr chg	Average hourly earnings
▲				
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	154,800	-2,300	-17,000	NA
Mining	8,400	+200	+3,100	NA
Manufacturing	248,500	+8,600	+2,400	\$40.41
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	32,300	+500	+4,900	\$52.94
Construction	284,000	-6,700	+17,400	\$40.93
Wholesale Trade	104,400	+11,100	+4,300	\$43.21
Retail Trade and Accommodation	401,700	+9,500	+18,100	\$32.37
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	122,900	-3,200	+1,800	\$40.56
Information Media and Telecommunications	35,800	-3,500	+100	\$55.83
Financial and Insurance Services	104,900	+7,700	+20,400	\$63.24
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	67,300	-1,600	+14,700	\$42.07
Professional, Scientific, Technical, Administrative and Support Services	352,600	-20,300	+31,100	\$49.48
Public Administration and Safety	195,900	-10,400	+28,300	\$50.13
Education and Training	227,700	+3,500	+8,200	\$45.35
Health Care and Social Assistance	300,400	-16,700	+10,500	\$45.81
Arts, Recreation and Other Services	195,400	+1,600	+25,900	\$38.30

UNDERUTILISATION

Underutilisation Rate **12.9%** **Total** **406,000**
from last quarter **+0.1pp** from last quarter **+3,000**
from last year **+1.2pp** from last year **+40,000**

Male Underutilisation Rate **11.1%**
Total **182,000**
from last quarter **+1,000**
from last year **+13,000**

Female Underutilisation Rate **14.9%**
Total **224,000**
from last quarter **+3,000**
from last year **+27,000**



Total **138,000** **UE Rate** **5.3%** **Total** **160,000** **Total** **108,000**
from last quarter **+8,000** from last quarter **+0.1pp** from last quarter **+2,000** from last quarter **-6,000**
from last year **+17,000** from last year **+0.4pp** from last year **+12,000** from last year **+11,000**

Male Total **49,000** **Male UE Rate** **5.2%** **Aged 25-49 UE Rate** **4.1%** **Male Total** **51,000**
from last quarter **+3,000** **Total** **83,000** **Total** **65,100** from last quarter **-5,000**
from last year **+4,000** from last year **+8,000** from last year **+7,800** from last year **+3,000**

Female Total **89,000** **Female UE Rate** **5.4%** **Aged 50+ UE Rate** **2.7%** **Female Total** **57,000**
from last quarter **+5,000** **Total** **78,000** **Total** **26,700** from last quarter **-1,000**
from last year **+14,000** from last year **-1,000** from last year **-4,100** from last year **+8,000**

Region	Employed				Unemployed			
	People	Rate	People	Rate	People	Rate	People	Rate
Northland	91,000	56.4%	-4,200	-2.9pp	6,100	6.3%	-800	-0.4pp
Auckland	980,100	66.6%	-16,800	-2.2pp	63,800	6.1%	+9,200	+0.9pp
Waikato	266,500	62.9%	-2,000	-1.3pp	17,600	6.2%	+3,400	+1.2pp
Bay of Plenty	183,800	64.9%	+5,400	+1.4pp	9,600	5.0%	-100	-0.2pp
Gisborne / Hawke's Bay	117,700	62.9%	-3,300	-2.2pp	7,300	5.9%	+3,000	+2.5pp
Taranaki	64,800	62.5%	-2,400	-2.5pp	2,900	4.3%	+100	+0.3pp
Manawatu-Whanganui	138,600	66.1%	+3,200	+1.1pp	5,600	3.9%	-100	-0.1pp
Wellington	320,800	72.1%	+3,900	+1.0pp	14,300	4.3%	+300	+0.1pp
Tasman / Nelson / Marlborough / West Coast	108,700	65.2%	+1,600	+0.7pp	3,600	3.2%	-1,300	-1.2pp
Canterbury	385,100	68.1%	+100	-0.5pp	19,200	4.7%	-100	-0.1pp
Otago	152,400	72.2%	-1,800	-1.1pp	4,000	2.5%	-1,000	-0.6pp
Southland	54,400	65.1%	-2,400	-3.0pp	2,100	3.7%	-1,200	-1.7pp

