

#13

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Page 3: Submitter Information

Q1

Personal Information

Name **Shlea Ann Marama Manukau**

Email Address

Q2

Are you making this submission on behalf of a business or organisation?

Yes (Please tell us your company/organisation):
Ngati Consult Limited

Page 4: New Zealand's interests in space

Q7

What are your interests and relationship to space? Pick as many as apply below:

- General interest in space,**
- Have cultural connections to space,**
- Academic involvement on space issues,**
- Other (please specify):
Uritanga Inhabitants for Aotearoa New Zealand

Q8

Please note any other interests and relationship to space below that you would like to share.

We work in Consultation with Maaori businesses and Marae Pa with whakapapa Mana tangata whenua. Our job in this sector is due to the NZ Land Wars and its traumatic aftermath on Uritanga, which is relevant because if space exploration has a focus on utilizing the Aotearoa NZ Mahia rocket lab launch pads for Space War, the real consultation needs to be controlled. Maaori has vigorously entered these rivalries between a European money-based society for mana, for authority over the land and space, and the men and women it sustained.

We are Uritanga of Aotearoa New Zealand and we believe in exclusively peaceful uses of space. Northern and Southern Governance for future tomorrow legacy of Maaori Uritanga of Aotearoa agreed. Heavens above and below territories Ngaa Hau E Whaa Hononga for He ManaTangata Whenua. All above, these were the questions of whose authority, whose law was to prevail. But it remained to be seen whether the King of England, his servants in New Zealand, and Parliament itself could make laws that would govern the land and now the NZ Space Agency 2022 is requesting all Air Space permits and men and women it sustains. In 187 years that followed He Whakaputanga 1835, sovereignty became a practical reality, as Maaori and their lands were brought under English civil and criminal law. Treaty of Waitangi 1840

Page 5: New Zealand's values in space

Q9

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these values should apply to New Zealand's space activities and engagements?

Innovation	Neither agree nor disagree
Responsibility	Neither agree nor disagree
Stewardship	Neither agree nor disagree
Partnership	Neither agree nor disagree

Q10

Are there any other values, or aspects of kaitiakitanga (guardianship), that you think should apply to New Zealand's space activities and engagements? For example, cultural values regarding space.

- (1) To settle and define the proprietary rights of Maaori in space held by them under Maori custom.
- (2) To transmute the Maaori customary title into one that was understood in English law.
- (3) To facilitate dealings with Maaori about Land, Air, and Space and the peaceful settlement of the colony.
- (4) To remedy the invidious position occupied by the Crown under its pre-emptive right.

Depopulation as a consequence of selling Military payloads in War.

Land purchase rings. The human consequences of the Crown system of land purchases can be seen in the pattern of our New Zealand history. If the NZ space agency continues to make unfavorable decisions that could lead to the impoverishment of the NZ nations living in this society, that downward spiral of Space selling to foreign international buyers over Aotearoa NZ land, air and space purchases needs to go through the NZ High Court and Native Land Courts hearings.

An NZ bill or Act should not give the NZ space agency clearance to purchase foreign international war payloads.

The Native Land Court reported that Maaori Uritanga is most affected by the European system and the way of life, declining in population numbers showed due to the consequences of this Crown system of historical land contract purchases.

European need for control of Land, Air, and space that ownership in an effort to quench the insatiable thirst under NZ Government direction, government monopoly partly is an attempt at unscrupulous dealings.

Page 6: New Zealand's space policy objectives

Q11

Rank these key policy objectives in order of importance to you: Click and drag to reorder the objectives from 1 (most important) to 5 (least important)

Promoting the responsible uses of space internationally	3
Regulating to ensure space activities are safe and secure	1

Page 7: Growing an innovative and inclusive space sector

Q12

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these policy objectives will help the New Zealand government to grow an innovative and inclusive space sector?

Promoting New Zealand's natural advantage for conducting space activities, and research and development expertise across the space value chain	Neither agree nor disagree
Partnering within New Zealand and internationally to increase research and development capabilities	Disagree
Identifying opportunities to increase diversity in the space sector	Disagree
Using cutting-edge space technology and space sourced data to support New Zealand's values and interests	Disagree

Q13

Do you have any comments on these policy objectives? (e.g. any suggested change to how they are framed? Is there anything missing?)

It is very clear that Treaty issues and Treat Jurisprudence form a basis for some of the most significant legal developments in 20th Century Aotearoa New Zealand.

New Zealand Space Agency on the relationship of Maaori to the use of land, water, air and space.

Domestic Constitutional document, in the context of the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975 and the State Owned Enterprise Act and as a document relating to fundamental rights.

Q14

Are there any other policy objectives that you think would help the New Zealand government to grow an innovative and inclusive space sector?

- Promoting New Zealand's natural advantage for conducting space activities, research and development expertise across the space value chain
 - Partnering within New Zealand and internationally to increase research and development capabilities
 - Identifying opportunities to increase diversity in the space sector
 - Using cutting-edge space technology and space-sourced data to support New Zealand's values and interests
-

Q15

Do you have any questions or comments about what these objectives would mean in practice?

Maaori Title and Treaty Rights

(a) Land

(b) water

(c) Air

(d) Space

Natural and Spiritual Resources

The Principals of the Treaty of Waitangi

The State-Owned Enterprises Act 1986 and the Significant of the Transfer of the State Assets

The Public Works Act 1981

Page 8: Promoting the responsible uses of space internationally

Q16

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these policy objectives will help the New Zealand government to promote the responsible uses of space internationally?

