Consumer Protection Quarterly Report

January – March 2021/22







MINISTRY OF BUSINESS, INNOVATION & EMPLOYMENT HĪKINA WHAKATUTUKI

Te Kāwanatanga o Aotearoa New Zealand Government

ISSN: 2624-3547 (online) June 2022

©Crown Copyright 2020 The material contained in this report is subject to Crown copyright protection unless otherwise indicated. The Crown copyright protected material may be reproduced free of charge in any format or media without requiring specific permission. This is subject to the material being reproduced accurately and not being used in a derogatory manner or in a misleading context. Where the material is being published or issued to others, the source and copyright status should be acknowledged. The permission to reproduce Crown copyright protected material does not extend to any material in this report that is identified as being the copyright of a third party. Authorisation to reproduce such material should be obtained from the copyright holders.

Contents

Executive summary	2
Total enquiries	4
Breakdown by receiving organisation	4
Enquiries to MBIE Service Centre	5
Breakdown by sector	5
Changes since last quarter	6
Breakdown by issue	7
Changes since last quarter	7
Breakdown by purchase method	8
Changes since last quarter	8
Reporting by sector: Issue breakdown	9
Reporting by sector: Purchase method breakdown	11
Reporting by purchase method: Issue breakdown	12
Enquiries to Citizen's Advice Bureau	13
Breakdown by aggregated category	13
Changes since last quarter	14
Breakdown by detailed category	15
Changes since last quarter	16
About this report	17
The information	17
Making a consumer enquiry	17

Executive summary

This is Consumer Protection's quarter three (Q3) report covering data from 1 January – 31 March 2022. The report presents information on the issues that consumers contacted the MBIE service centre about, and any change from the previous quarter. Consumer enquiries reported to the Citizen's Advice Bureau (CAB) are also presented.

Key insights from this quarter

Enquiry volumes



CONSUMER ENQUIRIES WERE RECEIVED AN INCREASE OF 2% COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS QUARTER.

Top enquiry sectors/areas

MOTOR VEHICLES SALES	
ELECTRONIC GOODS AND MOBILE PHONES	
PERSONAL PRODUCTS	
CONSTRUCTION OR TRADE SERVICES	
COMMERCIAL GOODS AND SERVICES	

Notable changes

- Total enquiries to the MBIE service centre increased by 2% this quarter and are 5% higher than the same period last year
- There were a mix of enquiry increases and decreases this quarter, with the largest decrease in the number of enquiries for 'Non-Electrical household goods' (down 38), while 'Construction or Trade Services' (up 30), 'Motor vehicle Repairs' (up 30).
- The largest percentage decreases were 'Mobile Telecommunication Services' (down 92%).

The issues

- Enquiries most frequently relate to potential breaches of the Consumer Guarantees Act (CGA)
- Faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected is the most common issue, noted in 51% of enquiries like last quarter.
- Potential FTA breaches were most likely to be noted in enquiries related to 'Legal/ Accounting/Other Professional Services' 'Banking, credit, or finance', 'Entertainment' and 'Insurance' this quarter'.
- 'Poor quality or poor workmanship' was most likely to be noted in enquiries related to 'Construction or trade services' and 'Motor vehicle repairs'.

Purchase method

- The majority of enquiries to the MBIE service centre (80%) relate to purchases made through direct sales (either in person or over the phone)
- Online purchases made up 13% of enquiries, lower than the previous quarter (20%)
- Online was more frequently noted as a purchase method for 'Entertainment' and 'Accommodation or travel services' issues
- Finance or layby was more frequently noted as a purchase method for 'Motor vehicle sales'.

Total enquiries

Between 1 January and 31 March **8,300** consumer enquiries were received by the MBIE service centre and CAB. The number of enquiries is relatively consistent with the previous quarter.

Breakdown by receiving organisation

Figure 1 shows the number of enquiries received by each organisation in quarter 3. In quarter 3, 8,300 enquiries¹ were received; this is relatively consistent with the previous quarter where 8,137 enquiries were received (both these quarters include holiday close down periods).