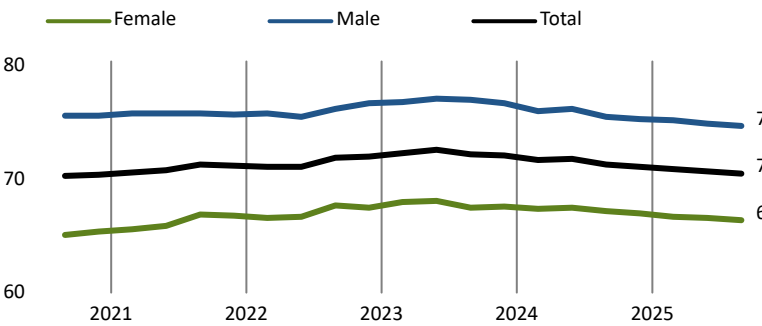
LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

Participation Rate **70.3%** **Total** **3,033,000**
from last quarter **-0.2pp** from last quarter **+2,000**
from last year **-0.8pp** from last year **-7,000**

Male Participation Rate **74.5%** **Aged 25-49 Participation Rate** **87.8%**
Total **1,586,000** **Total** **1,594,500**
from last quarter **+2,000** from last year **-4,900**
from last year **-7,000**

Female Participation Rate **66.2%** **Aged 50+ Participation Rate** **55.2%**
Total **1,447,000** **Total** **1,001,800**
from last quarter **no change** from last year **+3,200**
from last year **no change**

Labour Force Participation Rate



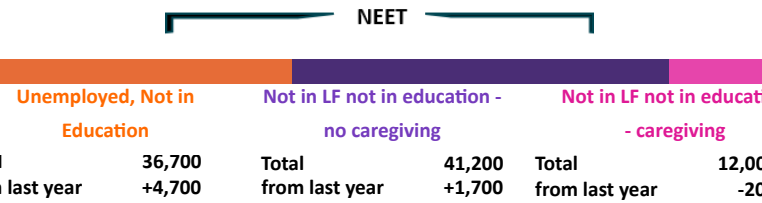
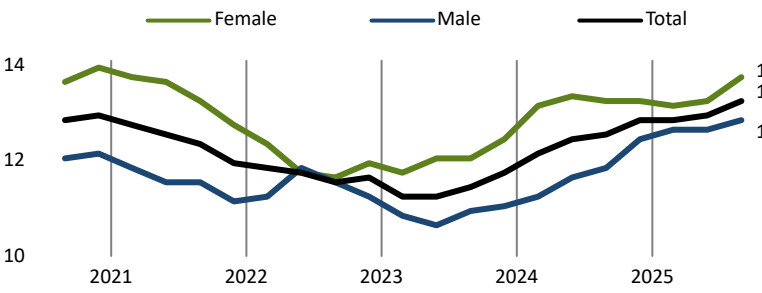
NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING
(Aged 15-24 years, annual average)

NEET rate **13.2%** **Total** **90,000**
from last year **+0.7pp** from last year **+6,400**
from last 5 years **+0.4pp** from last 5 years **+6,200**

Male NEET rate **12.8%** **Aged 15-19 NEET rate** **10.4%**
Total **44,700** **Total** **36,700**
from last year **+4,200** from last year **+2,500**
from last 5 years **+4,200** from last 5 years **+5,100**

Female NEET rate **13.7%** **Aged 20-24 NEET rate** **16.3%**
Total **45,300** **Total** **53,300**
from last year **+2,200** from last year **+3,800**
from last 5 years **+2,000** from last 5 years **+1,000**

NEET Rate



SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

All data provided apart from regional, industry, age group and NEET breakdowns is seasonally adjusted. This process removes the seasonal component present when dealing with quarterly data. Seasonal patterns obscure the underlying behaviour of the series. For the unadjusted series, only annual changes are reported to avoid seasonal effects.