Advocating for effective international rules, norms and standards in space

Disagree

Partnering with like-minded launch states to adopt peaceful, responsible and sustainable space practices

Strongly agree

Collaborating internationally to increase New Zealand's influence and capabilities in the global space sector

Neither agree nor disagree

Q17

Do you have any comments on these policy objectives (e.g. any suggested change to how they are framed? Is there anything missing?)

Promoting New Zealand's natural advantage for conducting space activities, research, and development expertise across the Maaori is included by having seats on the space value chain
Provided it is not space activities for the militarization of weapons and spying technologies.

Partnering Aotearoa New Zealand with the internationally global space sector to increase research and development capabilities for peace we agree too, provided it is not for the militarization of weapons and spying technologies.

Using cutting-edge space technology and space-sourced data to support New Zealand's values and interests Identifying opportunities to increase diversity in the space sector.

Q18

Are there any other policy objectives that you think would help the New Zealand government to promote the responsible uses of space internationally?

- Encouraging inclusive, sustainable space collaborations within New Zealand
 - Assessing the cumulative impact of space activities on the Earth environment
 - Assisting with solving sustainability challenges through space data, including to better monitor or understand the Earth's environment
 - Investing in New Zealand's capability to retain, grow, access, and use sustainable space technologies
-

Q19

Respondent skipped this question

Do you have any questions or comments about what these objectives would mean in practice?

Page 9: Protecting and advancing our national security and economic interests

Q20

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these policy objectives will help the New Zealand government to protect and advance our national security and economic interests?

Use space assets to protect and advance New Zealand's national security and economic interests

Neither agree nor disagree

Manage the broad range of security risks in space to protect New Zealand's space industry

Neither agree nor disagree

Collaborate with international space and security partners to pursue New Zealand's national security and economic interests

Neither agree nor disagree

Q21

Do you have any comments on these policy objectives (e.g. any suggested change to how they are framed? Is there anything missing?)

<https://www.legislation.govt.nz/act/public/1986/0124/latest/whole.html#DLM98028>

Q22

Respondent skipped this question

Are there any other policy objectives that you think would help the New Zealand government to protect and advance our national security and economic interests?

Q23

Respondent skipped this question

Do you have any questions or comments about what these objectives would mean in practice?

Page 10: Modelling sustainable space and Earth environments

Q24

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these policy objectives will help the New Zealand government to model sustainable space and Earth environments?

Encouraging inclusive, sustainable space collaborations within New Zealand

Disagree

Assessing the cumulative impact of space activities on the Earth environment

Neither agree nor disagree

Assisting with solving sustainability challenges through space data, including to better monitor or understand the Earth's environment

Neither agree nor disagree

Investing in New Zealand's capability to retain, grow, access and use sustainable space technologies

Disagree

Q25

Do you have any comments on these policy objectives (e.g. any suggested change to how they are framed? Is there anything missing?)

Maaori views about the broad range of social policies are variable and richly diverse, reflecting age, gender, region, and Uritanga. As a covenant birth from Chieftanship whakapapa our belief from the Treaty of Waitangi had a special significance that took it beyond other transactions. A commitment by our Chiefs, on behalf of their people, was a solemn act, confirmed by signatures that very often was a replica of a personal Moko tattoo. They are our Ti/uupuna ancestors, who remain tapu, possessed of infinite knowledge they are our Ariki.

The Treaties with all the connotations of chiefly authority prevalent at the time past, now future and conferring an inviolability, faith, and precedence assumed proportions much greater than legal, constitutional, or political considerations.

Our words as Uritanga Maaori Mokopuna remind the NZ Space Agency the binding and personal commitments which, like other covents, called for honour, even if circumstances changed.

Q26

Respondent skipped this question

Are there any other policy objectives that you think would help the New Zealand government to model sustainable space and Earth environments?

Q27

Respondent skipped this question

Do you have any questions or comments about what these objectives would mean in practice?

Page 11: Regulating to ensure space activities are safe and secure

Q28

To what extent do you agree or disagree that these policy objectives will help the New Zealand government to promote the responsible uses of space internationally?

Facilitating the safe and secure use of emerging space technologies from New Zealand **Strongly agree**

Clarifying what New Zealand space activities are inconsistent with the national interest **Strongly agree**

Promoting and protecting New Zealand's interests through permitting space technologies **Neither agree nor disagree**

Q29

Do you have any comments on these policy objectives (e.g. any suggested change to how they are framed? Is there anything missing?)

The greatest treasures regarded are children and the elderly, the former as guardians of the future, the latter as a link with the past. Adoption of a bicultural policy is recommended. The process is for the NZ Space Agency to go through a WAI process by including, in their strategies and structures, avenues through which Maaori participation in the Maaori community might be appropriately and usefully developed.

Q30

Respondent skipped this question

Are there any other policy objectives that you think would help the New Zealand government to ensure space activities are safe and secure?

Q31

Respondent skipped this question

Do you have any questions or comments about what these objectives would mean in practice?

Page 12: Regulating in line with our national interests

Q32

Are there any comments you would like to make about these criteria that inform consideration of the national interest?

Date 31/10/2022

Time 11.59am

Q33

Respondent skipped this question

What questions do you have about how the national interest is considered in practice?