Of the enquiries received this quarter 74% of them were through CAB. Compared to quarter 3 last year, enquiries to both the MBIE service centre and CAB are lower.





¹ The total number of enquiries to the MBIE service centre noted in this section is higher than that reported in the trend analyses in the rest of the report as it includes enquiries that were coded as a coronavirus query (n=5).

Enquiries to MBIE Service Centre

Between 1 January and 31 March the MBIE service centre received 2,146 enquires, a 2% increase on the previous quarter (2,109). Forty eight percent of all enquiries received related to motor vehicle sales, personal products, and electronic goods. There was a mix of increases and decreases across categories this quarter.

Breakdown by sector

Figure 2 shows the total number of enquiries received by the MBIE service centre in quafter 3 by the sector the enquiry relates to.

Figure 2: Enquiries by sector, Q3 2021/22FY



% OF TOTAL ENQUIRIES

Base: Total enquiries (n=2,141).

Note only categories receiving 50 or more enquiries are shown.

The next largest categories were electronic goods & mobile phones (16%), personal products (12%), construction or trade services (8%), and commercial goods and services (7%).

- The total number of enquiries to the MBIE service centre increased slightly this quarter (by 2%) from 2,109 to 2,146.
- The top-five sectors remain unchanged this quarter, although 'Construction or trade services' and 'Non-electrical household goods' swapped positions ('construction or trade services' moved to third from sixth).
- Sectors experienced a mix of increases and decreases this quarter.
- The largest increase in the number of enquiries was for 'Mobile telecommunication' (up 30) and 'Construction or Trade Services' (Up 30), 'Utility Services' (up 25), and 'Health Services' (up 23).
- The largest decrease in the number of enquiries was for 'Non-Electrical household goods' (down 38), 'Commercial goods and services' (down 18). Whereas 'Mobile telecommunication Services (92%), 'Insurance' (26%) experienced the largest percentage decreases.



Breakdown by issue

Enquiries were most likely to relate to potential breaches of the Consumer Guarantees Act (CGA). A product or service being faulty, damaged, or not working as expected was most frequently noted as the issue in enquiries received, making up 51% of all enquiries (figure 3). Just over a quarter of enquiries (26%) related to potential breaches of the Fair Trading Act, including issues of being provided with misleading information, unclear terms, hidden fees, or no intention to supply.

Figure 3: Enquiry by issue, Q3 2021/22FY



Base: Total enquiries (n=2,141). Note only issues receiving 50 or more enquiries are shown.

- No change to the top five issues this quarter.
- Most issues experienced decreases this quarter, with a few exceptions 'Fees and charges (hidden/unexpected)' (up 37), and 'Incorrect or misleading information' (up 10)
- The largest decreases were for 'Delay or non-delivery of products and services' (down 42), and 'Fees and Charges (hidden/unexpected)' (down 37).

Breakdown by purchase method

Consumer enquiries spanned all purchase channels², although the majority (70%) were made in person (including at a shop or calling the business directly).





Base: Total enquiries reporting purchase method (n=1245). Note only purchase methods receiving 20 or more enquiries are shown.

Issues with products/services bought online made up 10% of enquiries, those through business to business each made up 1%, and those through private sale (1%). Those made through finance agreement or layby made up 1% and those made through uninvited sales (meaning from telemarketers or door-to-door salespeople) made up 1%.

Changes since last quarter

• The proportion of enquiries relating to the different purchase methods remained relatively unchanged this quarter, other than a slight decrease in the proportion of issues with products/services made through online purchase (down from 12% to 10%).

² Note that purchase method is not available for all enquiries received. This information may not have been applicable or may not have been recorded.

Reporting by sector: Issue breakdown

Figure 5 shows issue breakdown by sector for enquiries received by the MBIE service centre in quarter 3.