DEFINITIONS

EMPLOYED: People in the working-age population who, during the reference week, did one of the following:

- worked for one hour or more for pay or profit in the context of an employee/employer relationship or self-employment
- worked without pay for one hour or more in work which contributed directly to the operation of a farm, business, or professional practice owned or operated by a relative
- had a job but were not at work due to own illness or injury, personal or family responsibilities, bad weather or mechanical breakdown, direct involvement in an industrial dispute, or leave or holiday.

EMPLOYMENT RATE: The number of employed people expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. The employment rate is closely linked to the working-age population definition.

FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS: Full-time workers usually work 30 hours or more per week, even if they did not do so in the survey reference week because of sickness, holidays, or other reasons. Part-time workers usually work fewer than 30 hours per week.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) JOBS: The total number of full-time jobs plus half the number of part-time jobs. Does not include working proprietors.

HOURS WORKED: Average weekly paid hours (FTE) are calculated by dividing total ordinary hours paid by total FTEs.

HOURLY EARNINGS: Average hourly earnings are calculated by dividing total gross earnings by total paid hours.

LABOUR FORCE: Members of the working-age population, who during the survey reference week, were classified as 'employed' or 'unemployed.'

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE: The total labour force expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. Labour force participation is closely linked to how the working-age population is defined.

NEET (NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION, OR TRAINING): Young people aged 15–24 years who are unemployed (part of the labour force) and not engaged in education or training, and those not in the labour force and not engaged in education or training for many reasons.

NEET RATE: The total number of youth (aged 15–24 years) who are not in education, employment, or training (NEET), as a proportion of the total youth working-age population.

NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: Any neither employed nor unemployed. For example, this residual category includes people who:

- are retired
- have personal or family responsibilities such as unpaid housework and childcare
- attend educational institutions
- are permanently unable to work due to physical or mental disabilities,
- were temporarily unavailable for work in the survey reference week
- are not actively seeking work.

POTENTIAL LABOUR FORCE: The potential labour force consists of people who are not in the labour force but can be considered to be ‘just outside it’. They meet two of the three criteria needed to be considered unemployed. Two main groups of individuals are in the potential labour force:

- UNAVAILABLE JOBSEEKERS** – People who were actively seeking work, were not available to have started work in the reference week, but would become available within a short subsequent period
- AVAILABLE POTENTIAL JOBSEEKERS** – People who are not actively seeking work but were available in the reference week and want a job.

UNDEREMPLOYMENT: People who are in part-time employment who would like to, and are available to, work more hours.

UNDERUTILISATION: The sum of those unemployed, underemployed, who are not actively seeking but are available and wanting a job and people who are actively seeking but not currently available, but will be available to work in the next four weeks.

UNEMPLOYED: All people in the working-age population who, during the reference week, were without a paid job, available for work, and had either actively sought work in the past four weeks ending with the reference week, or had a new job to start within the next four weeks.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: The number of unemployed people expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

WORKING-AGE POPULATION: The usually resident, non-institutionalised population of New Zealand aged 15 years and over.

Disclaimer
This document is a guide only. It should not be used as a substitute for legislation or legal advice. The Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment is not responsible for the results of any actions taken on the basis of information in this document, or for any errors or omissions.

Data Source
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Coverage difference
Average weekly paid hours and average hourly earnings are calculated from the Quarterly Employment Survey (QES), which has different coverage than the Household Labour Force Survey (HLFS). The QES is a survey of employers that excludes self-employed people, the Agriculture industry, unpaid family workers and New Zealand Defence Force, while the HLFS is a survey of households that only includes usually resident New Zealanders, so can exclude some temporary seasonal labourers. If you have any feedback, questions or suggestions please contact us at: LabourMarketInsights@mbie.govt.nz