ENQUIRIES IN THIS CATEGORY 79% Motor Vehicle Sales: 440 5% 6% <mark>1</mark>2 3 Electronic Goods & Mobile Phones: 375 4%13 7% 72% 2 5% 7% Motor Vehicle Repairs: 123 21 0 7% Non-Electrical Household Goods: 128 59% 4% 13% Commercial Goods and Services: 155 10% 45% 8% 8% 4 8% Personal Products: 277 38% 7% 6% 2 5% 17% 9% Construction or Trade Services: 192 37% 16% 4% 5% 10% 9% 1 Recreation or Leisure Activities: 29 21% 17% 0 7% 14% Food & Drink: 44 18% 18% 18% 16% 3 18% Health Services: 53 25% 26% 2 15% Utility Services: 37 6% 3 16% 22% Accommodation or Travel Services: 58 9% 7% 16% 17% 24% 5% 17% 3 2 Banking, Credit or Finance: 54 33% 13% 7% 2 100% 0% Faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected 📕 Incorrect or misleading information 📕 Fees and charges (hidden/unexpected) Unclear Terms and Conditions Delay or non-delivery of product/service Cost of a product/service Change of mind Poor quality or poor workmanship Other^

Figure 5: Issue breakdown by sector, Q3 2021/22FY

Base: Total enquiries reporting reason for problem (n=2,145)

Note only categories receiving 50 or more enquiries are shown

^Only issues that made up more than 4% of enquiries are shown, all others are included in the 'other' category.

Issues of **'faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected'** were more likely in the following sectors:

- Motor vehicle sales, 749%
- Electronic goods & mobile phones, 72%
- Motor vehicle repairs, 71%.

Issues related to potential **FTA breaches** (misleading information, unclear terms, hidden fees, or no intention to supply) were more likely in the following sectors:

- Legal/Accounting/other professional services, 73%
- Banking, Credit or Finance, 63%
- Entertainment, 61%.

Issues of **'poor quality or poor workmanship'** were more likely in the following sectors:

- Construction or trade services, 10%
- Motor vehicle repairs, 10%.
- Legal/Accounting/Other Professional Services, 9%.



Reporting by sector: Purchase method breakdown

Figure 6 shows purchase method breakdown by sector for enquiries received by the MBIE service centre in quarter 3.

ENOUIRIES IN THIS CATEGORY 70% 19% Total: 1,243 90% Motor Vehicle Repairs: 82 Non-Electronical 16% Household Goods: 77 Construction or 89% 8% Trade Services: 85 Motor Vehicle Sales: 277 84% 8% Electronics Goods & 88% 10% Mobile Phones: 250 Personal Products: 178 25% Accommodation or 54% Travel Services: 35 **Commercial Goods** 75% 9% 0 and Services: 65 100% 0% Direct with business Online Private sale Business to business Finance or layby Other^

Figure 6: Purchase method breakdown by sector, Q3 2021/22FY

Base: Total enquiries reporting purchase method (n=1,243).

Note only categories receiving 50 or more enquiries are shown.

^All other purchase methods that received fewer than 50 enquiries are included in the 'other' category.

- Most enquiries across sectors were purchased 'direct with business', with the exception of 'Accommodation or travel services' enquiries where 'online' made up 54% of enquiries compared to 46% for 'direct with business'.
- Online was more frequently noted as a purchase method for 'Accommodation or travel services' and 'personal products' issues.
- Private sale was more frequently noted as a purchase method for 'Motor vehicle sales' issues.

Reporting by purchase method: Issue breakdown

Figure 7 shows issue breakdown by purchase method for enquiries received by the MBIE service centre in quarter 3.

- 'Faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected' is the most common issue for purchases across all methods.
- Business to business and online purchases are more likely than other purchase methods to note experiencing issues of 'Fees and charges (hidden/unexpected) and 'Unclear terms and conditions'.
- Purchases made online have a much broader spread of issues than direct sales, with 'Delay or non-delivery', and 'Incorrect or misleading information', being common issues (after 'Faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected'). The proportion of online purchases noting 'Faulty, damaged, doesn't work as expected' increased from 35% last quarter to 40%, and 'Incorrect or misleading information' decreased from 13% in the last quarter to 6% this quarter.

Figure 7: Issue breakdown by purchase method, Q3 2021/22FY



ENQUIRIES IN THIS CATEGORY

Base: Total enquiries reporting purchase method (n=1243).

Note only purchase methods receiving 50 or more enquiries are shown.

^Only issues that had 50 or more enquiries are shown, all others are included in the 'other' category.

Enquiries to Citizen's Advice Bureau

Between 1 January and 31 March CAB received 6,154 consumer enquiries that were given 6,853 categorizations. Categorizations were almost similar to the previous quarter (n=6,971). Sixty-eight percent of all assigned enquiry categories related to vehicles, insurance, and hiring.

Breakdown by aggregated category

There are 53 categories that consumer enquiries to CAB can be assigned, more than one category can be assigned to each consumer enquiry. These are then aggregated into ten different categories. 'Consumer law' was the category assigned to the highest number of enquiries in quarter 3 (assigned 2,448 times), making up 36% of all categorisations (figure 8). The next largest were 'Vehicles' (21%), 'Goods and services' (11%), and 'Budgeting and general financial difficulties' (9%).





Base: Total categorisations (n=6,853).

- The total number of categorisations were almost similar to the previous quarter.
- The 'Hiring' aggregated category experienced a 19% increase in the number of categorisations, followed by 'Budgeting and General Financial Difficulties' which increased by 9%.
- Nearly all other aggregated categories experienced decreases this quarter "Goods and Services' experienced a 21% decrease.



Breakdown by detailed category

Figure 9 shows the detailed categories that consumer enquiries were assigned to in quarter 3. Enquiries categorised as 'Consumer Guarantees Act including complaints about goods and services' made up 31% of all enquiry categorisations (n=2,118), 'Motor vehicle disputes' 11% (n=755), and 'Buying and selling vehicles' 8% (n=529).







Base: Total categorisations (n=6,853).

Note only categories of 50 or more are shown.

- There were minimal changes across most detailed categories this quarter.
- 'Consumer Guarantees Act including complaints about goods and services' experienced the largest increase in the number of categorisations (up 143), followed by 'Loans and cash loans' (up 82), and 'Gas' (up 38).
- 'Services (not complaints)' experienced the largest decrease in the number of categorisations, down 96.



About this report

The purpose of this report is to provide the Consumer Protection Team, our Internal Consumer Fora partners, the Consumer Market Intel group, and other key stakeholders with information on the issues currently affecting consumers, and where possible how these have changed over time.

The information

This report pulls together information collected or supplied to the Consumer Protection Team from the MBIE service centre and Citizen's Advice Bureau (CAB) enquiries received. Readers should note that this data only reflects what consumers have chosen to enquire about.

Reporting quarters are based on the financial year 1 July to 30 June.

When an individual or organisation contacts the MBIE service centre or CAB they choose how much information they feel comfortable providing. Based on the information provided advisors assign a code(s) to the enquiry and this is captured within the responding organisations CRM system.

Each month data received by the MBIE service centre is extracted and supplied to the Consumer Protection team for detailed analysis of consumer enquiries. All enquiries coded 'hang up' and 'wrong number' are removed from the dataset. Data from the CAB is used as received.

Making a consumer enquiry

Anyone can make a consumer enquiry to the MBIE service centre, from members of the public to ³business and lawyers. Enquiries can be received by telephone or email.

Enquiries to CAB can also be made by anyone and these can be made in person, by telephone or by email.

³ Client enquiries to CAB can be assigned to more than one category so total client enquiries do not equal category total.

Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment 0508 426 678 (0508 4 CONSUMER) cpinfo@mbie.govt.nz www.consumerprotection.govt.nz PO Box 1473, Wellington 6140

Disclaimer: This document is a guide only. It should not be used as a substitute for legislation or legal advice. The Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment is not responsible for the results of any actions taken on the basis of information in this document, or for any errors or omissions.





MINISTRY OF BUSINESS, INNOVATION & EMPLOYMENT HĪKINA WHAKATUTUKI

Te Kāwanatanga o Aotearoa New Zealand Government

CP <u>8351</u>